

RESULTS
OF THE
MAGNETICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL
OBSERVATIONS

MADE AT
THE ROYAL OBSERVATORY, GREENWICH,

IN THE YEAR

1913

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
F. W. DYSON, M.A., LL.D., F.R.S.,
ASTRONOMER ROYAL.

PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF ADMIRALTY, IN OBEDIENCE TO
HIS MAJESTY'S COMMAND.



EDINBURGH:
PRINTED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
By NEILL & CO., LIMITED, BELLEVUE.

1914.

[*Crown Copyright Reserved.*]

INDEX.

INTRODUCTION.	PAGE
PERSONAL ESTABLISHMENT AND ARRANGEMENTS	E i
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE BUILDINGS AND INSTRUMENTS	E i
SUBJECTS OF OBSERVATION	E iii
MAGNETIC INSTRUMENTS—	
DECLINATION MAGNET FOR ABSOLUTE DETERMINATIONS	E iii
DIP INSTRUMENT	E iv
ABSOLUTE HORIZONTAL FORCE INSTRUMENT	E iv
DECLINATION VARIOMETER	E vii
HORIZONTAL FORCE VARIOMETER	E viii
VERTICAL FORCE VARIOMETER	E viii
MAGNETIC REDUCTIONS	E x
TABLE OF MAGNETIC ELEMENTS DETERMINED AT GREENWICH FROM 1841	E xiv
METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTS—	
STANDARD BAROMETER	E xv
PHOTOGRAPHIC BAROMETER	E xv
DRY AND WET BULB THERMOMETERS	E xvi
PHOTOGRAPHIC DRY AND WET BULB THERMOMETERS	E xvi
RADIATION THERMOMETERS	E xvii
EARTH THERMOMETERS	E xvii
OSLER'S ANEMOMETER	E xviii
ROBINSON'S ANEMOMETER	E xviii
RAIN-GAUGES	E xix
ELECTROMETER	E xx
SUNSHINE RECORDER	E xx
METEOROLOGICAL REDUCTIONS	E xxi

I N D E X.

RESULTS OF MAGNETICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS IN TABULAR
ARRANGEMENT :—

	PAGE
RESULTS OF MAGNETICAL OBSERVATIONS	E 1
TABLE I.—Mean Magnetic Declination West for each Civil Day	E 2
TABLE II.—Monthly and Annual Mean Diurnal Inequalities of Magnetic Declination West	E 2
TABLE III.—Diurnal Range of Declination on each Civil Day, as deduced from the Twenty-four Hourly Measures of Ordinates of the Photographic Register	E 3
TABLE IV.—Monthly and Annual Mean Diurnal Inequalities of Magnetic Declination West from Hourly Ordinates, on Five Selected Days, in each Month	E 3
TABLE V.—Mean Horizontal Magnetic Force for each Civil Day	E 4
TABLE VI.—Monthly and Annual Mean Diurnal Inequalities of Horizontal Magnetic Force	E 4
TABLE VII.—Diurnal Range of Horizontal Magnetic Force on each Civil Day, as deduced from the Twenty-four Hourly Measures of Ordinates of the Photographic Register	E 5
TABLE VIII.—Monthly and Annual Mean Diurnal Inequalities of Horizontal Magnetic Force from Hourly Ordinates, on Five Selected Days, in each Month	E 5
TABLE IX.—Mean Vertical Magnetic Force for each Civil Day	E 6
TABLE X.—Monthly and Annual Mean Diurnal Inequalities of Vertical Magnetic Force	E 6
TABLE XI.—Diurnal Range of Vertical Magnetic Force on each Civil Day, as deduced from the Twenty-four Hourly Measures of Ordinates of the Photographic Register	E 7
TABLE XII.—Monthly and Annual Mean Diurnal Inequalities of Vertical Magnetic Force from Hourly Ordinates, on Five Selected Days, in each Month	E 7
TABLE XIII.—Mean Temperature for each Civil Day within the box inclosing the Horizontal Force Magnet	E 8
TABLE XIV.—Monthly and Annual Mean Temperature at each Hour of the Day within the box inclosing the Horizontal Force Magnet	E 8
TABLE XV.—Mean Temperature for each Civil Day within the box inclosing the Vertical Force Magnet	E 9
TABLE XVI.—Monthly and Annual Mean Temperature at each Hour of the Day within the box inclosing the Vertical Force Magnet	E 9
TABLE XVII.—Values of the Coefficients in the Periodical Expression— $V_t = m + a_1 \cos t + b_1 \sin t + a_2 \cos 2t + b_2 \sin 2t + \&c.$ for the Magnetic Diurnal Inequalities	E 10
TABLE XVIII.—Values of the Coefficients and Constant Angles in the Periodical Expressions— $V_t = m + c_1 \sin (t + \alpha) + c_2 \sin (2t + \beta) + \&c.$ $V_v = m + c_1 \sin (t' + \alpha') + c_2 \sin (2t' + \beta') + \&c.$ for the Magnetic Diurnal Inequalities	E 11
TABLE XIX.—Determinations of the Absolute Value of Horizontal Magnetic Force	E 12
TABLE XX.— " " " " " " "	E 13
TABLE XXI.—Results of Observations of Magnetic Dip	E 14

I N D E X.

RESULTS OF MAGNETICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS— <i>continued.</i>	PAGE
TABLE XXII.—Monthly and Annual Means of Magnetic Dip	E 15
TABLE XXIII.—Annual Summary of the Magnetic Elements	E 15
MAGNETIC DISTURBANCES	E 16
Explanation of the Plates of Magnetic Disturbances	E 16
PLATES I.—II., photo-lithographed from tracings of the Photographic Registers of Magnetic Disturbances.	
PLATE III., photo-lithographed from tracings of the Photographic Registers of Magnetic Movements, as types of the Diurnal Variations, at four seasons of the year.	
Brief description of Magnetic Movements (superposed on the ordinary diurnal movement) exceeding 3' in Declination, 20 γ in Horizontal Force, or 12 γ in Vertical Force, taken from the Photographic Register	E 18
RESULTS OF METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS	E 25
Daily Results of the Meteorological Observations	E 26
Highest and Lowest Readings of the Barometer	E 50
Highest and Lowest Readings of the Barometer for each Month	E 50
Monthly Results of Meteorological Elements	E 51
Monthly Mean Reading of the Barometer at every Hour of the Day	E 52
Monthly Mean Temperature of the Air at every Hour of the Day	E 52
Monthly Mean Temperature of Evaporation at every Hour of the Day	E 53
Monthly Mean Temperature of the Dew-Point at every Hour of the Day	E 53
Monthly Mean Degree of Humidity at every Hour of the Day	E 54
Total Amount of Sunshine registered in each Hour of the Day in each Month	E 54
Readings of Thermometers on the ordinary stand in the Magnetic Pavilion Enclosure	E 55
Excess of Readings in Stevenson Screen above those in ordinary stand	E 58
Amount of Rain collected in each Month by the different gauges	E 58
Mean Hourly Measures of the Horizontal Movement of the Air in each Month, and Greatest and Least Hourly Measures as derived from the Records of Robinson's Anemometer	E 59
Mean Electrical Potential of the Atmosphere, from Thomson's Electrometer, for each Civil Day	E 60
Monthly Mean Electrical Potential of the Atmosphere, from Thomson's Electrometer, at every Hour of the Day	E 61
Monthly Mean Electrical Potential of the Atmosphere, from Thomson's Electrometer, on Rainy Days, at every Hour of the Day	E 62
Monthly Mean Electrical Potential of the Atmosphere, from Thomson's Electrometer, on Non-Rainy Days, at every Hour of the Day	E 63
OBSERVATIONS OF LUMINOUS METEORS	E 65

GREENWICH MAGNETICAL AND METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS, 1913.

INTRODUCTION.

In the present volume a sufficient account is given of the instruments and methods of reduction now in use. Fuller information, principally of a historical nature, may be found in the Introductions to the volumes for 1909 and previous years.

§ 1. *Personal Establishment and Arrangements.*

During the year 1913 the personal establishment in the Magnetical and Meteorological Department of the Royal Observatory consisted of Walter William Bryant, Superintendent, aided by one Junior Assistant, David J. R. Edney, and five Computers. The Computers employed during the year were:—William H. Timbury, Sydney T. Divers, Frederick Brown, Harold George Showell, and Harry Joseph Mitchell.

Mr. Bryant controls and superintends the whole of the work of the Department. The routine magnetical and meteorological observations are in general made by the Computers.

§ 2. *General Description of the Buildings and Instruments of the Magnetical and Meteorological Observatory.*

The buildings and instruments remained substantially unchanged throughout the year 1913. For a detailed historical account of them, reference should be made to the Introductions to earlier volumes of these observations.

The instruments for photographic registration of changes in the atmospheric pressure, magnetic declination, and horizontal and vertical magnetic force, are situated in an underground chamber (known as the Magnet Basement); this chamber is kept at a nearly uniform temperature by means of gas stoves. The small variations of temperature are recorded on a Richard thermograph. In the same room there are two mean solar clocks, one being of peculiar construction in order to interrupt the photographic traces at each hour. All these instruments are mounted on or suspended from supports carried by piers built from the ground.

In a wooden building (called the Magnet House) above this chamber are placed the standard barometer, and a Thomson electrometer for photographic registration of the variations of atmospheric electricity. A platform erected above the roof of the Magnet House is used for the observation of meteors; and a nephoscope is mounted there for occasional observations. On the same platform there is a rain-gauge, at a height of 20 feet above the ground.

Near the Magnet House, on what is known as the Magnet Ground, are the earth thermometers, the photographic dry and wet-bulb thermometer apparatus, a rain-gauge, and a set of dry-bulb, wet-bulb, and maximum and minimum thermometers in a Stevenson screen.

The Magnet House is built of non-magnetic material, but during the years 1891–1898 considerable masses of iron were introduced into its neighbourhood by the building of certain additions to the Observatory. Hence the instruments which were formerly placed in the Magnet House, for absolute determinations of magnetic declination, dip, and horizontal force, were transferred to the Magnetic Pavilion. This building is constructed of non-magnetic materials, and stands in an enclosure in Greenwich Park, 350 yards to the east of the Observatory, on a site carefully chosen for its freedom from abnormal magnetic conditions. In the enclosure there are two sets of thermometers used for ordinary eye observations, the thermometers for solar and terrestrial radiation, and two rain-gauges.

The anemometers, three rain-gauges, and the sunshine recorder are fixed above the roof of the Octagon Room (the ancient part of the Observatory).

During 1913 a new Magnetograph House has been under construction in the Magnetic Enclosure, having its centre 50 feet North-West of that of the Magnetic Pavilion. This building is to replace the present Magnet House, which is old and in need of renewal. The construction of modern magnetographs with which the new building will be equipped has also been in progress.

§ 3. *Subjects of Observation in the year 1913.*

The observations comprise determinations of absolute magnetic declination, horizontal force, and dip; continuous photographic record of the variations of declination, horizontal force, and vertical force; eye observations of the ordinary meteorological instruments, including the barometer, dry and wet-bulb thermometers, radiation and earth thermometers; continuous photographic record of the variations of the barometer, dry and wet-bulb thermometers, and electrometer (for atmospheric electricity); continuous automatic record of the direction, pressure, and velocity of the wind, and of the amount of rain; registration of the duration of sunshine; observations of some of the principal meteor showers; general record of ordinary atmospheric changes of weather, including numerical estimation of the amount of cloud, special cloud observations in connection with the International Balloon ascents, and occasional phenomena.

Since 1885, Greenwich civil time, reckoning from midnight to midnight, and counting from 0 to 24 hours, has been employed throughout the magnetical and meteorological sections.

§ 4. *Magnetic Instruments.*

DECLINATION MAGNET FOR ABSOLUTE DETERMINATIONS.—Since 1899 January 1, regular observations of declination have been made in the Magnetic Pavilion. The hollow cylindrical magnet Elliot No. 75 is used in conjunction with a telescope by Troughton and Simms, placed on a pier about 2 feet south of the magnet. The magnet is about 4 inches long, and at one end is an engraved glass scale for collimation. The telescope is 21 inches long, and the aperture of its object-glass is 2 inches; its horizontal circle is 16·6 inches in diameter, divided to 5' and read by verniers to 5". It has no vertical circle. The eye-piece has one fixed horizontal wire and one vertical wire, moved by a micrometer screw, the value of one revolution of which is 1' 34"·2. The adopted collimation reading was 100^r·280 until November 15, when it became necessary to insert a new wire, for which the adopted reading was 100^r·300.

The vertical axis of the telescope is adjusted by means of a fixed level, one division of which corresponds to 1"·15. The level correction for inequality of the pivots of the axis of the telescope was found in 1898 to be $-6^{\text{div}}\cdot 0$ or $-6''\cdot 9$.

During 1913 experiments have been in progress with a view to the substitution of some other form of suspension of the magnet for the silk fibres previously used. In order to eliminate the difficulties arising from the variable torsion of the silk, quartz fibres were first tried, but their torsion was too great in proportion to their tensile

strength. Successful results have been obtained, however, with tungsten wire of 0·02 mm. diameter; with a fibre about 9 inches in length, the effect of 90° of torsion is to turn the magnet through 4'. The torsion is found to change little or not at all.

Since 1913 September 2, tungsten wire has been adopted for the magnet suspension. The torsion is determined monthly; usually its effect is quite negligible, but a correction on this account is made when necessary. The change in the method of suspending the magnet has made it possible to reduce the number of observations of its collimation error from one each week to one per month. This is done by observing the position of the magnet in its usual position with the scale direct, then with the scale reversed (by turning the magnet through 180° in its carrier, about the longitudinal axis), and again direct. In the reduction of the observations of declination the determinations of collimation error and azimuth zero reading are combined into half-yearly means.

The reading of the azimuth circle corresponding to the astronomical meridian is determined by observations of Polaris, taken once a week whenever practicable.

Declination observations have been made thrice weekly since the tungsten suspension was mounted.

DIP INSTRUMENT.—The standard dip instrument in use during 1913 was the Airy dip circle, described in detail in the 1912 volume. Dip observations were made twelve times in each calendar month, at approximately equal intervals. Two needles, D_1 and D_2 , were used, which gave results differing systematically by about 2'. The mean of the results from the two needles has been adopted.

The annual values of dip given in the volumes previous to 1910 have been corrected in succeeding volumes on account of non-coincidence of the mass centre of the needle with the pivots (see p. E v, 1912).

The dip inductor and galvanometer which was obtained in 1912 from the Cambridge Scientific Instrument Company has been used experimentally during 1913, but was not finally adopted as the standard dip instrument till the beginning of 1914.

ABSOLUTE HORIZONTAL FORCE INSTRUMENT.—This instrument is of the Kew pattern, and rests on a slate slab in the Magnetic Pavilion.

The deflected magnet, used only to ascertain the ratio which the magnetic force due to the deflecting magnet at a given distance bears to the horizontal component

of the terrestrial magnetic field is 3 inches long, and carries a small plane mirror, to which is directed a telescope fixed to, and rotating with, the frame that carries also the suspension piece of the deflected magnet: a scale fixed to the telescope is seen by reflexion at the plane mirror. The deflecting magnet is a hollow cylinder 4 inches long, containing in its internal tube a collimator, by means of which in another apparatus its time of vibration is observed. In observations of deflection the deflecting magnet is placed on the transverse deflection rod, carried by the rotating frame, at the distances 1.0 foot and 1.3 foot of the engraved scale from the deflected magnet, and with one end towards the deflected magnet. Observations are made at the two distances mentioned, with the deflecting magnet both east and west of the deflected magnet, and also with its poles in reversed positions. The fixed horizontal circle is 10 inches in diameter: it is graduated to 10', and read by two verniers to 10".

The instrumental constants, determined at Kew before the establishment of the instrument at Greenwich, and communicated by the late Professor Balfour Stewart, are as follow:—

The increase in the magnetic moment of the deflecting magnet produced by the inductive action of unit magnetic force in the English system of absolute measurement = $\mu = 0.00015587$.

The correction for decrease of the magnetic moment of the deflecting magnet required in order to reduce to the temperature 35° Fahrenheit = $c = 0.00013126 (t - 35) + 0.000000259 (t - 35)^2$; t representing the temperature (in degrees Fahrenheit) at which the observation is made.

The distance on the deflection rod from 1^{ft}.0 east to 1^{ft}.0 west of the engraved scale, at temperature 62°, is too long by 0.0034 inch, and the distance from 1^{ft}.3 east to 1^{ft}.3 west is too long by 0.0053 inch. The coefficient of expansion of the scale for 1° is .00001.

These distances have since been verified at the National Physical Laboratory in June 1914, the new measures agreeing completely with the former values.

The value of the moment of inertia (K), which was originally communicated and which has been used in the reductions up to and including the present volume, is given by $\log K = 0.66643$ at temperature 30°, and 0.66679 at temperature 90°. During 1913 a monthly determination of the moment of inertia has been made by taking observations of the time of vibration of the magnet with and without a brass inertia bar, of known dimensions, attached to it. These observations indicated that the adopted value of K hitherto used was too small, thus agreeing with a former

determination made in 1878 (but never used), which gave $\log K$ at temperature 30° as 0.66727. It was found, however, that these observations were liable to be affected by a change of torsion of the silk, owing to the extra weight, and a new series was begun (in 1914 May), using a tungsten suspension, which is not subject to this drawback. The later observations being much more accurate than the earlier set, the latter were rejected. On p. E xiv corrected mean annual absolute values of horizontal force are given instead of those previously published; the correction amounts approximately to multiplication by a factor 1.0010 (the values of the magnetic moment of the magnet also require the same correction factor), or to an increase of 18γ in the horizontal force.

The following details of the computation may be mentioned: m will denote the magnetic moment of the deflecting or vibrating magnet, H the horizontal components of the Earth's magnetic force, u_1 and u_2 the observed angles of deflection at the distances r_1 and r_2 (approximately 1.0 and 1.3 foot) corrected for scale error and temperature. Let

$$A_1 = \frac{1}{2} r_1^3 \sin u_1 \left(1 + \frac{2\mu}{r_1^3} + c \right) \quad A_2 = \frac{1}{2} r_2^3 \sin u_2 \left(1 + \frac{2\mu}{r_2^3} + c \right).$$

The first "distribution co-efficient" P , which is alone used in the reduction, is equal to

$$(A_1 - A_2) \left/ \left(\frac{A_1}{r_1^2} - \frac{A_2}{r_2^2} \right) \right.,$$

but, for convenience in logarithmic computation, the sufficiently approximate formula

$$P = \frac{\text{Log. } A_1 - \text{Log. } A_2}{\text{modulus}} \cdot \frac{r_1^2, r_2^2}{r_2^2 - r_1^2} = (\text{Log. } A_1 - \text{Log. } A_2) \times 5.64$$

has been used instead, since 1877. The annual mean value of P is adopted for the reductions during the corresponding year, and substituted in the expressions $A_1 \left(1 - \frac{P}{r_1^2} \right)$ and $A_2 \left(1 - \frac{P}{r_2^2} \right)$, the mean of which is adopted as the true value of m/H .

In the vibration observation, T_1 the observed vibration time, corrected for chronometer rate and arc of vibration, is further corrected for temperature, induction, and torsion by the formula

$$T^2 = T_1^2 \left(1 + \frac{H}{F} + \mu \frac{H}{m} - c \right)$$

where H/F , the ratio of the torsion couple to the magnetic couple, is equal to $\theta/(90^\circ - \theta)$ where θ is the angle through which the magnet is deflected by a twist of 90° in the suspension wire. T_1 or T is obtained from the mean of 100 vibrations observed immediately before, and of another 100 vibrations observed immediately after, the

deflection observations. Since 1913 October 31, the accuracy of the determination of T_1 has been increased by making five observations of 100 vibrations (105 in all being used) before and after the deflection observation. The product mH is given by $\pi^2 K/T^2$.

From the values of mH and m/H thus calculated, m and H are deduced. The actual computation is performed, as heretofore, in British (foot-grain-second) units, after which the derived value of H is reduced to C.G.S. units, as given in the tables.

Observations of the absolute horizontal magnetic force are made weekly. Before 1912 February they were made twice monthly. Observations of the moment of inertia of the deflecting magnet are made monthly.

DECLINATION VARIOMETER.—The magnet used in this instrument is 2 feet long, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide, and $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick. It is suspended by a skein of silk, consisting of a bundle of fine threads bound together at intervals of 6 or 7 inches: the skein is about 12 feet long, 6 feet of which is vertical. The magnet is taken from its carrier at the beginning of each year, in order to remove any torsion which may have accumulated; this is done by stretching the skein under the weight of a brass torsion rod for a few hours, adjusting the torsion circle till the bar rests in the magnetic meridian. The magnet is enclosed in a double wooden box, and is encircled by a copper damper to reduce accidental vibrations.

The drum for photographic registration revolves normally in 26 hours; by a change-speed device the rate of rotation can be increased twelvefold when required. The photographic sheets are changed daily at 11 a.m. Gas-light illumination is used. On each sheet a reference line is photographed by a fixed spot of light. The traces are interrupted automatically for 4 minutes at every hour, to afford a time scale. By another shutter the observer occasionally cuts off the light for a few minutes, noting the time; this facilitates the numeration of the hourly breaks. The length of 24 hours on the sheet is about 13·3 inches.

The distance between the concave speculum mirror carried by the magnet, and the surface of the cylinder, is 134·4 inches. Since a movement of the mirror through 1° produces 2° of motion in the reflected ray, a change of 1° in declination corresponds to 119·15 mm. [$0'5$ of arc per mm.] on the photographic paper. A card-board strip, graduated on this scale to degrees and minutes, is prepared for reading from the sheets.

The base line value for this magnet is adopted monthly from the absolute declination observations made in the Magnetic Pavilion.

HORIZONTAL FORCE VARIOMETER.—The magnet used in this instrument is 2 feet long, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches broad, and about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch thick; it is enclosed in a double wooden box. The bifilar suspension consists of a silk skein passing under two small pulleys, which are attached to a vernier piece used in connection with a torsion circle on the frame which holds the magnet. The effective length of each branch of the skein is about $7^{\text{ft}}\ 6^{\text{in}}$; the distances between the branches at the upper and lower ends are respectively $1^{\text{in}}\cdot14$ and $0^{\text{in}}\cdot80$. The present skein was mounted in 1909 December.

The torsion circle is fixed relative to the magnet, while the vernier is movable; the circle is divided to half degrees, and read by vernier to 1'. The torsion is adjusted so as to make the magnet hang approximately transverse to the magnetic meridian, the north magnetic pole being west. Accidental vibrations of the magnet are reduced by a copper damper.

The changes of horizontal force are registered photographically on the cylinder already described in connection with the declination variometer; the same reference line is used for each trace, and the arrangements for interruption of the traces are similar.

The method of determining the scale value of the records of this instrument is described in the Introduction, pp. E ix and x, for 1912. The scale value determinations are made annually on the first convenient day in the new year, and the mean value from two successive observations is adopted for the intervening year. The adopted scale value for the year 1913 is $2\cdot95\ \gamma$ per mm.

The temperature in the magnet basement is subject to slow changes during the course of a year, and the horizontal force records require correction on this account. The correction is applied to the mean daily and the monthly mean hourly values, using the mean daily and monthly mean hourly values of the temperature as recorded on a Richard thermograph, corrected by comparison with reading of a thermometer with its bulb projecting into the magnet box itself.

The adopted temperature correction (determined in 1885 and 1886) is $-4\cdot26\ \gamma$ per 1° rise in temperature, at 65° Fahrenheit; this correction increases or diminishes numerically by $0\cdot37\ \gamma$ per degree, with each rise or fall in temperature of 5° .

VERTICAL FORCE VARIOMETER.—The magnet used in this instrument is $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet long, and lozenge-shaped, being broad at the centre and pointed at the ends. The steel knife-edge, which is 8 inches long, and passes through an aperture in the magnet, rests on two agate planes. The magnet is placed unsymmetrically on the knife edge,

being nearer to its southern end. The axis of vibration was originally in the magnetic meridian, but is now a few degrees distant, on account of the secular change of declination.

Two steel screw stalks, carrying adjustable screw weights, are attached to the magnet, one being vertical in order to vary the sensitiveness, the other horizontal in order to adjust the balance of the magnet, which should rest in a nearly horizontal position. Formerly a copper damper encircled the magnet, but, as it was found to be unnecessary, it has not been used since 1902. The magnet and supporting frame are enclosed in a wooden box with suitable glass-covered apertures. The temperature within the box is indicated by a thermometer, the bulb of which projects well into the interior of the box.

The photographic arrangements are generally similar to those already described in connection with the declination and horizontal force variometers. The cylinder carrying the photographic sheet is in this case vertical, and also receives the record of the variations of barometric pressure. The time scale is the same as for the other magnetic registers.

The scale coefficient of the instrument is determined by the method of vibrations. When the magnet is approximately horizontal, and transverse to the magnetic meridian, the variation of the vertical force, in terms of the whole vertical force, which will produce a small angular motion θ (measured in radians) = $\cotan \text{ dip} \times \left(\frac{T^1}{T}\right)^2 \times \theta$; T and T^1 are the times of vibration of the magnet in the vertical and horizontal planes respectively.

Observations of T are made once a week by means of the telescope and scale provided for eye readings of the position of the magnet. The mean of 53 observations made during the year gives the value $18^s.785$.

The time of vibration in the horizontal plane (T^1) is determined once every three years, as the observation requires the removal of the magnet from its box. The magnet, with all its attached parts, is suspended from a tripod, with its broad side horizontal. The arc of vibration is kept small. Observations on 1912 January 1 gave for the time of vibration in the horizontal plane $16^s.484$. This value has been adopted for the year 1913.

Since the distance between the concave mirror of the magnet and the surface of the cylinder is 100.2 inches, the length on the cylinder, in inches, which corresponds to a

change of 0.01 part of the whole vertical force = $2 \times 100.2 \times \tan \text{dip} \times \left(\frac{T}{T_1}\right)^2 \times 0.01$. Taking $T = 18^{\circ}.785$, $T_1 = 16^{\circ}.484$, and $\text{dip} = 66^{\circ} 50' 27''$, this length is found to be 6.084 inches. The cardboard scale, which is used for measuring the curves for the year, is constructed with this as unit.

The temperature corrections for this magnet are applied in a manner similar to that described for the horizontal force variometer. The correction (which is constant over the normal temperature range) is -9.20γ per 1° Fahrenheit.

§ 5. *Magnetic Reductions.*

The results given in the Magnetic Section refer to the civil day, commencing at midnight.

Before the photographic records of magnetic declination, horizontal force, and vertical force are discussed, they are divided into two groups—one including all days on which the traces show no particular disturbance, and which, therefore, are suitable for the determination of diurnal inequality; the other comprising days of unusual and violent disturbance, when the traces are so irregular that it appears impossible to treat them except by the exhibition of every motion of each magnet through the day. Following the principle of separation hitherto adopted, there are no days in the year 1913 which are classed as days of great disturbance. Days of lesser disturbance are January 3, March 14, April 9–10, June 1–2. When two days are mentioned, it is to be understood that the reference is usually to one set of photographic sheets extending from noon to noon, and including the last half and the first half respectively of two consecutive civil days.

Through each photographic trace, including those on days of lesser disturbance, a pencil line was drawn, representing the general form of the curve without its petty irregularities. The ordinates of these pencil curves were then measured, with the proper pasteboard scales, at every hour; and from the tables of these measures, for each calendar month, are obtained the mean monthly values for each hour of the day, and the mean daily value of the element for each day of the month. The daily mean is taken from the 24 ordinates 0^{h} to 23^{h} . Tables I. to IV. contain the results for declination, Tables V. to VIII. those for horizontal force, and Tables IX. to XII. those for vertical force. For each element the mean daily value and daily range are given for every day of the year (except January 1), together with the monthly and annual mean diurnal inequalities for all days and for quiet days (as selected by the International Committee). In the formation of diurnal inequalities it is unimportant

whether a day omitted be a complete civil day, or the parts of two successive civil days making together a whole day, although in the latter case the results are not available for daily values. No days were omitted on account of great disturbance in the formation of these Tables.

By means of two stoves placed in the Basement, the temperature has been kept nearly constant throughout the year, the endeavour being to keep it as near to 67° as possible. The results in Tables V. to XII. are corrected for temperature, the corrections applied (which are mentioned in the description of each instrument) being founded on the daily and hourly values of temperature given in Tables XIII. to XVI., as mentioned on p. E viii.

The variations of declination are given in arc and those of horizontal and vertical force in C.G.S. measure.

The magnetic diurnal inequalities of declination, horizontal force, and vertical force, for each month and for the year, as given in Tables II., VI., and X., have been treated by the method of harmonic analysis, and the results are given in Tables XVII. and XVIII.

The results of the observations for Absolute Measure of Horizontal Force contained in Tables XIX. and XX. require no special remark, the method of reduction and all necessary explanation having been given with the description of the instrument employed. The observed result in each month has been also given as reduced to the mean value for the month, by application of the difference between the horizontal force ordinate at the time of observation and the mean value for the month, as obtained from the photographic register.

As regards Magnetic Dip, the result of each complete observation of dip with each of the needles in ordinary use, is given in Table XXI.; and in Table XXII., the concluded monthly and yearly values for each needle.

Table XXIII. contains an annual summary of the magnetic elements giving the mean monthly values, the monthly mean diurnal ranges, and sums of hourly deviations from mean.

In order to facilitate the comparison of the diurnal inequalities of magnetism at the different British and other magnetic observatories, an arrangement was made with the Sub-Committee of the Kew Committee of the Royal Society, by which five quiet days were selected at Greenwich in each month of every year for adoption

at all these observatories for determination of the monthly diurnal inequalities of declination, horizontal force, and vertical force, thus providing for further discussion results which should be strictly comparable. Beginning with 1911, the five days selected by the International Committee from a comparison of data from all contributing stations, have been adopted instead. The particular days selected and the results found for Greenwich are contained in Tables IV., VIII., and XII., which it is interesting to compare with the values found from the records of all days, as given in Tables II., VI., and X.

Reduced copies of the magnetograms for certain disturbed days (mentioned on p. E x) have been printed in each volume since 1882. The list of these days since the year 1889 has been selected in concert with M. Mascart, or his successor M. Angot, so that the two Observatories of Val Joyeux (formerly of the Parc Saint Maur) and Greenwich should publish the magnetic registers for the same days of disturbance with a view to the comparison of the results. It is now proposed to adopt as far as possible the list of days of greater disturbance selected by the International Committee as in the case of the quiet days.

The plates are followed by a brief description of *all* other significant magnetic motions (superposed on the ordinary diurnal movement) recorded throughout the year. These, in combination with the plates, give very complete information on magnetic disturbances during the year 1913, affording thereby, it is hoped, facilities for making comparison with solar phenomena.

With regard to the plates, on each day three distinct registers are usually given, viz. : declination, horizontal force, and vertical force; all necessary information for proper understanding of the plates being added in the notes on page (E 16).

An additional plate (III.) exhibits the registers of declination, horizontal force and vertical force on four quiet days, which may be taken as types of the ordinary diurnal movement at four seasons of the year. These are given for the civil day as exhibiting more clearly the character of the diurnal movement.

The indications of horizontal and vertical force are given as registered; they are therefore affected, slightly as compared with the amount of motion on disturbed days, by the small recorded changes of temperature of the magnets. The recorded hourly temperatures being inserted on the plates, reference to the temperature-correction of the magnets, given at pages E viii and E x, will show the effect produced. Briefly, an increase of about $4\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ of temperature throws the horizontal force curve upward by

0·001 of the whole horizontal force ; an increase of about 5° of temperature throws the vertical force curve downward by 0·001 of the whole vertical force.

The original photographs have been reduced in the proportion of 20 to 11 on the plates, and the corresponding scale values are :—

1° of Declination is	mm. 65·53	on the Plates.
0·01 of Horizontal Force is	34·24	„ „
0·01 of Vertical Force is	84·99	„ „

At the foot of each plate scales, in C.G.S. measure, are given for each of the magnetic registers.

Since the preceding scale values are not immediately comparable for the different elements, it therefore becomes desirable to refer them all to the same unit, say 0·01 of the horizontal force.

Now, the transverse force represented by a variation of 1° of Declination
 = 0·175 of Horizontal Force,
 and Vertical Force = Horizontal Force × tan dip [adopted dip = 66°·50'·27"]
 = Horizontal Force × 2·3378 ;

whence we have the following equivalent scale values for the different elements :—

mm. 37·4	on the Declination	Curve corresponds to 0·01 of Horizontal Force.
34·2	„ Horizontal Force	„ „ „ „ „ „
36·4	„ Vertical Force	„ „ „ „ „ „

If we divide the last three numbers by 0·18514, we get 202^{mm}·3, 184^{mm}·9, 196^{mm}·4, which represent the lengths on the respective three curves equivalent to 0·01 C.G.S. unit.

The subjoined table gives the values of Magnetic Elements determined at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich :—

[TABLE

Year.	Declination West.	Horizontal Force, † C.G.S. Unit.	Dip. ‡	Year.	Declination West.	Horizontal Force, † C.G.S. Unit.	Dip. ‡
1841	23.16'2	...	...	1877	18.57'2	0'1800	67.39'7
1842	23.14'6	...	...	1878	18.49'3	0'1802	67.38'2
1843	23.11'7	...	69. 0'6	1879	18.40'5	0'1805	67.37'0
1844	23.15'3	...	69. 0'3	1880	18.32'6	0'1805	67.35'7
1845	22.56'7	...	68.57'5	1881	18.27'1	0'1807	67.34'7
1846	22.49'6	0'1731	68.58'1	1882	18.22'3	0'1806	67.34'2
1847	22.51'3	0'1736	68.59'0	1883	18.15'0	0'1812	67.31'7
1848	22.51'8	0'1731	68.54'7	1884	18. 7'6	0'1814	67.29'7
1849	22.37'8	0'1733	68.51'3	1885	18. 1'7	0'1817	67.28'0
1850	22.23'5	0'1738	68.46'9	1886	17.54'5	0'1818	67.27'1
1851	22.18'3	0'1744	68.40'4	1887	17.49'1	0'1819	67.26'6
1852	22.17'9	0'1745	68.42'7	1888	17.40'4	0'1822	67.25'6
1853	22.10'1	0'1748	68.44'6	1889	17.34'9	0'1823	67.24'3
1854	22. 0'8	0'1749	68.47'7	1890	17.28'6	0'1825	67.23'0
1855	21.48'4	0'1756	68.44'6	1891	17.23'4	0'1827	67.21'5
1856	21.43'5	0'1759	68.43'5	1892	17.17'4	0'1829	67.20'0
1857	21.35'4	0'1769	68.31'1	1893	17.11'4	0'1831	67.17'9
1858	21.30'3	0'1762	68.28'3	1894	17. 4'6	0'1831	67.17'4
1859	21.23'5	0'1761	68.26'9	1895	16.57'4	0'1834	67.16'1*
1860	21.14'3	...	68.30'1	1896	16.51'7*	0'1835*	67.15'1*
1861	21. 5'5	0'1773	68.24'6	1897	16.45'8*	0'1838	67.13'5*
1862	20.52'6	0'1759	68.15'8	1898	16.39'2*	0'1840	67.12'1
1863	20.45'9	0'1763	68. 9'6	1899	16.34'2	0'1843	67.10'5
1864	...	0'1764	68. 7'0	1900	16.29'0	0'1846	67. 8'8
1865	20.33'9	0'1767	68. 4'1	1901	16.26'0	0'1850	67. 6'4
1866	20.28'0	0'1767	68. 2'7	1902	16.22'8	0'1852	67. 3'8
1867	20.20'5	0'1773	68. 1'3	1903	16.19'1	0'1852	67. 1'2
1868	20.13'1	0'1777	67.57'2	1904	16.15'0	0'1854	66.57'6
1869	20. 4'1	0'1779	67.56'5	1905	16. 9'9	0'1854	66.56'3
1870	19.53'0	0'1782	67.54'8	1906	16. 3'6	0'1854	66.55'6
1871	19.41'9	0'1784	67.52'5	1907	15.59'8	0'1855	66.56'2
1872	19.36'8	0'1786	67.50'3	1908	15.53'5	0'1854	66.56'3
1873	19.33'4	0'1789	67.47'8	1909	15.47'6	0'1854	66.54'1
1874	19.28'9	0'1793	67.45'8	1910	15.41'2	0'1855	66.52'8
1875	19.21'2	0'1797	67.43'6	1911	15.33'0	0'1855	66.52'1
1876	19. 8'3	0'1797	67.42'4	1912	15.24'3	0'1855	66.51'8
		0'1799	67.41'0	1913	15.15'2	0'1853	66.50'5

* Corrected for the effect of the iron in the new buildings (see p. E ii).

† The values of the Horizontal Force from 1861 differ from those given in previous volumes, on account of the correction mentioned on p. E vi.

‡ These values of the dip differ slightly in some instances from those given in previous volumes, on account of the correction mentioned on p. E v.

In 1861 the new Unifilar Apparatus for absolute Horizontal Force and the Airy Dip-Circle were introduced, both sets of apparatus being used in that year. In 1864 the

excavation of the Magnetic Basement caused the suspension of complete Declination Observations.

§ 6. *Meteorological Instruments.*

STANDARD BAROMETER.—The standard barometer, mounted in 1840 on the southern wall of the western arm of the Upper Magnet Room, is Newman No. 64. Its tube is 0ⁱⁿ·565 in diameter, and the depression of the mercury due to capillary action is 0ⁱⁿ·002, but no correction is applied on this account. The cistern is of glass, and the graduated scale and attached rod are of brass; at its lower end the rod terminates in a point of ivory, which in observation is made just to meet the reflected image of the point as seen in the mercury. The scale is divided to 0ⁱⁿ·05, sub-divided by vernier to 0ⁱⁿ·002. The height of the barometer above the mean level of the sea is 159 feet.

The barometer is read at 9^h, 12^h (noon), 15^h, 21^h (civil reckoning) every day. Each reading is corrected by application of an index-correction, and reduced to the temperature 32°. The readings thus found are used to determine the value of the instrumental base line on the photographic record.

PHOTOGRAPHIC BAROMETER.—The barometric record is made on the same cylinder as is used for magnetic vertical force. A siphon barometer fixed to the northern wall of the Magnet Basement is employed, the bore of the upper and lower extremities of the tube being about 1·1 inch, and that of the intermediate portion 0·3 inch. A metallic plunger, floating on the mercury in the shorter arm of the siphon, is partly supported by a counterpoise acting on a light lever, leaving a definite part of its weight to be supported by the mercury. The lever carries at its other end a vertical plate of aluminium, having a small horizontal slit, whose distance from the fulcrum is about eight times that of the point of connexion with the float, and whose vertical movement is therefore about four times that of the ordinary barometric column. The light of a gas lamp, passing through this slit and falling on a cylindrical lens, forms a spot of light on the paper. The barometer can, by screw action, be raised or lowered so as to keep the photographic trace in a convenient part of the sheet. A base line is traced on the sheet, and the record is interrupted at each hour by the clock, and occasionally by the observer, in the same way as for the magnetic registers. The length of the time scale is also the same.

The barometric scale is determined by experimentally comparing the measured movement on the paper with the observed movement of the standard barometer; one inch of barometric movement is thus found = 4ⁱⁿ·16 on the paper. Ordinates

measured for the times of observation of the standard barometer, combined with the corrected readings of the standard barometer, give apparent values of the base line, from which mean values for each day are formed; these are written on the sheets and new base lines drawn, from which the hourly ordinates (see page E x) are measured as for the magnetic registers. As the diurnal change of temperature in the Basement is very small, no appreciable differential effect is produced on the photographic register by the expansion of the column of mercury.

DRY AND WET BULB THERMOMETERS.—The Standard dry and wet bulb thermometers and maximum and minimum self-registering thermometers, both dry and wet, are mounted on a revolving frame planned by Sir G. B. Airy. This, together with details of the thermometers and the corrections applicable to them, may be found fully described in the volumes for 1912 and previous years.

Since 1899 January 4 this stand has stood in an open position in the Magnetic Pavilion enclosure.

The corrections to be applied to the thermometers in ordinary use are determined, usually once each year for the whole extent of scale actually employed, by observations at 32° in pounded ice and by comparison with the standard thermometer No. 515, kindly supplied to the Royal Observatory by the Kew Committee of the Royal Society.

The dry bulb thermometer used throughout the year was Negretti and Zambra, No. 45354. The correction $-0^{\circ}\cdot4$ has been applied to the readings of this thermometer. The wet bulb thermometer used throughout the year was Negretti and Zambra, No. 94737. The correction $-0^{\circ}\cdot2$ has been applied to the readings of this thermometer.

Similar readings were also taken of a set of thermometers in a Stevenson screen placed in the Magnetic Pavilion enclosure. The differences between the readings of these thermometers and those in the Ordinary Stand are summarised on p. E 58.

The dry and wet bulb thermometers are read at 9^{h} , 12^{h} (noon), 15^{h} , 21^{h} (civil reckoning) every day. Readings of the maximum and minimum thermometers are taken at 9^{h} , 15^{h} , and 21^{h} every day. Those of the dry and wet bulb thermometers are employed to correct the indications of the photographic dry and wet bulb thermometers.

PHOTOGRAPHIC DRY-BULB AND " WET-BULB THERMOMETERS.—The apparatus which has been in use since 1887 was designed by Sir W. H. M. Christie, and since 1899

has stood in its present position in the Magnet Ground. It is placed in a shed, 8 feet square, standing upon posts about 8 feet high, and open to the north. The apparatus is screened from the direct rays of the sun, without impeding the circulation of the air. The recording mechanism is similar in general plan to that already described in connection with the magnetometers in the Magnet Basement, the illumination being by gaslight. The traces consist of broad bands, due to the free passage of light to the drum, above the mercury column in the dry-bulb, and through an air-bubble in that of the wet-bulb, crossed by fine lines caused by the shadows of the graduations on the thermometer tubes. The two traces fall on the same part of the cylinder as regards time scale. The stems of the thermometers are placed close together, each being covered by a vertical metal plate having a fine vertical slit, so that light passes through only at such parts of the bore of the tube as do not contain mercury. Further details of the thermometers and recording arrangements may be found in the volume for 1912. The scale value of the records is approximately 10° per inch.

RADIATION THERMOMETERS.—These thermometers are placed in the Magnetic Pavilion enclosure, in an open position about 50 feet south-west of the building. The thermometer for solar radiation is a self-registering mercurial maximum thermometer on Negretti and Zambra's principle, with its bulb blackened, and the thermometer enclosed in a glass sphere from which the air has been exhausted. The thermometer employed until August was Negretti and Zambra, No. 121588. This was stolen on August 1, and replaced by Negretti and Zambra, No. 157738. The thermometer for radiation to the sky until August was a self-registering spirit minimum thermometer, Negretti and Zambra, No. 137640. This was stolen on August 1, and replaced by Negretti and Zambra, No. 140216. The thermometers are laid on short grass and freely exposed to the sky; they require no correction for index-error.

EARTH THERMOMETERS.—These four thermometers, the bulbs of which are sunk to depths of 25·6, 12·8, 6·4, and 3·2 feet below the surface, are fully described in earlier volumes. The shortest thermometer is read daily at noon, the readings being given (subject to an unknown small index correction) in the daily results. The other thermometers are read weekly on Monday at noon, but the results are not published, as the daily readings previously printed for many years seem to offer all the information which these thermometers are likely to afford. A discussion by Professor Everett of the observations up to 1859 was given in an appendix to the volume for 1860.

OSLER'S ANEMOMETER.—This self-registering anemometer, devised by A. Follett Osler, for continuous registration of the direction and pressure of the wind and of the amount of rain, is fixed above the north-western turret of the ancient part of the observatory. The direction of the wind is registered by means of a large vane (9^{ft.} 2^{in.} in length), connected by gearing with a rack-work carrying a pencil; the latter marks on a flat horizontally moving sheet of paper. The vane is 25 feet above the roof of the Octagon Room, 60 feet above the adjacent ground, and 215 feet above the mean level of the sea. A fixed mark on the north-eastern turret, in a known azimuth, as determined by celestial observation, is used for examining at any time the position of the direction plate over the registering table, to which reference is made by means of a direction pointer when adjusting a new sheet on the travelling board.

A circular pressure plate with an area of 192 square inches is attached two feet below the vane; moving with the latter, it is always kept directed against the wind. A light wind causes the plate to compress slender springs, the motion being registered on the horizontal sheet by a pencil connected with the plate by a flexible brass chain, which is always in tension. Higher wind pressures bring stiffer springs into play behind the plate, and the two sets of springs are adjusted by screws and clamps so as to afford fixed scales on the sheet, the scale for light winds being double that for heavy winds. The scale is determined experimentally in lbs. per square foot from time to time.

The recording sheet is changed daily at noon. The time scale, ordinarily the same as that of the magnetic registers, can be increased 24-fold by altering the gearing.

A self-registering rain gauge of peculiar construction forms part of the apparatus; this is described under the heading "Rain Gauges."

ROBINSON'S ANEMOMETER.—This instrument, for registration of the horizontal movement of the air, is mounted above the roof of the Octagon Room. It was brought into use in 1866, and is of smaller size than that now usual, the four hemispherical cups being 5 inches in diameter, the centre of each cup being 15 inches distant from the vertical axis of rotation. The cups are 21 feet above the roof of the Octagon Room, 56 feet above the adjacent ground, and 211 feet above the mean level of the sea. A motion of the recording pencil through 1 inch corresponds to horizontal motion of the air through 100 miles. The time scale is the same as for the magnetic registers, and the sheet is changed daily at noon.

In preceding volumes the values of wind velocity V given in the tables are three times the actual velocity v of the cups. From some tests of the Browning instru-

ment, made by Mr. W. H. Dines at Hershham in 1889, on his whirling machine, it appears that the relation between V and v is more correctly given by

$$V = 4.0 + 2.0 v.$$

The instrument thus fails to record wind velocities less than 4 miles per hour; and values of the wind velocity given by the formula $V = 3 v$ are too high when V exceeds 12. Since the two formulæ agree, however, for $V = 12$, the mean values of the wind velocity (which seldom differ much from 12) will be approximately correct in either case; therefore, for the sake of continuity and simplicity, the formula $V = 3 v$ will continue to be used. In this volume, however, the greatest hourly measures (p. E 59) are given according to both formulæ, and the least hourly measures omitted.

The experiments by Mr. W. H. Dines, above referred to, are described in the Introduction to the volume for 1889.

RAIN GAUGES.—During the year 1913 eight rain gauges were employed, placed at different elevations above the ground, for which see page E 58 of the Meteorological Results.

The gauge No. 1 forms part of the Osler Anemometer apparatus, and is self-registering, the record being made on the sheet on which the direction and pressure of the wind are recorded. The receiving surface is a rectangular opening 10×20 inches (200 square inches in area). The collected water passes into a vessel suspended by spiral springs, which lengthen as the water accumulates, until 0.25 inch is collected. The water then discharges itself by means of the following modification of the siphon. A vertical copper tube, open at both ends, is fixed in the receiver, with one end just projecting below the bottom. Over this tube a larger tube, closed at the top, is loosely placed. The accumulating water, having risen to the top of the inner tube, begins to flow off into a small tumbling bucket, fixed in a globe placed underneath, and carried by the receiver. When full, the bucket falls over, throwing the water into a small exit pipe at the lower part of the globe—the only outlet. This creates a partial vacuum in the globe sufficient to cause the longer leg of the siphon to act, and the whole remaining contents of the receiver then run off, through the globe, to a waste pipe. The spiral springs at the same time shorten, and raise the receiver. The gradual descent of the water vessel as the rain falls, and the immediate ascent on discharge of the water, act upon a pencil, and cause a corresponding trace to be made on the paper fixed to the moving board of the anemometer. The rain scale on the paper was determined experimentally by passing a known quantity of water through the receiver. The continuous record

thus gives information on the rate of the fall of rain, but the record is liable to interruption when the staging is erected for experiments with the Osler Anemometer.

Gauge No. 2 is a ten-inch circular gauge, placed close to gauge No. 1, its receiving surface being precisely at the same level. The gauge is read daily at 9^h Greenwich civil time. This is also liable to interference, just as No. 1.

Gauges Nos. 3, 4, and 5 are 8-inch circular gauges, placed respectively on the roof of the Octagon Room, over the roof of the Magnetic Observatory, and on the roof of the Photographic Thermometer Shed. All are read daily at 9^h Greenwich civil time.

Gauge No. 6 is an 8-inch circular gauge placed with the receiving surface 5 inches above the ground in the Magnetic Pavilion enclosure, about 10 feet north-west of the thermometer stand, and gauge No. 7, also an 8-inch circular gauge, is similarly placed in the ground south-east of the Magnetic Observatory. No. 8 is a new gauge of the same diameter, but of the modified Snowdon pattern adopted by the Meteorological Office, having its receiving surface 1 foot above the ground. It was brought into use 1908 January 1, being fixed SW by W from No. 6 with a clear space of 6 feet between the rims. No. 6 is the Standard gauge, Nos. 7 and 8 are used as checks on the readings of No. 6. No. 6 is read daily, usually at 9^h, 15^h, and 21^h Greenwich civil time, and Nos. 7 and 8 at 9^h only as a rule.

The present height of the Standard gauge above mean sea-level is 5 feet 9 inches less than in its old position in the Observatory Grounds, before its removal to the Pavilion Enclosure.

The gauges are also read at midnight on the last day of each calendar month.

ELECTROMETER.—The electric potential of the atmosphere is measured by means of a Thomson self-recording quadrant electrometer, made by White, of Glasgow. It is situated in the Upper Magnet Room, in connection with Lord Kelvin's water-dropping apparatus, and with the usual arrangements for photographic registration. The time scale is the same as for the magnetic registers, the hourly break of trace being made by the driving-clock itself.

SUNSHINE RECORDER.—The Campbell-Stokes instrument, which has been in use since 1887, records the duration of bright sunshine by the length of blackened trace produced by the concentration of the sun's rays on a card. A spherical glass globe brings the rays to a focus. One straight card serves for the equinoctial periods of the year, and another, curved, for the solstitial periods, the only difference between the

summer and winter cards being that the summer cards are the longer: grooves are provided so that the cards are placed in position in their holders with great readiness. The daily record is transferred to a sheet of paper specially ruled with equal vertical spaces to represent hours, each sheet containing the record for one calendar month. The daily sums, and sums for each hour (reckoning from *apparent* midnight) through the month, are thus readily formed. The recorded durations are to be understood as indicating the amount of *bright* sunshine, no register being obtained when the sun shines faintly through fog or cloud, or when the sun is very near the horizon. Until 1896 the instrument was placed above the Magnetic Observatory, since when it has been situated on the stage, above the Octagon Room, which carries the Robinson anemometer, about 50 feet above the ground. A clear view of the sun is obtained in this position from sunrise to sunset, but some inconvenience is caused by the smoke from neighbouring chimneys.

The glass globe formerly used was replaced in 1897 by a new one presented in 1881 by the late Mr. Campbell, as the records from 1894–1896 showed a notable falling off, pointed out by Mr. Marriott, due to deterioration of the glass of the old globe.

§ 7. *Meteorological Reductions.*

The results given in the Meteorological Section refer to the civil day, commencing at midnight.

All results in regard to atmospheric pressure, temperature of the air and of evaporation with deductions therefrom, and atmospheric electricity, are derived from the photographic records, excepting that the maximum and minimum values of air temperature are those given by eye observation of the ordinary maximum and minimum thermometers at 9^h, 15^h, and 21^h (civil reckoning), reference being made, however, to the photographic register when necessary to obtain the values corresponding to the civil day from midnight to midnight. The hourly readings of the photographic traces for the elements mentioned are entered into a form having double argument, the horizontal argument ranging through the 24 hours of the civil day (0^h to 23^h), and the vertical argument through the days of a calendar month. Then for all the photographic elements, the means of the numbers standing in the vertical columns of the monthly forms, into which the values are entered, give the mean monthly photographic values for each hour of the day, the means of the numbers in the horizontal columns giving the mean daily value. It should be mentioned that before measuring out the electrometer ordinates, a pencil line was first drawn through

the trace to represent the general form of the curve, in the way described for the magnetic registers (page E x), excepting that no day has been omitted on account of unusual electrical disturbance, as it has been found difficult to decide on any limit of disturbance beyond which it would seem proper, as regards determination of diurnal inequality, to reject the results. In measuring the electrometer ordinates a scale of inches is used, and the values given in the tables which follow are expressed in thousandths of an inch, positive and negative potential being denoted by positive and negative numbers respectively. The scale has not been determined in terms of any electrical unit.

To correct the photographic indications of barometer and dry and wet bulb thermometers for small instrumental error, the means of the photographic readings at 9^h, 12^h (noon), 15^h, and 21^h in each month are compared with the corresponding corrected mean readings of the standard barometer and standard dry and wet bulb thermometers, as given by eye observation. In the case of the standard thermometers the values deduced for midnight from comparison of the thermograph sheets with the eye-readings at night, and the minimum readings obtained at 9 a.m. are also regarded as eye-readings for the correction of the thermograph registers commencing 1912 January. A correction applicable to the photographic reading at each of these hours is thus obtained, and, by interpolation, corrections for the intermediate hours are found. The mean of the twenty-four hourly corrections in each month is adopted as the correction applicable to each mean daily value in the month. Thus mean hourly and mean daily values of the several elements are obtained for each month. The process of correction is equivalent to giving photographic indications in terms of corrected standard barometer, and in terms of the standard dry and wet bulb thermometers exposed on the free stand. The barometer results are *not* reduced to sea-level, neither are they corrected for the effect of gravity, by reduction to the latitude of 45°.

The mean daily temperature of the dew-point and degree of humidity are deduced from the mean daily temperatures of the air and of evaporation by use of Glaisher's *Hygrometrical Tables*. The table of factors for this purpose may be found in the Introductions for 1910 and previous years.

In the same way the mean hourly values of the dew-point temperature and degree of humidity in each month (pages E 53 and E 54) have been calculated from the corresponding mean hourly values of air and evaporation temperatures (pages E 52 and E 53).

The excess of the mean temperature of the air on each day above the average of 65 years, given in the "Daily Results of the Meteorological Observations," is found by

comparing the numbers contained in column 6 with a table of average daily temperatures found by smoothing the accidental irregularities of the daily means deduced from the observations for the sixty-five years 1841–1905. In this series the mean daily temperature from 1841 to 1847 depends usually on 12 observations daily, in 1848 on 6 observations daily, and from 1849 to 1905 on 24 hourly readings from the photographic record. The smoothed numbers are given in Table VII., *Reduction of the Greenwich Meteorological Observations*, Part IV., and also in the Introduction for 1910.

The daily register of rain contained in column 16 is that recorded by the gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the ground. This gauge is usually read at 9^h, 15^h, and 21^h Greenwich civil time. The continuous record of Osler's self-registering gauge shows whether the amounts measured at 9^h are to be placed to the same, or to the preceding civil day; and in cases in which rain fell both before and after midnight, also gives the means of ascertaining the proper proportion of the 9^h amount which should be placed to each civil day. The number of days of rain given in the footnotes, and in the abstract tables, pages E 51 and E 58, is formed from the records of this gauge. In this numeration only those days are counted on which the fall amounted to or exceeded 0ⁱⁿ.005.

The indications of atmospheric electricity are derived from Thomson's Electrometer.

No particular explanation of the anemometric results seems necessary. It may be understood generally that the greatest pressures usually occur in gusts of short duration. The "Mean of 24 Hourly Measures" was in former years the mean of 24 measures of pressure taken *at* each hour, but commencing with 1887 January 1, it is the mean of measures, each one of which is the average pressure during the hour of which the nominal hour is the middle point.

The mean amount of cloud given in the footnotes on the right-hand pages E 27 to E 49, and in the abstract table, page E 51, is the mean found from observations made usually at 9^h, 12^h (noon), 15^h, and 21^h of each civil day.

For understanding the divisions of time under the headings, "Clouds and Weather" and "Electricity," the following remarks are necessary:—In regard to Clouds and Weather, the day is divided by columns into two parts (from midnight to noon, and from noon to midnight), and each of these parts is subdivided into two or three parts by colons (:). Thus, when there is a single colon in the first

column, it denotes that the indications before it apply (roughly) to the interval from midnight to 6^h, and those following it to the interval from 6^h to noon. When there are two colons in the first column, it is to be understood that the twelve hours are divided into three nearly equal parts of four hours each. And similarly for the second column. In regard to Electricity, the results are included in one column; in this case the colons divide the whole period of 24 hours (midnight to midnight).

The notation employed for Clouds and Weather is as follows, it being understood that for clouds Howard's Nomenclature is used. The figure denotes the proportion of sky covered by cloud, an overcast sky being represented by 10.

a	denotes <i>aurora borealis</i>	p-cl	denotes <i>partially cloudy</i>
ci	... <i>cirrus</i>	prh	... <i>parhelion</i>
ci-cu	... <i>cirro-cumulus</i>	prs	... <i>paraselene</i>
ci-s	... <i>cirro-stratus</i>	r	... <i>rain</i>
cu	... <i>cumulus</i>	c-r	... <i>continued rain</i>
cu-s	... <i>cumulo-stratus</i>	fr-r	... <i>frozen rain</i>
d	... <i>dew</i>	fq-r	... <i>frequent rain</i>
hy-d	... <i>heavy dew</i>	hy-r	... <i>heavy rain</i>
f	... <i>fog</i>	c-hy-r	.. <i>continued heavy rain</i>
slt-f	... <i>slight fog</i>	m-r	.. <i>misty rain</i>
tk-f	... <i>thick fog</i>	fq-m-r	... <i>frequent misty rain</i>
fr	... <i>frost</i>	oc-m-r	... <i>occasional misty rain</i>
ho-fr	... <i>hoar frost</i>	oc-r	... <i>occasional rain</i>
g	... <i>gale</i>	sh-r	... <i>shower of rain</i>
hy-g	... <i>heavy gale</i>	shs-r	... <i>showers of rain</i>
glm	... <i>gloom</i>	slt-r	... <i>slight rain</i>
gt-glm	... <i>great gloom</i>	oc-slt-r	... <i>occasional slight rain</i>
h	... <i>haze</i>	th-r	... <i>thin rain</i>
slt-h	... <i>slight haze</i>	fq-th-r	... <i>frequent thin rain</i>
hl	... <i>hail</i>	oc-th-r	... <i>occasional thin rain</i>
l	... <i>lightning</i>	hy-sh	... <i>heavy shower</i>
li-cl	... <i>light clouds</i>	slt-sh	... <i>slight shower</i>
lu-co	... <i>lunar corona</i>	fq-shs	... <i>frequent showers</i>
lu-ha	... <i>lunar halo</i>	hy-shs	... <i>heavy showers</i>
m	... <i>mist</i>	fq-hy-shs	... <i>frequent heavy showers</i>
slt-m	... <i>slight mist</i>	oc-hy-shs	... <i>occasional heavy showers</i>
n	... <i>nimbus</i>	li-shs	... <i>light showers</i>

oc-shs denotes <i>occasional showers</i>	fq-sqs denotes <i>frequent squalls</i>
s ... <i>stratus</i>	hy-sqs ... <i>heavy squalls</i>
sc ... <i>scud</i>	fq-hy-sqs ... <i>frequent heavy squalls</i>
li-sc ... <i>light scud</i>	oc-sqs ... <i>occasional squalls</i>
sl ... <i>sleet</i>	t ... <i>thunder</i>
sn ... <i>snow</i>	t-sm ... <i>thunder storm</i>
oc-sn ... <i>occasional snow</i>	th-cl ... <i>thin clouds</i>
slt-sn ... <i>slight snow</i>	v ... <i>variable</i>
so-ha ... <i>solar halo</i>	vv ... <i>very variable</i>
sq ... <i>squall</i>	w ... <i>wind</i>
sqs ... <i>squalls</i>	st-w ... <i>strong wind</i>

The following is the notation employed for Electricity:—

N denotes <i>negative</i>	w denotes <i>weak</i>
P ... <i>positive</i>	s ... <i>strong</i>
m ... <i>moderate</i>	v ... <i>variable</i>

The duplication of the letter denotes intensity of the modification described—thus, ss is very strong; vv, very variable. 0 indicates zero potential, and a dash, “—,” accidental failure of the apparatus.

The remaining columns in the tables of “Daily Results” seem to require no special remark; all necessary explanation regarding the results therein contained will be found in the notes at the foot of the left-hand page, or in the descriptions of the several instruments given in § 6.

In regard to the comparisons of the extremes and means, &c., of meteorological elements with average values, contained in the footnotes, it may be mentioned that comparison is in all cases made with mean values determined from the observations for the sixty-five years 1841–1905.

The tables following the “Daily Results” require no lengthened explanation. They consist of tables giving the highest and lowest readings of the barometer through the year; monthly abstracts of the principal meteorological elements; hourly values in each month of barometer-reading, of temperature of air, evaporation, and dew-point, and of degree of humidity; sunshine results; rain results; observations of thermometers on the revolving stand, with mean differences from corresponding readings in a Stevenson screen in the Magnetic Pavilion Enclosure; hourly values in each month of the horizontal movement of the air derived from Robinson’s

Anemometer; results derived from the Thomson Electrometer; and observations of parhelia, paraselenæ, and meteors.

In the tables of mean values of meteorological elements at each hour for the different months of the year, the mean values have, in previous years, been given for the hours 0^h to 23^h only. But since 1886 the mean for the 24th hour (the following midnight) has been added, thus indicating the amount of non-periodic variation. The monthly means have also been given since 1886 for the 24 hours, 1^h to 24^h, as well as for the hours, 0^h (midnight) to 23^h, which were given in former years.

It may be pointed out that the monthly means, 0^h to 23^h, for barometer and temperature of the air and of evaporation contained in these tables, pages E 52 and E 53, do not in some cases agree with the monthly means given in the daily results pages E 26 to E 48, and in the table on page E 51, in consequence of occasional interruption of the photographic register, at which times daily values to complete the daily results could be supplied from the eye observations, as mentioned in the footnotes; but hourly values, for the diurnal inequality tables, could not be so supplied. In such cases, however, the means given with these tables are the proper means to be used in connexion with the numbers standing immediately above them, for formation of the actual diurnal inequality.

In regard to Electric Potential of the Atmosphere, in addition to giving the hourly values in each month, including all available days, the days in each month have been (since the year 1882) further divided into two groups, one containing all days on which the rainfall amounted to or exceeded 0ⁱⁿ·020, the other including only days on which no rainfall was recorded, the values of daily rainfall given in column 16 of the "Daily Results of the Meteorological Observations" being adopted in selecting the days. These additional tables are given on pages E 62 and E 63 respectively.

In regard to the observations of Luminous Meteors, it is simply necessary to say that, in general, only special meteor showers are watched for, such as those of April, August, and November. The observers of meteors in the year 1913 were Mr. Edney, Mr. Timbury, Mr. Divers, Mr. Brown, and Mr. Showell. Their observations are distinguished by the initials E., T., D., F.B., and S. respectively. A few observations made by Mr. Crommelin, Mr. Bowyer, Mr. Melotte, and Mr. Berry are distinguished by the initials A.C., W.B., P.M., and A.B. respectively.

F. W. DYSON.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY, GREENWICH.

RESULTS

OF

MAGNETICAL OBSERVATIONS

(EXCLUDING DAYS OF GREAT MAGNETIC DISTURBANCE),

1913.

TABLE I.—MEAN MAGNETIC DECLINATION WEST FOR EACH CIVIL DAY.
(Each result is the mean of 24 hourly ordinates from the photographic register.)

1913.												
Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
	15°	15°	15°	15°	15°	15°	15°	15°	15°	15°	15°	15°
d	...	18.8	19.4	17.0	16.7	16.2	14.0	14.3	12.9	13.1	12.6	11.8
1	19.8	18.8	18.9	17.7	16.1	14.4	14.1	14.3	13.1	12.9	12.4	12.0
2	19.8	18.3	18.4	17.8	16.2	14.9	13.8	13.7	12.3	12.4	12.2	12.1
3	18.7	18.5	18.0	17.3	14.8	14.5	14.1	13.6	13.2	13.1	12.2	12.8
4	18.7	18.5	18.2	17.2	15.3	15.1	14.5	14.0	13.1	12.4	12.4	13.7
5	18.9	18.4	18.5	16.9	15.6	15.4	14.5	14.6	13.2	14.5	12.4	12.4
6	18.9	18.6	18.4	17.6	16.1	15.2	14.3	14.8	13.0	12.1	12.1	12.8
7	18.9	18.8	19.0	17.7	16.3	14.5	14.6	14.5	14.0	13.1	12.5	12.3
8	18.9	18.8	18.5	18.6	16.0	15.0	14.7	13.8	12.8	12.3	12.9	11.9
9	19.3	18.3	18.5	17.0	15.5	14.0	14.8	13.7	13.0	13.1	11.8	12.2
10	18.7	18.2	18.6	17.0	15.5	14.0	14.8	13.7	13.0	13.1	11.8	12.2
11	19.4	18.4	18.4	16.8	15.9	14.8	14.1	14.2	13.9	13.4	11.6	12.0
12	19.1	18.9	18.7	17.1	15.8	14.3	13.3	13.7	13.5	12.9	11.4	11.9
13	19.4	18.1	18.6	17.5	15.6	14.2	14.0	13.6	13.6	12.7	11.8	12.4
14	19.6	19.2	17.1	18.2	15.7	15.0	13.1	13.4	14.4	12.7	11.8	13.0
15	19.3	18.4	17.9	17.2	16.0	15.5	13.8	14.0	14.8	12.6	12.0	12.0
16	19.4	18.4	18.0	17.4	15.8	14.7	13.3	13.8	14.0	12.7	12.4	11.7
17	19.3	18.5	17.8	17.9	16.5	14.4	12.9	13.6	14.3	12.6	12.1	12.2
18	18.8	18.5	18.3	16.8	17.4	15.4	13.3	13.9	13.1	12.3	11.6	12.3
19	18.4	18.7	18.0	16.4	17.5	15.6	13.5	13.9	12.6	12.8	12.3	12.7
20	18.5	19.5	18.5	16.9	16.7	14.5	14.1	14.1	13.2	13.2	12.5	12.3
21	18.5	18.8	18.0	16.7	16.4	15.4	14.1	14.0	13.1	12.5	12.0	12.7
22	19.0	18.6	17.7	15.8	16.4	14.9	14.3	14.2	13.7	12.9	12.9	13.0
23	17.9	19.1	18.0	16.3	16.5	14.9	13.7	13.8	11.8	13.1	13.0	12.6
24	18.4	19.5	17.8	16.1	16.0	15.5	14.9	13.0	13.4	12.9	12.5	13.0
25	18.0	20.0	17.9	16.6	15.2	14.3	14.9	14.2	13.2	12.8	12.1	13.0
26	18.9	18.5	17.8	16.0	15.3	15.0	14.1	14.1	13.2	12.4	11.8	12.6
27	19.3	18.6	17.8	15.3	16.2	14.3	13.7	14.3	13.0	12.0	13.2	12.9
28	19.0	19.3	17.4	15.2	15.0	14.8	13.4	13.6	13.0	12.0	12.0	13.2
29	18.6		16.9	15.6	14.8	13.4	13.6	13.1	13.4	12.4	12.3	13.2
30	19.3		17.0	15.9	15.1	14.6	13.9	12.4	12.9	12.5	11.8	13.1
31	18.8		17.7		15.8		13.5	12.2		11.9		13.3
Means	19.0	18.7	18.1	16.9	15.9	14.8	14.0	13.8	13.3	12.7	12.2	12.6

TABLE II.—MONTHLY AND ANNUAL MEAN DIURNAL INEQUALITIES OF MAGNETIC DECLINATION WEST.
(The results in each month are diminished by the smallest hourly value.)

1913.													
Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	For the Year.
Midn.	0.3	0.3	1.5	2.1	2.6	3.0	3.0	2.3	1.6	0.9	0.3	0.4	1.34
1 ^h	0.7	0.5	1.7	2.4	2.6	2.9	2.9	2.3	1.6	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.46
2	1.0	0.8	1.9	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.1	1.4	1.1	0.7	0.7	1.52
3	1.3	0.9	1.7	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	2.1	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.50
4	1.3	0.9	1.6	2.3	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.8	1.3	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.37
5	1.2	0.8	1.4	1.9	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.94
6	1.1	0.7	1.3	1.7	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.6	0.8	1.4	1.0	0.6	0.63
7	1.0	0.5	0.8	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.31
8	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.6	0.00
9	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.2	1.4	1.0	1.4	0.8	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.47
10	1.5	0.5	1.4	2.0	3.2	3.2	2.9	3.6	2.8	1.9	1.1	1.3	1.93
11	2.3	1.8	3.8	4.4	5.6	5.5	5.0	5.9	5.3	4.1	2.5	1.9	3.82
Noon	3.3	3.3	6.0	7.0	7.5	7.7	7.2	7.9	7.2	5.5	3.6	2.3	5.52
1 ^h	3.9	3.8	6.9	8.3	7.8	8.5	8.1	8.5	7.5	5.5	3.9	2.4	6.07
14	3.2	3.7	6.6	8.0	7.2	8.3	8.4	7.9	6.6	4.9	3.0	2.0	5.63
15	2.3	2.9	5.2	6.4	6.0	7.4	7.6	6.2	5.0	3.6	2.1	1.6	4.50
16	1.9	2.0	3.7	5.1	5.0	6.3	6.3	4.5	3.6	2.4	1.7	1.3	3.46
17	1.8	1.9	2.7	4.0	3.9	5.1	5.1	3.2	2.6	2.1	1.6	1.0	2.73
18	1.6	1.7	2.4	3.1	3.2	4.3	4.4	2.8	2.2	1.7	1.2	0.8	2.26
19	1.1	1.1	2.0	2.6	2.8	4.0	3.8	3.0	2.1	1.1	0.9	0.6	1.90
20	0.4	0.5	1.7	2.3	2.7	3.7	3.5	2.9	1.9	0.6	0.6	0.4	1.58
21	0.0	0.1	1.3	2.1	2.7	3.6	3.4	2.6	1.8	0.4	0.1	0.2	1.33
22	0.0	0.1	1.1	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.1	2.3	1.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.20
23	0.1	0.2	1.0	2.1	2.7	3.1	3.1	2.3	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.2	1.21
24	0.3	0.4	1.3	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.0	2.3	1.6	0.8	0.3	0.5	1.34
Means	1.36	1.22	2.41	3.18	3.25	3.73	3.66	3.22	2.59	1.83	1.22	0.95	2.19
Means	1.36	1.22	2.40	3.18	3.25	3.73	3.66	3.22	2.59	1.83	1.22	0.96	2.19

TABLE III.—DIURNAL RANGE of DECLINATION, on each CIVIL DAY, as deduced from the TWENTY-FOUR HOURLY MEASURES of ORDINATES of the PHOTOGRAPHIC REGISTERS.

1913.												
Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
d												
1	...	2.8	5.2	10.9	7.3	11.0	9.8	11.1	10.7	8.9	6.0	3.0
2	3.0	3.2	5.0	9.4	9.3	9.4	8.2	11.0	10.8	9.4	10.1	4.4
3	8.9	2.8	5.5	10.5	8.1	8.8	9.2	8.5	10.3	6.6	8.3	3.0
4	3.9	2.9	6.1	10.0	9.4	10.7	10.3	7.0	10.5	7.1	4.6	3.6
5	4.6	4.0	5.9	8.9	8.9	9.9	9.2	8.7	9.5	12.0	5.2	5.2
6	3.6	3.4	7.0	10.4	12.5	9.6	10.8	9.0	10.5	8.7	4.5	4.6
7	3.8	4.0	7.8	10.5	8.3	10.7	9.5	10.0	7.6	9.5	6.3	3.1
8	3.1	3.4	10.4	10.9	7.7	8.6	9.1	9.4	11.7	9.8	3.7	2.5
9	4.4	4.1	7.0	15.5	6.1	7.9	10.6	9.8	11.2	7.9	4.8	2.4
10	6.6	3.5	7.0	8.9	9.1	7.6	10.5	8.3	7.0	6.4	4.4	3.2
11	3.2	3.6	5.1	8.0	8.0	7.6	6.1	8.4	6.7	7.8	4.4	1.7
12	3.6	7.8	6.6	10.6	7.9	9.9	9.4	7.6	9.6	8.0	4.3	2.5
13	4.3	7.0	6.3	9.2	6.9	8.0	8.2	7.5	5.7	5.9	3.9	2.8
14	4.4	5.4	13.9	9.3	5.9	10.7	7.2	8.6	6.0	5.1	4.3	3.9
15	4.7	5.9	8.8	8.1	9.1	10.2	9.9	10.2	7.4	6.8	4.8	3.1
16	3.2	8.9	7.0	10.3	5.9	9.6	11.2	9.4	6.0	7.2	4.9	1.9
17	5.2	5.7	10.6	9.2	8.4	9.0	9.0	8.0	8.3	6.5	4.0	2.7
18	11.5	6.5	7.4	7.2	8.8	10.9	10.3	10.7	7.6	13.3	4.2	4.0
19	8.2	6.1	6.7	9.0	6.9	9.9	6.9	11.8	10.2	12.7	2.7	6.0
20	7.8	6.3	9.4	9.0	9.2	9.1	11.3	9.3	9.5	4.8	4.9	2.8
21	3.8	4.8	9.7	7.9	9.1	10.4	7.4	10.1	8.7	6.1	4.6	1.9
22	4.7	4.9	8.0	10.0	9.4	9.5	9.8	11.4	12.6	6.0	3.3	1.8
23	3.3	6.3	8.9	7.7	11.1	8.1	7.9	10.3	11.3	5.7	4.0	1.5
24	4.1	4.8	8.8	7.1	8.7	10.2	7.2	10.4	6.5	4.3	3.6	2.2
25	6.1	8.4	8.3	6.1	9.8	6.8	9.7	8.2	6.0	8.1	3.9	5.8
26	3.8	5.3	8.5	6.1	7.4	9.9	8.9	8.0	4.8	6.0	4.5	3.8
27	3.1	3.2	9.3	7.6	10.9	8.1	8.2	6.8	5.8	5.0	6.9	4.0
28	4.7	4.1	8.8	6.5	8.1	10.4	5.9	5.9	5.1	6.4	6.6	2.5
29	3.6		7.9	7.4	9.2	7.7	8.3	7.1	7.7	5.4	4.6	2.4
30	5.2		8.5	8.0	9.5	8.1	10.8	8.7	6.3	8.7	4.4	2.2
31	4.8		11.6		6.4		9.4	8.2		10.4		1.8
Means	4.8	5.0	8.0	9.0	8.5	9.3	9.0	9.0	8.4	7.6	4.9	3.1

The mean of the twelve monthly values is 7'.22.

TABLE IV.—MONTHLY and ANNUAL MEAN DIURNAL INEQUALITIES OF MAGNETIC DECLINATION WEST from HOURLY ORDINATES, on FIVE SELECTED DAYS, in each MONTH.

Each result is the mean of the corresponding hourly ordinates from the photographic register, on five quiet days in each month, selected by the International Committee for comparison with results at other Observatories. The results in each case are diminished by the smallest hourly value. The days included are (* January 6 substituted for January 1):—

January	6*, 7, 12, 16, 24.	April	6, 20, 21, 22, 26.	July	4, 9, 17, 19, 28.	October	2, 3, 23, 24, 28.
February	3, 4, 23, 24, 28.	May	14, 20, 21, 22, 23.	August	1, 5, 20, 29, 30.	November	4, 14, 15, 16, 25.
March	1, 2, 10, 26, 27.	June	7, 8, 11, 12, 27.	September	4, 14, 20, 27, 29.	December	10, 11, 13, 17, 23.

1913.

Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	For the Year.
Midn.	0.4	0.2	2.3	3.3	3.7	4.0	3.0	2.1	1.6	2.5	0.0	0.2	1.82
1 ^h	0.9	0.6	2.2	3.5	3.5	3.9	2.9	1.7	1.9	2.5	0.5	0.4	1.92
2	1.2	1.0	2.5	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.0	1.7	1.9	2.6	0.6	0.4	2.03
3	1.2	1.2	2.0	3.5	3.8	3.4	2.8	1.6	1.7	2.4	1.1	0.3	1.96
4	1.2	1.2	2.1	3.3	2.9	2.9	2.2	1.3	1.5	2.2	1.1	0.4	1.74
5	0.9	1.1	1.9	2.9	1.6	1.5	1.4	0.4	1.5	1.9	1.0	0.3	1.25
6	0.6	0.9	1.8	2.4	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.1	1.1	1.7	0.8	0.1	0.81
7	0.4	0.7	1.3	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.1	0.40
8	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.00
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.26
10	0.7	0.4	1.2	1.6	3.4	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.3	0.6	0.8	1.71
11	1.3	1.8	3.7	4.1	6.2	5.4	4.5	5.2	5.1	4.8	1.9	1.5	3.67
Noon	2.1	3.3	6.2	6.8	8.1	7.7	6.2	7.4	7.1	6.2	3.5	2.0	5.43
1 ^h 13 ^h	3.3	3.8	6.7	8.5	8.5	8.6	7.3	8.3	7.5	6.1	3.8	2.1	6.09
14	2.4	3.8	6.7	8.2	8.0	8.4	8.2	7.8	6.7	5.3	3.0	1.5	5.71
15	1.7	2.9	5.3	7.0	6.5	7.6	7.8	5.8	5.4	4.0	1.9	0.9	4.61
16	1.4	1.9	3.7	5.8	5.1	6.2	6.4	3.7	4.0	3.1	1.7	0.7	3.52
17	1.2	1.5	3.0	5.0	3.9	5.2	5.1	2.2	3.1	3.1	1.2	0.6	2.81
18	1.2	1.3	2.6	4.3	3.4	4.6	4.4	2.0	2.6	2.9	0.9	0.4	2.43
19	0.9	1.2	2.6	3.9	3.5	4.5	3.9	2.4	2.4	2.8	0.7	0.2	2.30
20	0.5	1.0	2.5	3.6	3.5	4.4	3.7	2.3	2.5	2.4	0.5	0.1	2.13
21	0.4	0.8	2.3	3.4	3.7	4.6	3.5	2.3	2.4	2.5	0.2	0.0	2.05
22	0.2	0.6	2.0	3.4	3.7	4.4	3.0	2.3	2.3	2.2	0.3	0.0	1.91
23	0.3	0.6	1.9	3.2	3.8	4.2	3.3	2.1	2.2	2.2	0.3	0.1	1.90
24	0.5	0.7	2.0	3.0	3.6	3.7	3.2	2.0	2.0	2.4	0.1	0.2	1.83
Means	1.02	1.34	2.78	3.87	3.85	4.13	3.61	2.78	2.84	2.78	1.10	0.56	2.44
1 ^h —24 ^h	1.03	1.36	2.77	3.86	3.84	4.12	3.62	2.78	2.86	2.78	1.10	0.56	2.44

TABLE V.—MEAN HORIZONTAL MAGNETIC FORCE for each CIVIL DAY.

(Each result is the mean of 24 hourly ordinates from the photographic register, expressed in C.G.S. units. The values are corrected for Temperature.)

1913.												
Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
	18000 γ +											
d												
1	...	508 γ	526 γ	506 γ	508 γ	510 γ	505 γ	532 γ	538 γ	531 γ	527 γ	525 γ
2	526 γ	507	530	502	504	498	511	535	532	534	516	521
3	514	522	535	507	507	495	517	527	527	530	515	522
4	520	532	534	506	506	505	524	520	534	534	511	504
5	531	529	535	505	508	503	523	511	538	520	512	492
6	524	529	536	509	507	505	525	511	540	504	496	496
7	529	530	529	507	498	510	518	506	527	510	495	501
8	532	527	520	505	498	515	509	512	517	509	492	506
9	533	528	525	497	505	512	516	511	508	506	489	524
10	516	530	541	487	506	516	523	511	502	495	506	516
11	517	527	549	494	512	509	520	519	505	497	524	514
12	520	524	536	483	512	509	531	521	515	500	526	520
13	512	515	540	472	521	511	529	524	514	504	518	509
14	510	507	545	476	526	512	534	524	509	510	514	496
15	518	503	521	486	517	513	541	532	498	501	508	508
16	515	501	512	491	510	515	534	530	500	508	505	514
17	518	494	511	493	511	523	537	529	507	498	515	509
18	507	496	500	491	499	519	540	518	509	490	519	507
19	508	498	507	498	490	513	532	510	506	486	504	502
20	512	500	511	497	494	514	518	512	505	496	502	500
21	510	509	520	513	501	521	523	520	504	505	512	500
22	502	509	525	524	499	526	527	530	502	495	507	502
23	518	503	533	519	518	526	519	528	504	483	498	504
24	524	511	530	509	533	522	523	518	513	484	504	505
25	524	513	521	511	539	523	513	513	521	486	506	500
26	506	524	514	509	545	522	510	515	533	494	514	505
27	505	523	525	521	545	512	511	523	535	505	502	507
28	509	522	526	523	540	509	520	522	531	518	510	497
29	517		532	525	544	514	517	504	533	520	506	497
30	520		537	524	541	509	516	510	531	515	517	494
31	509		534		525		517	512		507		491
Means	517	515	527	503	515	513	522	519	518	506	509	506

TABLE VI.—MONTHLY AND ANNUAL DIURNAL INEQUALITIES of HORIZONTAL MAGNETIC FORCE.

(The results are expressed in C.G.S. units and in each case diminished by the smallest hourly value.)

1913.														
Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	For the Year.	
Midn.	10 γ	11 γ	13 γ	25 γ	22 γ	25 γ	25 γ	26 γ	29 γ	25 γ	14 γ	1 γ	18.1 γ	
1 ^h	10	11	13	23	21	24	24	26	29	24	13	1	17.5	
2	9	10	12	21	19	23	21	24	28	24	14	2	16.6	
3	10	11	12	21	17	21	20	23	27	25	14	3	16.3	
4	11	11	12	21	16	21	19	23	26	26	15	4	16.4	
5	13	13	14	20	15	19	19	21	24	26	16	6	16.5	
6	15	14	14	19	12	15	16	18	22	24	17	7	15.4	
7	14	14	14	17	8	10	13	13	18	20	16	6	12.9	
8	11	12	11	12	3	5	7	6	11	14	11	5	8.3	
9	5	8	4	5	1	2	4	2	4	7	5	4	3.6	
10	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0.3	
11	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0.0	
Noon	0	0	2	5	6	6	3	8	8	4	2	0	3.0	
13 ^h	4	2	5	10	11	11	7	14	16	10	5	1	7.3	
14	6	5	8	13	16	18	11	17	20	14	8	2	10.8	
15	7	6	10	18	19	24	17	20	22	17	10	1	13.5	
16	7	7	12	21	20	27	22	23	23	19	11	2	15.5	
17	9	8	12	24	22	31	25	25	26	20	14	4	17.6	
18	9	10	14	26	25	33	28	28	28	22	14	3	19.3	
19	8	11	14	27	26	34	31	31	30	23	15	3	20.4	
20	8	11	16	26	25	33	31	31	31	23	14	2	20.2	
21	9	11	15	26	26	31	30	31	31	24	14	1	20.0	
22	9	10	15	26	24	29	29	29	30	24	14	1	19.3	
23	9	11	14	26	23	27	26	27	30	24	14	1	18.6	
24	9	11	14	25	23	25	26	26	29	24	14	0	18.1	
Means	0 ^h -23 ^h	8.1	8.8	10.7	18.0	15.8	19.6	17.8	19.5	21.4	18.3	11.3	2.6	13.6
	1 ^h -24 ^h	8.1	8.8	10.8	18.0	15.9	19.6	17.9	19.5	21.4	18.3	11.3	2.5	13.6

TABLE VII.—DIURNAL RANGE of HORIZONTAL MAGNETIC FORCE, on each CIVIL DAY, as deduced from the TWENTY-FOUR HOURLY MEASURES of ORDINATES of the PHOTOGRAPHIC REGISTERS.

(The results are corrected for Temperature and are expressed in C.G.S. units.)

1913.												
Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
1	...	8 γ	16 γ	27 γ	20 γ	37 γ	42 γ	36 γ	36 γ	30 γ	27 γ	13 γ
2	20 γ	17	11	33	35	45	43	37	45	35	49	16
3	62	19	13	30	47	47	42	35	41	37	57	22
4	24	13	25	33	28	32	27	28	52	36	31	54
5	31	34	19	48	37	36	36	36	47	66	29	28
6	24	22	26	36	49	64	44	29	49	74	27	24
7	21	24	30	36	52	47	49	41	36	30	41	24
8	19	25	28	48	31	43	47	44	61	50	27	24
9	16	23	24	40	28	37	53	40	71	30	30	16
10	23	15	27	60	32	29	46	36	29	43	30	17
11	11	14	17	44	36	33	36	47	39	26	29	13
12	18	31	25	31	37	33	42	43	29	45	24	18
13	13	23	28	39	38	29	47	37	33	36	20	15
14	23	70	51	37	30	43	58	35	26	24	14	21
15	22	31	46	33	28	37	26	25	31	31	9	26
16	22	27	21	41	32	36	48	30	31	32	15	16
17	15	19	37	23	22	42	34	30	37	23	26	6
18	22	26	26	37	22	50	39	48	32	51	17	15
19	22	23	15	28	28	38	20	44	51	34	24	22
20	19	32	27	34	31	42	39	46	37	38	36	11
21	15	18	26	40	31	56	41	50	36	31	22	12
22	21	19	39	34	35	50	31	37	62	34	19	13
23	25	21	31	32	51	43	33	30	41	28	33	11
24	18	14	29	40	50	33	32	40	34	31	22	8
25	23	55	24	23	36	39	36	30	26	37	20	33
26	9	26	31	37	37	46	37	41	16	32	20	22
27	15	18	38	40	37	29	29	32	29	41	36	24
28	14	18	36	47	44	65	27	28	30	37	27	11
29	24		17	28	47	48	35	34	28	23	38	10
30	30		24	31	27	30	24	33	29	30	15	9
31	41		18		20		39	36		42		10
Means	22.1	24.5	26.6	36.3	34.8	41.3	38.1	36.7	38.1	36.7	27.1	18.2

The mean of the twelve monthly values is 31.7 γ.

TABLE VIII.—MONTHLY and ANNUAL MEAN DIURNAL INEQUALITIES of HORIZONTAL MAGNETIC FORCE from HOURLY ORDINATES, on FIVE SELECTED DAYS in each MONTH.

Each result is the mean of the corresponding hourly ordinates from the photographic register, on five quiet days in each month, selected by the International Committee for comparison with results at other Observatories. The results are corrected for Temperature and in each case diminished by the smallest hourly value. The days included are (* January 6 substituted for January 1):—

January	6*, 7, 12, 16, 24.	April	6, 20, 21, 22, 26.	July	4, 9, 17, 19, 28.	October	2, 3, 23, 24, 28.
February	3, 4, 23, 24, 28.	May	14, 20, 21, 22, 23.	August	1, 5, 20, 29, 30.	November	4, 14, 15, 16, 25.
March	1, 2, 10, 26, 27.	June	7, 8, 11, 12, 27.	September	4, 14, 20, 27, 29.	December	10, 11, 13, 17, 23.

1913.

Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	For the Year.
Midn.	15 γ	4 γ	11 γ	26 γ	22 γ	22 γ	21 γ	31 γ	26 γ	26 γ	14 γ	7 γ	17.7 γ
1 ^h	16	4	11	26	21	21	18	30	26	27	11	5	17.0
2	14	4	11	25	19	21	16	28	27	28	11	5	16.4
3	15	4	13	23	16	19	15	28	26	28	12	4	15.9
4	16	4	13	23	18	19	15	27	25	27	13	4	16.0
5	17	5	15	22	16	19	15	25	24	27	12	5	15.8
6	18	6	15	23	14	16	13	22	23	26	12	6	15.2
7	19	6	16	23	9	7	10	16	20	23	11	6	12.8
8	16	6	16	19	2	4	7	8	13	16	8	5	9.0
9	8	5	8	13	0	1	5	4	5	8	4	5	4.5
10	3	2	1	4	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	3	0.3
11	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	5	0	4	0	0	0.0
Noon	1	0	3	7	9	3	1	13	5	9	4	1	3.7
13 ^h	8	2	6	12	16	9	2	19	12	16	7	2	8.3
14	11	3	8	16	22	14	6	20	17	22	11	5	11.9
15	14	4	10	21	25	17	11	24	18	27	11	5	14.6
16	15	5	15	25	23	20	17	26	20	28	12	6	16.7
17	16	9	18	29	26	24	23	29	23	29	15	6	19.6
18	16	11	17	32	27	27	27	31	25	31	16	8	21.3
19	14	10	19	33	29	28	27	35	28	32	16	7	22.2
20	13	9	19	31	29	26	27	36	31	30	16	6	21.7
21	13	9	18	32	32	24	26	35	30	29	15	4	21.3
22	15	10	19	33	31	22	24	34	29	29	14	3	20.9
23	14	9	17	33	29	21	22	34	29	28	14	1	19.9
24	15	8	17	32	28	19	21	34	28	27	13	2	19.3
Means	12.8	5.5	12.5	22.1	18.3	16.0	14.5	23.3	20.1	22.9	10.8	4.5	14.3
1 ^h -24 ^h	12.8	5.6	12.7	22.4	18.5	15.9	14.5	23.5	20.2	23.0	10.8	4.3	14.3

TABLE IX.—MEAN VERTICAL MAGNETIC FORCE for each CIVIL DAY.

(Each result is the mean of 24 hourly ordinates from the photographic register, expressed in C.G.S. units. The values are corrected for Temperature.)

1913.												
Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
	43000 γ +											
d												
1	...	298 γ	305 γ	264 γ	278 γ	290 γ	312 γ	304 γ	313 γ	287 γ	299 γ	295 γ
2	295 γ	298	299	266	281	273	303	309	314	286	308	295
3	306	298	303	260	278	297	302	293	305	276	299	295
4	306	308	314	265	278	292	303	304	303	283	295	293
5	320	310	316	265	263	294	305	302	302	283	288	286
6	303	311	328	267	267	287	304	296	309	281	286	282
7	319	313	319	256	267	276	290	291	313	286	291	274
8	313	311	320	244	258	274	294	293	302	275	283	273
9	303	307	309	259	268	270	284	285	303	277	280	280
10	306	310	304	253	272	266	281	286	301	275	276	283
11	290	302	313	246	282	264	290	279	294	259	286	275
12	288	300	318	238	273	263	295	286	294	259	282	272
13	276	292	320	235	282	267	302	289	306	257	280	276
14	269	286	321	241	285	267	299	292	300	264	276	272
15	281	283	314	238	287	266	299	290	286	260	273	266
16	274	284	314	250	287	271	299	298	277	261	261	265
17	274	268	315	244	286	281	295	296	278	257	260	266
18	278	258	308	237	286	287	301	299	275	252	273	267
19	280	258	308	239	281	293	306	298	273	253	269	254
20	280	255	308	246	278	295	306	290	264	255	264	255
21	282	251	305	252	278	287	304	287	270	263	262	253
22	282	260	312	249	278	282	297	285	274	257	260	249
23	271	251	312	258	272	276	294	296	272	256	250	244
24	282	256	311	264	281	287	295	294	275	248	241	245
25	295	268	305	272	285	275	298	283	279	241	239	238
26	290	266	304	271	295	269	309	289	286	244	245	242
27	285	273	307	267	306	274	307	285	288	246	237	244
28	274	274	308	270	307	273	300	287	294	251	239	239
29	276		315	279	312	274	308	296	292	256	244	232
30	287		316	278	324	294	311	297	292	259	247	226
31	287		322		332		311	303		253		214
Means	289	284	312	256	284	279	300	293	291	263	270	263

TABLE X.—MONTHLY and ANNUAL MEAN DIURNAL INEQUALITIES OF VERTICAL MAGNETIC FORCE.

(The results are expressed in C.G.S. units and in each case diminished by the smallest hourly value.)

1913.														
Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	For the Year.	
Midn.	1 γ	12 γ	18 γ	19 γ	21 γ	17 γ	17 γ	15 γ	14 γ	9 γ	4 γ	6 γ	12.7 γ	
1 ^h	0	10	18	19	21	17	17	15	12	9	3	6	12.1	
2	1	10	18	21	22	17	16	15	12	8	3	6	12.3	
3	2	9	18	23	23	17	16	15	12	7	3	6	12.5	
4	3	10	19	24	24	19	19	16	12	7	3	7	13.5	
5	3	10	19	23	26	20	20	17	14	7	3	8	14.1	
6	4	10	18	23	25	20	19	18	14	7	4	6	13.9	
7	3	10	17	22	23	19	19	18	16	8	4	6	13.7	
8	2	8	17	19	21	14	16	16	13	9	3	3	11.6	
9	2	8	14	15	16	11	13	14	11	7	1	2	9.4	
10	2	3	8	8	9	6	10	10	6	3	0	0	5.3	
11	1	0	3	3	2	1	4	4	2	0	0	0	1.6	
Noon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.0	
13 ^h	1	4	2	1	5	5	2	3	2	4	1	0	2.4	
14	4	8	9	9	11	9	7	9	6	8	5	2	7.2	
15	5	11	13	17	17.1	13	12	13	10	11	6	3	10.8	
16	5	14	19	21	21	17	15	16	13	12	5	6	13.6	
17	4	15	20	24	26	21	20	17	14	11	7	6	15.3	
18	4	13	19	26	26	22	23	17	14	12	7	6	15.6	
19	4	13	19	26	26	22	22	16	15	12	6	6	15.5	
20	3	11	20	24	25	19	21	16	13	11	5	6	14.4	
21	0	11	19	22	25	18	18	13	13	10	5	5	13.2	
22	0	10	18	20	24	17	17	14	13	10	3	4	12.4	
23	0	10	18	19	24	16	17	15	13	9	2	3	12.1	
24	0	12	18	20	23	17	17	16	13	8	2	3	12.3	
Means	0 ^h -23 ^h	2.3	9.2	15.1	17.8	19.3	14.9	15.0	13.4	11.0	8.0	3.5	4.3	11.0
	1 ^h -24 ^h	2.2	9.2	15.1	17.9	19.4	14.9	15.0	13.5	11.0	7.9	3.4	4.2	11.0

TABLE XI.—DIURNAL RANGE of VERTICAL MAGNETIC FORCE, on each CIVIL DAY, as deduced from the TWENTY-FOUR HOURLY MEASURES of ORDINATES of the PHOTOGRAPHIC REGISTERS.

(The results are corrected for Temperature and expressed in C.G.S. units.)

1913.												
Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
d												
1	...	15 γ	12 γ	29 γ	49 γ	28 γ	26 γ	14 γ	23 γ	26 γ	16 γ	14 γ
2	13 γ	19	22	27	35	37	36	23	32	26	28	16
3	59	22	24	24	35	23	37	29	28	33	23	10
4	17	16	23	23	48	28	24	12	19	22	14	26
5	19	10	19	32	61	25	21	23	30	32	10	17
6	15	18	20	32	58	59	31	29	21	28	11	14
7	10	11	22	46	23	33	36	29	25	18	15	10
8	21	24	32	32	29	30	20	27	28	35	19	12
9	7	13	38	70	29	29	23	25	32	19	13	10
10	20	17	30	29	31	30	31	17	17	25	18	12
11	11	49	23	39	29	29	16	29	11	20	13	16
12	8	27	24	36	27	35	22	34	30	20	14	17
13	17	19	26	27	34	25	20	23	7	18	23	19
14	12	37	40	25	42	26	23	20	28	9	18	14
15	20	43	33	29	29	23	44	21	15	19	18	10
16	13	18	36	38	21	29	24	21	12	12	16	18
17	11	29	23	34	18	13	28	23	24	22	26	22
18	13	23	32	29	27	16	29	26	27	52	14	19
19	13	12	19	19	37	38	16	32	23	16	19	9
20	16	21	30	27	33	17	62	23	31	15	17	8
21	13	23	35	42	29	39	20	20	26	10	13	11
22	11	23	24	27	42	20	29	31	23	15	9	10
23	11	45	32	25	48	38	26	22	20	10	21	10
24	23	25	23	39	32	13	26	26	23	17	17	10
25	12	33	40	36	22	29	41	17	17	14	19	15
26	15	32	36	33	35	25	20	23	23	11	12	12
27	7	17	32	38	22	19	26	18	22	16	17	12
28	25	14	37	33	41	24	27	22	16	10	28	13
29	13		32	37	28	36	29	21	24	10	13	21
30	14		29	30	29	18	24	29	22	16	9	12
31	24		38		29		20	17		23		9
Means	16.1	23.4	28.6	32.9	34.2	27.4	28.0	23.3	22.3	19.8	16.7	13.8

The mean of the twelve monthly values is 23.9 γ.

TABLE XII.—MONTHLY and ANNUAL MEAN DIURNAL INEQUALITIES of VERTICAL MAGNETIC FORCE from HOURLY ORDINATES, on FIVE SELECTED DAYS in each MONTH.

Each result is the mean of the corresponding hourly ordinates from the photographic register, on five quiet days in each month, selected by the International Committee for comparison with results at other Observatories. The results are corrected for Temperature and in each case diminished by the smallest hourly value. The days included are (* January 6 substituted for January 1):—

January 6*, 7, 12, 16, 24. April 6, 20, 21, 22, 26. July 4, 9, 17, 19, 28. October 2, 3, 23, 24, 28.
 February 3, 4, 23, 24, 28. May 14, 20, 21, 22, 23. August 1, 5, 20, 29, 30. November 4, 14, 15, 16, 25.
 March 1, 2, 10, 26, 27. June 7, 8, 11, 12, 27. September 4, 14, 20, 27, 29. December 10, 11, 13, 17, 23.

1913.													
Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	For the Year.
Midn.	2 γ	14 γ	18 γ	25 γ	27 γ	18 γ	17 γ	15 γ	17 γ	11 γ	4 γ	6 γ	13.8 γ
1 ^h	0	13	18	26	27	15	16	16	17	13	6	8	13.9
2	1	15	19	27	29	17	16	16	16	13	4	8	14.4
3	0	14	19	29	30	21	18	17	16	12	4	10	15.1
4	1	13	19	29	32	22	20	16	16	12	5	9	15.5
5	4	13	19	29	34	23	20	18	19	13	6	10	16.6
6	3	11	19	28	34	23	21	17	20	13	6	10	16.4
7	1	11	19	26	33	23	21	17	20	16	6	10	16.2
8	2	9	18	23	30	16	17	16	20	15	4	5	13.9
9	2	9	17	19	22	10	14	15	16	10	3	2	10.9
10	3	4	9	12	10	7	10	12	10	5	3	0	6.4
11	4	0	3	5	1	1	4	5	4	2	1	1	1.9
Noon	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0.0
13 ^h	2	5	2	0	5	3	0	4	0	5	0	4	1.8
14	5	9	6	6	12	10	5	10	1	10	7	5	6.5
15	5	14	11	11	19	14	9	12	6	11	7	5	9.6
16	4	16	19	13	21	20	13	15	9	11	5	7	12.0
17	5	17	19	19	26	24	17	15	13	11	6	8	14.3
18	7	18	19	19	24	22	19	14	12	10	6	9	14.2
19	5	16	19	20	22	23	19	13	11	12	3	8	13.5
20	6	14	19	19	21	19	17	12	9	11	3	8	12.5
21	3	14	18	19	21	19	16	10	10	11	3	8	12.0
22	3	12	19	21	21	18	16	11	10	10	2	6	11.7
23	3	13	19	20	23	18	16	13	12	10	1	6	12.1
24	3	11	20	26	25	17	18	16	13	11	1	6	13.2
Means	3.0	11.5	15.3	18.5	21.8	16.1	14.2	12.9	11.9	10.3	4.0	6.4	11.5
Means	3.1	11.3	15.4	18.6	21.8	16.0	14.3	12.9	11.7	10.3	3.9	6.4	11.4

TABLE XIII.—MEAN TEMPERATURE for each CIVIL DAY within the box inclosing the HORIZONTAL FORCE MAGNET.

1913.												
Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
d												
1	...	66°8	66°2	67°3	67°1	66°9	67°2	67°2	67°2	66°9	66°8	67°4
2	65°9	66°0	66°0	66°6	67°6	67°6	67°6	66°9	67°3	66°8	67°0	66°3
3	66°2	67°0	66°8	67°0	67°4	67°1	67°8	68°0	67°0	67°7	66°3	67°0
4	68°2	67°1	67°2	66°9	66°2	67°7	67°7	67°7	67°8	66°8	66°1	66°7
5	67°3	67°5	67°7	66°9	67°4	67°5	66°9	66°6	68°1	66°1	67°8	67°1
6	66°9	67°2	67°6	66°9	67°4	66°6	66°3	66°4	67°2	65°6	66°9	67°3
7	66°5	67°6	67°1	66°5	66°3	67°5	67°1	67°2	66°3	65°4	66°5	66°8
8	66°5	67°0	66°2	67°3	67°2	67°4	66°8	66°5	66°6	66°7	67°5	67°1
9	66°9	67°2	65°9	67°0	67°7	66°5	67°0	66°5	66°8	66°4	66°9	67°1
10	65°6	67°9	67°3	66°3	67°0	66°9	67°0	67°1	66°0	66°0	68°0	66°1
11	65°5	66°9	67°0	66°0	66°6	67°0	67°3	67°6	66°5	66°3	66°8	66°3
12	66°4	67°1	68°4	65°9	67°5	67°4	68°2	67°2	67°6	66°5	67°1	66°7
13	65°7	67°0	67°7	66°2	68°1	67°5	68°5	66°8	67°1	67°1	65°1	65°7
14	66°0	65°7	67°7	66°9	67°0	67°2	67°5	67°0	66°9	66°5	65°6	66°0
15	66°6	66°9	66°4	67°5	67°5	67°9	67°1	67°4	66°6	66°7	65°4	66°9
16	66°8	66°9	67°1	67°4	67°0	68°7	67°0	67°2	66°9	66°7	66°4	66°2
17	66°9	66°8	66°4	66°9	67°7	69°1	67°0	67°4	66°9	66°2	67°9	66°5
18	66°8	65°8	66°7	66°6	68°0	69°1	67°6	67°2	66°5	67°5	67°7	65°9
19	65°5	66°3	67°3	67°4	66°9	68°8	66°9	66°4	66°8	67°0	65°8	66°2
20	66°9	65°2	66°9	67°0	67°0	68°2	67°0	66°6	67°0	67°8	68°2	67°1
21	66°6	65°8	66°9	66°1	67°9	66°5	66°9	67°1	67°0	67°1	67°5	66°8
22	66°1	66°2	67°4	67°0	67°3	66°9	66°8	68°0	66°7	66°0	65°9	66°9
23	67°0	65°5	67°2	66°8	67°8	67°9	66°2	67°8	66°7	67°0	64°6	66°9
24	67°6	66°2	66°8	66°6	68°4	66°4	66°2	66°9	67°1	67°5	66°8	66°6
25	67°3	67°1	65°3	67°8	68°1	66°5	67°7	67°8	67°6	67°4	68°2	66°6
26	66°6	66°7	66°9	66°5	68°5	67°0	67°3	67°2	68°0	67°8	66°7	66°9
27	66°8	66°8	67°3	67°7	68°8	67°0	66°8	67°7	68°4	68°1	66°2	66°8
28	66°2	66°9	67°9	68°3	68°7	67°6	68°1	68°1	67°6	68°0	67°7	66°4
29	67°1		66°9	67°1	68°9	68°5	67°5	68°4	67°2	67°5	67°4	65°8
30	67°1		68°1	67°4	69°3	68°0	67°3	68°3	67°0	67°1	67°9	66°6
31	67°2		67°1		67°7		66°7	68°6		67°0		66°8
Means	66°·62	66°·68	67°·01	66°·93	67°·61	67°·50	67°·19	67°·32	67°·08	66°·88	66°·82	66°·63

TABLE XIV.—MONTHLY and ANNUAL MEAN TEMPERATURE at each HOUR of the DAY within the box inclosing the HORIZONTAL FORCE MAGNET.

1913.													
Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	For the Year.
Midn.	67°2	67°4	67°6	67°5	68°0	67°8	67°5	67°6	67°3	67°2	67°2	67°0	67°44
1 ^h	67°0	67°1	67°4	67°3	67°9	67°7	67°4	67°5	67°3	67°1	67°1	66°9	67°31
2	66°8	66°9	67°2	67°1	67°7	67°6	67°3	67°4	67°2	67°0	66°9	66°8	67°16
3	66°6	66°6	67°0	66°9	67°5	67°5	67°2	67°3	67°1	66°9	66°8	66°7	67°01
4	66°4	66°4	66°8	66°7	67°4	67°4	67°1	67°2	67°0	66°8	66°7	66°5	66°87
5	66°2	66°3	66°7	66°5	67°2	67°3	67°0	67°1	66°9	66°7	66°6	66°4	66°74
6	66°1	66°2	66°6	66°4	67°1	67°2	67°0	67°1	66°8	66°5	66°6	66°3	66°66
7	66°1	66°1	66°6	66°4	67°1	67°2	66°9	67°0	66°8	66°5	66°5	66°3	66°62
8	66°1	66°1	66°6	66°4	67°1	67°2	66°9	67°0	66°8	66°5	66°5	66°4	66°63
9	66°1	66°1	66°6	66°5	67°1	67°2	66°9	67°0	66°8	66°5	66°6	66°4	66°65
10	66°2	66°2	66°6	66°5	67°1	67°2	67°0	67°0	66°8	66°6	66°5	66°4	66°68
11	66°3	66°3	66°6	66°5	67°2	67°2	66°9	67°1	66°8	66°6	66°5	66°4	66°70
Noon	66°4	66°3	66°6	66°6	67°3	67°2	66°9	67°1	66°8	66°6	66°6	66°4	66°73
13 ^h	66°5	66°4	66°7	66°7	67°5	67°3	67°1	67°2	67°0	66°7	66°7	66°5	66°86
14	66°6	66°6	66°8	66°8	67°6	67°4	67°1	67°3	67°0	66°8	66°8	66°6	66°95
15	66°7	66°7	67°0	66°9	67°7	67°5	67°2	67°3	67°1	66°9	66°9	66°7	67°05
16	66°8	66°8	67°2	67°1	67°8	67°6	67°3	67°4	67°2	67°0	67°0	66°8	67°17
17	66°8	66°9	67°2	67°2	67°9	67°7	67°3	67°5	67°3	67°1	67°0	66°8	67°22
18	66°9	67°0	67°3	67°3	68°0	67°7	67°3	67°5	67°3	67°1	67°0	66°7	67°26
19	66°9	67°0	67°3	67°4	68°1	67°7	67°4	67°5	67°3	67°2	67°0	66°7	67°29
20	66°9	67°1	67°4	67°4	68°1	67°8	67°4	67°6	67°4	67°2	67°0	66°7	67°33
21	67°0	67°2	67°4	67°4	68°2	67°8	67°5	67°6	67°3	67°2	67°0	66°8	67°37
22	67°1	67°3	67°5	67°4	68°1	67°8	67°5	67°7	67°3	67°2	67°1	66°9	67°41
23	67°2	67°4	67°6	67°4	68°1	67°9	67°5	67°6	67°3	67°2	67°1	67°0	67°44
24	67°2	67°3	67°6	67°4	68°0	67°8	67°5	67°6	67°3	67°2	67°2	67°0	67°43

TABLE XV.—MEAN TEMPERATURE for each CIVIL DAY within the box inclosing the VERTICAL FORCE MAGNET.

1913.												
Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
d	...	67°6	66°2	67°0	67°1	67°0	66°8	66°5	66°4	66°3	66°8	66°6
1	66°5	67°3	66°8	66°7	67°1	68°3	67°7	66°1	66°0	66°4	67°1	66°5
2	66°8	67°7	67°7	67°9	67°0	66°5	68°0	68°2	66°9	67°8	66°7	66°9
3	68°5	66°6	67°7	67°4	66°1	67°0	67°6	67°1	67°8	66°8	66°8	67°0
4	66°9	67°0	68°0	67°2	66°8	66°7	66°7	66°3	67°8	66°0	68°0	67°2
5	68°1	67°1	67°3	66°8	67°5	66°6	66°0	66°1	66°7	66°3	66°9	67°1
6	66°3	67°1	67°7	66°8	66°3	67°4	67°8	66°9	65°7	65°6	66°3	66°9
7	65°9	67°0	66°3	67°6	67°7	67°9	66°9	65°9	66°8	67°2	67°2	67°1
8	67°0	67°4	66°2	67°0	67°6	67°1	67°0	66°5	67°0	66°6	67°4	66°6
9	66°2	67°8	67°5	66°4	67°0	67°2	67°5	67°0	65°9	65°9	68°2	66°0
10	66°6	66°9	67°0	66°7	66°7	67°6	67°0	68°0	66°6	67°0	66°5	66°8
11	66°4	66°2	67°6	67°3	68°1	67°4	67°9	66°8	67°7	67°3	66°6	66°9
12	66°5	67°1	67°1	67°3	68°1	67°3	67°8	66°1	66°5	67°8	65°6	66°1
13	67°4	66°5	66°8	67°0	67°0	67°3	66°9	66°3	66°4	66°4	66°1	66°4
14	66°5	67°8	67°3	67°6	67°1	67°7	66°9	66°7	67°2	66°7	65°9	67°0
15	67°6	67°1	68°5	67°2	66°9	68°1	67°2	66°5	67°4	66°9	67°1	66°2
16	67°5	67°9	66°5	66°5	67°6	68°5	67°3	66°7	66°9	66°8	68°1	66°6
17	67°6	67°4	67°5	67°1	67°9	68°3	67°7	66°6	66°7	67°9	67°5	65°9
18	66°7	66°8	67°6	68°0	66°7	67°7	66°6	65°9	66°7	67°3	66°3	67°0
19	67°3	66°3	67°3	67°2	66°9	66°9	67°0	66°6	67°8	67°7	67°6	67°1
20	67°0	66°6	67°3	66°1	67°8	66°4	66°6	67°2	67°5	66°6	67°5	66°7
21	66°5	66°9	68°0	67°1	67°2	66°9	67°2	67°5	66°8	66°5	66°4	66°8
22	67°8	66°6	67°8	67°5	67°6	68°6	66°6	67°0	66°8	67°1	65°8	67°1
23	67°9	67°0	67°1	67°1	67°6	66°2	66°5	66°1	67°2	67°2	67°2	66°4
24	67°3	66°8	66°4	67°7	67°5	66°4	68°0	67°9	67°7	67°5	68°4	66°7
25	67°2	67°2	67°5	66°3	67°9	67°1	66°8	66°6	67°7	67°6	66°8	67°0
26	66°8	67°5	67°3	67°0	67°9	67°3	66°7	67°1	67°9	67°8	67°1	66°8
27	67°6	67°0	67°8	68°1	67°8	67°5	68°0	67°5	67°1	67°2	68°0	66°5
28	67°9		66°6	66°6	68°3	68°7	66°9	67°7	66°6	66°9	67°6	66°1
29	67°4		67°7	67°5	68°5	67°3	66°6	67°6	66°6	66°6	67°4	66°7
30	67°1		67°0		66°9		66°1	67°7		67°1		67°7
31												
Means	67°·09	67°·08	67°·26	67°·12	67°·36	67°·36	67°·11	66°·86	66°·96	66°·93	67°·03	66°·72

TABLE XVI.—MONTHLY and ANNUAL MEAN TEMPERATURE at each HOUR of the DAY within the box inclosing the VERTICAL FORCE MAGNET.

1913.													
Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	For the Year.
Midn.	67°7	67°7	67°8	67°7	67°7	67°6	67°4	67°1	67°2	67°2	67°3	67°1	67°46
1 ^h	67°5	67°5	67°6	67°5	67°6	67°5	67°3	67°0	67°1	67°1	67°2	67°0	67°32
2	67°2	67°2	67°4	67°2	67°4	67°4	67°2	66°9	67°0	67°0	67°1	66°8	67°15
3	67°0	67°0	67°2	67°0	67°2	67°3	67°1	66°8	66°9	66°9	67°0	66°7	67°01
4	66°8	66°7	67°0	66°8	66°7	67°1	67°0	66°7	66°8	66°8	66°9	66°5	66°86
5	66°6	66°6	66°8	66°7	66°9	67°1	66°9	66°6	66°7	66°7	66°8	66°4	66°73
6	66°5	66°4	66°7	66°5	66°8	67°0	66°8	66°5	66°7	66°5	66°7	66°3	66°62
7	66°5	66°4	66°7	66°5	66°8	66°9	66°8	66°5	66°6	66°5	66°7	66°4	66°61
8	66°5	66°4	66°6	66°6	66°8	67°0	66°8	66°5	66°6	66°5	66°7	66°4	66°62
9	66°5	66°4	66°6	66°6	66°8	67°0	66°8	66°5	66°6	66°5	66°8	66°4	66°63
10	66°6	66°5	66°7	66°6	66°9	67°0	66°8	66°5	66°7	66°6	66°8	66°5	66°68
11	66°8	66°7	66°8	66°6	67°1	67°1	66°8	66°6	66°7	66°7	66°8	66°6	66°77
Noon.	66°9	66°8	66°9	66°7	67°2	67°2	66°8	66°7	66°8	66°8	66°9	66°7	66°87
13 ^h	67°0	66°9	67°1	67°0	67°3	67°3	67°0	66°8	66°9	66°9	67°0	66°8	67°00
14	67°1	67°1	67°3	67°2	67°5	67°5	67°1	66°9	67°0	67°0	67°1	66°9	67°14
15	67°2	67°3	67°5	67°3	67°5	67°6	67°2	67°0	67°1	67°1	67°2	67°0	67°25
16	67°2	67°3	67°6	67°4	67°7	67°7	67°3	67°1	67°2	67°2	67°3	66°9	67°32
17	67°3	67°4	67°6	67°5	67°7	67°7	67°3	67°1	67°2	67°2	67°3	66°9	67°35
18	67°4	67°5	67°7	67°6	67°8	67°7	67°3	67°1	67°2	67°2	67°2	66°8	67°37
19	67°4	67°5	67°7	67°6	67°8	67°6	67°3	67°1	67°2	67°2	67°2	66°8	67°37
20	67°5	67°5	67°7	67°6	67°8	67°6	67°3	67°1	67°2	67°2	67°1	66°8	67°37
21	67°6	67°6	67°7	67°6	67°8	67°6	67°4	67°2	67°2	67°2	67°1	66°8	67°40
22	67°7	67°7	67°8	67°6	67°8	67°6	67°4	67°2	67°2	67°2	67°2	66°9	67°44
23	67°7	67°8	67°8	67°6	67°7	67°7	67°4	67°1	67°2	67°2	67°3	67°0	67°46
24	67°7	67°7	67°9	67°6	67°7	67°6	67°4	67°1	67°2	67°2	67°3	67°1	67°46

TABLE XVII.—VALUES of the CO-EFFICIENTS in the PERIODICAL EXPRESSION

$$V_t = m + a_1 \cos t + b_1 \sin t + a_2 \cos 2t + b_2 \sin 2t + a_3 \cos 3t + b_3 \sin 3t + a_4 \cos 4t + b_4 \sin 4t$$

(in which t is the time from Greenwich mean midnight converted into arc at the rate of 15° to each hour, and V_t the mean value of the magnetic element at the time t for each month and for the year, as given in Tables II., V., IX., and XII., the values for Horizontal Force and Vertical Force being corrected for temperature).

The values of the co-efficients for Declination are given in minutes of arc: the unit for Horizontal Force and Vertical Force is 1γ (0.00001 C.G.S. unit).

Month, 1913.	m	a_1	b_1	a_2	b_2	a_3	b_3	a_4	b_4
DECLINATION WEST.									
January.....	1.36	- 1.10	- 0.20	+ 0.28	+ 0.72	- 0.37	- 0.05	+ 0.26	+ 0.13
February.....	1.22	- 1.04	- 0.58	+ 0.31	+ 0.89	- 0.33	- 0.25	+ 0.25	+ 0.21
March.....	2.41	- 1.53	- 1.08	+ 0.95	+ 1.37	- 0.67	- 0.55	+ 0.34	+ 0.36
April.....	3.18	- 1.59	- 1.44	+ 1.13	+ 1.66	- 0.71	- 0.69	+ 0.32	+ 0.23
May.....	3.25	- 1.56	- 1.62	+ 1.60	+ 1.15	- 0.72	- 0.18	+ 0.13	- 0.01
June.....	3.73	- 1.64	- 2.31	+ 1.48	+ 1.23	- 0.61	- 0.24	+ 0.02	+ 0.08
July.....	3.66	- 1.50	- 2.26	+ 1.32	+ 1.44	- 0.55	- 0.32	+ 0.03	+ 0.04
August.....	3.22	- 1.92	- 1.55	+ 1.69	+ 1.05	- 0.93	- 0.35	+ 0.15	+ 0.16
September.....	2.59	- 1.87	- 1.15	+ 1.42	+ 0.95	- 0.87	- 0.42	+ 0.35	+ 0.12
October.....	1.83	- 1.59	- 0.50	+ 0.85	+ 0.98	- 0.64	- 0.31	+ 0.53	+ 0.09
November.....	1.22	- 1.09	- 0.25	+ 0.36	+ 0.67	- 0.50	- 0.16	+ 0.34	+ 0.11
December.....	0.95	- 0.73	- 0.05	+ 0.29	+ 0.38	- 0.23	+ 0.02	+ 0.09	+ 0.04
For the Year.....	2.19	- 1.43	- 1.08	+ 0.97	+ 1.04	- 0.59	- 0.29	+ 0.23	+ 0.13
HORIZONTAL FORCE.									
January.....	8.1	+ 3.2	+ 1.5	- 3.1	+ 0.7	+ 1.3	- 1.7	+ 0.4	+ 0.7
February.....	8.8	+ 4.0	+ 1.4	- 3.2	- 0.5	+ 1.3	- 0.9	- 0.1	+ 0.9
March.....	10.7	+ 5.0	- 1.3	- 3.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.9	- 1.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.9
April.....	18.0	+ 9.3	- 4.8	- 4.1	+ 1.7	+ 1.0	- 1.8	+ 0.7	+ 0.7
May.....	15.8	+ 8.0	- 7.7	- 1.9	+ 2.5	- 0.4	- 1.4	+ 0.4	+ 0.4
June.....	19.6	+ 9.8	- 10.0	- 4.3	+ 3.1	- 0.2	- 1.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.1
July.....	17.8	+ 10.9	- 7.2	- 4.3	+ 0.9	+ 0.2	- 1.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.4
August.....	19.5	+ 10.2	- 7.1	- 3.0	+ 2.8	- 1.2	- 1.9	+ 0.6	+ 0.8
September.....	21.4	+ 10.9	- 5.4	- 3.2	+ 3.6	- 0.2	- 2.7	+ 0.5	+ 1.7
October.....	18.3	+ 9.5	- 1.0	- 4.4	+ 3.0	+ 0.7	- 2.6	+ 0.3	+ 0.9
November.....	11.3	+ 5.2	- 0.2	- 3.9	+ 1.1	+ 0.9	- 1.7	+ 0.5	+ 0.8
December.....	2.6	0.0	+ 1.4	- 2.2	0.0	+ 0.3	- 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.1
For the Year.....	13.6	+ 7.2	- 3.4	- 3.4	+ 1.6	+ 0.4	- 1.6	+ 0.3	+ 0.7
VERTICAL FORCE.									
January.....	2.3	- 0.8	- 0.5	- 1.7	+ 0.8	+ 0.3	0.0	- 0.2	0.0
February.....	9.2	+ 2.9	- 2.0	- 3.2	+ 1.1	+ 2.1	- 0.2	- 0.4	+ 0.1
March.....	15.1	+ 6.1	- 0.6	- 4.9	+ 0.1	+ 2.4	+ 0.2	- 1.3	- 0.3
April.....	17.8	+ 7.2	- 0.8	- 7.6	+ 0.4	+ 2.0	+ 0.6	- 1.1	- 0.1
May.....	19.3	+ 7.9	- 0.9	- 7.1	0.0	+ 2.3	- 0.6	- 0.9	- 0.1
June.....	14.9	+ 5.9	- 1.1	- 6.0	+ 0.7	+ 1.7	- 0.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.4
July.....	15.0	+ 5.8	- 0.6	- 5.9	- 0.9	+ 1.6	+ 0.7	0.0	- 0.1
August.....	13.4	+ 3.8	+ 0.5	- 4.6	0.0	+ 2.7	+ 0.2	- 0.7	- 0.1
September.....	11.0	+ 4.0	- 0.1	- 3.9	- 0.5	+ 2.3	- 0.2	- 0.3	+ 0.1
October.....	8.0	+ 2.2	- 2.3	- 2.4	+ 0.3	+ 1.9	- 0.3	- 0.9	+ 0.7
November.....	3.5	+ 0.7	- 1.6	- 1.7	+ 0.7	+ 0.5	- 0.2	0.0	+ 0.5
December.....	4.3	+ 2.4	+ 0.1	- 2.1	+ 1.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.1
For the Year.....	11.0	+ 4.0	- 0.8	- 4.3	+ 0.3	+ 1.7	0.0	- 0.5	+ 0.1

TABLE XVIII.—VALUES of the CO-EFFICIENTS and CONSTANT ANGLES in the PERIODICAL EXPRESSIONS

$$V_t = m + c_1 \sin(t + \alpha) + c_2 \sin(2t + \beta) + c_3 \sin(3t + \gamma) + c_4 \sin(4t + \delta)$$

$$V_{t'} = m + c_1 \sin(t' + \alpha') + c_2 \sin(2t' + \beta') + c_3 \sin(3t' + \gamma') + c_4 \sin(4t' + \delta')$$

(in which t and t' are the times from Greenwich mean midnight and apparent midnight respectively, converted into arc at the rate of 15° to each hour, and $V_t, V_{t'}$ the mean value of the magnetic element at the time t or t' for each month and for the year, as given in Tables II., V., IX., and XII., the values for Horizontal Force and Vertical Force being corrected for temperature).

The values of the co-efficients for Declination are given in minutes of arc: the unit for Horizontal Force and Vertical Force is 1 γ (0.00001 C.G.S. unit).

Month, 1913.	m	c_1	α	α'	c_2	β	β'	c_3	γ	γ'	c_4	δ	δ'
DECLINATION WEST.													
January	1.36	1.11	259.52	262.13	0.77	20.48	25.29	0.37	262.5	269.7	0.29	63.17	72.40
February	1.22	1.19	240.36	244.6	0.94	19.1	26.0	0.41	233.6	243.35	0.33	50.33	64.31
March	2.41	1.87	234.54	237.5	1.66	34.47	39.10	0.87	230.30	237.4	0.50	43.26	52.11
April	3.18	2.14	227.45	227.49	2.01	34.11	34.18	0.99	225.41	225.52	0.40	54.37	54.52
May	3.25	2.25	223.50	222.59	1.97	54.24	52.41	0.74	256.1	253.27	0.13	93.19	89.53
June	3.73	2.84	215.22	215.27	1.92	50.14	50.23	0.65	248.22	248.36	0.08	14.45	15.3
July	3.66	2.71	213.30	214.52	1.95	42.41	45.25	0.64	239.38	243.44	0.05	37.34	43.2
August	3.22	2.47	230.58	231.56	1.99	58.11	60.8	0.99	249.18	252.13	0.22	43.18	47.12
September	2.59	2.20	238.18	237.5	1.70	56.13	53.47	0.96	244.23	240.44	0.37	70.30	65.38
October	1.83	1.67	252.40	249.11	1.30	41.6	34.9	0.71	244.2	233.36	0.54	79.55	66.0
November	1.22	1.12	257.5	253.23	0.76	28.30	21.7	0.52	252.15	241.10	0.35	72.12	57.26
December	0.95	0.73	265.43	264.39	0.48	38.2	35.53	0.23	274.13	271.0	0.09	67.44	63.27
For the Year	2.19	1.79	232.50	232.50	1.42	43.8	43.8	0.66	243.48	243.48	0.27	60.59	60.59
HORIZONTAL FORCE.													
January	8.1	3.5	64.21	66.42	3.2	282.8	286.49	2.1	141.2	148.4	0.8	29.53	39.16
February	8.8	4.2	70.57	74.27	3.2	260.19	267.18	1.5	125.19	135.48	0.9	354.30	368.28
March	10.7	5.2	104.22	106.33	3.3	277.3	281.26	2.0	153.39	160.13	0.9	7.34	16.19
April	18.0	10.5	117.5	117.9	4.5	292.57	293.4	2.1	150.36	150.47	1.0	42.36	42.51
May	15.8	11.1	133.36	132.45	3.1	322.46	321.3	1.4	196.13	193.39	0.6	43.53	40.27
June	19.6	14.0	135.33	135.38	5.3	306.2	306.11	1.0	194.23	194.37	0.2	49.38	49.56
July	17.8	13.1	123.25	124.47	4.4	281.40	284.24	1.1	169.18	173.24	0.5	39.9	44.37
August	19.5	12.5	124.52	125.50	4.1	313.41	315.38	2.3	211.11	214.6	1.0	38.17	42.11
September	21.4	12.2	116.19	115.6	4.9	318.33	316.7	2.8	183.28	179.49	1.7	15.27	10.35
October	18.3	9.6	96.9	92.40	5.3	303.49	296.52	2.6	165.42	155.16	0.9	16.5	2.10
November	11.3	5.2	91.39	87.57	4.1	285.53	278.30	1.9	151.44	140.39	1.0	34.23	19.37
December	2.6	1.4	358.38	357.34	2.2	270.0	267.51	0.5	132.4	128.51	0.3	60.28	56.11
For the Year	13.6	7.9	115.1	115.1	3.8	295.17	295.17	1.6	166.21	166.21	0.8	25.47	25.47
VERTICAL FORCE.													
January	2.3	0.9	238.13	240.34	1.9	296.34	301.15	0.3	94.11	101.13	0.2	270.0	279.23
February	9.2	3.5	124.13	127.43	3.3	288.34	295.33	2.1	96.10	106.39	0.4	288.47	302.45
March	15.1	6.1	95.13	97.24	5.0	270.41	275.4	2.4	84.30	91.4	1.3	256.52	265.37
April	17.8	7.3	94.23	94.27	7.6	273.9	273.16	2.1	73.6	73.17	1.1	266.11	266.26
May	19.3	8.0	96.18	95.17	7.1	269.44	268.1	2.4	104.22	101.48	0.9	261.13	257.47
June	14.9	6.0	100.14	100.19	6.1	276.52	277.1	1.7	96.53	97.7	0.4	19.14	19.32
July	15.0	5.8	95.45	97.7	6.0	261.31	264.15	1.8	65.29	69.35	0.1	180.0	185.28
August	13.4	3.9	82.13	83.11	4.6	270.31	272.28	2.7	85.43	88.38	0.7	263.57	267.51
September	11.0	4.0	90.51	89.38	3.9	263.5	260.39	2.3	94.57	91.18	0.4	293.2	288.10
October	8.0	3.2	136.53	133.24	2.4	277.18	270.21	1.9	100.17	89.51	1.2	308.20	294.25
November	3.5	1.8	157.54	154.12	1.9	291.57	284.34	0.6	112.33	101.28	0.5	4.41	349.55
December	4.3	2.4	87.59	86.55	2.3	293.55	291.46	0.2	75.28	72.15	0.2	70.12	65.55
For the Year	11.0	4.1	101.30	101.30	4.3	274.9	274.9	1.7	90.40	90.40	0.5	281.43	281.43

TABLE XIX.—DETERMINATIONS of the ABSOLUTE VALUE of HORIZONTAL MAGNETIC FORCE in the YEAR 1913.

Abstract of the Observations of Deflection of a Magnet for Absolute Measure of Horizontal Force made with the Gibson Instrument in the Magnetic Pavilion.

Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	Distances of Centres of Magnets.	Temperature Fahrenheit.	Observed Deflection.	Mean of the Times of Vibration of Deflecting Magnet.	Number of Vibrations.	Temperature Fahrenheit.	Observer.	Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	Distances of Centres of Magnets.	Temperature Fahrenheit.	Observed Deflection.	Mean of the Times of Vibration of Deflecting Magnet.	Number of Vibrations.	Temperature Fahrenheit.	Observer.
d h	ft.	°	° ' "	s		°		d h	ft.	°	° ' "	s		°	
Jan. 7. 12	1'0 1'3	54'1	9. 34. 25 4. 20. 40	5'826 5'827	100 100	54'4 55'2	B	July 9. 15	1'0 1'3	66'4	9. 32. 30 4. 19. 55	5'829 5'831	100 100	65'9 66'9	B
Jan. 15. 12	1'0 1'3	46'2	9. 35. 13 4. 21. 18	5'824 5'824	100 100	47'6 48'4	B	July 16. 13	1'0 1'3	62'8	9. 33. 30 4. 20. 30	5'829 5'831	100 100	62'6 63'7	B
Jan. 22. 12	1'0 1'3	42'4	9. 35. 40 4. 21. 21	5'823 5'823	100 100	42'3 43'9	E	July 23. 12	1'0 1'3	57'1	9. 33. 55 4. 20. 30	5'828 5'828	100 100	57'1 57'7	E
Jan. 29. 13	1'0 1'3	47'1	9. 34. 54 4. 21. 3	5'825 5'824	100 100	47'4 49'0	E	July 30. 12	1'0 1'3	63'1	9. 32. 58 4. 20. 5	5'830 5'830	100 100	63'3 64'1	E
Feb. 5. 12	1'0 1'3	51'6	9. 34. 18 4. 20. 58	5'823 5'826	100 100	51'8 52'7	E	Aug. 6. 11	1'0 1'3	62'8	9. 33. 10 4. 20. 28	5'830 5'829	100 100	63'1 64'7	E
Feb. 12. 12	1'0 1'3	45'0	9. 35. 11 4. 21. 10	5'821 5'822	100 100	44'9 46'1	E	Aug. 13. 12	1'0 1'3	63'6	9. 33. 15 4. 20. 0	5'831 5'831	100 100	63'3 64'5	B
Feb. 19. 12	1'0 1'3	43'0	9. 35. 13 4. 21. 10	5'822 5'822	100 100	45'4 44'6	B	Aug. 20. 12	1'0 1'3	60'7	9. 33. 19 4. 20. 18	5'831 5'830	100 100	61'0 62'8	E
Feb. 26. 12	1'0 1'3	53'7	9. 33. 53 4. 20. 40	5'825 5'825	100 100	55'3 55'1	B	Aug. 27. 11	1'0 1'3	65'6	9. 32. 53 4. 20. 10	5'831 5'831	100 100	64'9 66'5	B
Mar. 5. 12	1'0 1'3	59'2	9. 33. 23 4. 20. 25	5'827 5'827	100 100	58'7 59'9	B	Sept. 3. 13	1'0 1'3	60'7	9. 33. 35 4. 20. 20	5'831 5'829	100 100	60'3 61'9	B
Mar. 12. 12	1'0 1'3	53'0	9. 34. 38 4. 20. 48	5'825 5'825	100 100	52'3 54'1	B	Sept. 10. 12	1'0 1'3	60'2	9. 34. 25 4. 20. 45	5'831 5'831	100 100	60'0 61'0	B
Mar. 18. 12	1'0 1'3	43'1	9. 35. 45 4. 21. 24	5'819 5'821	100 100	43'3 44'7	E	Sept. 17. 12	1'0 1'3	59'9	9. 33. 15 4. 20. 8	5'829 5'829	100 100	60'3 62'1	E
Mar. 26. 12	1'0 1'3	44'6	9. 35. 6 4. 21. 18	5'821 5'821	100 100	45'9 48'2	E	Sept. 24. 12	1'0 1'3	65'0	9. 32. 48 4. 20. 1	5'833 5'835	100 100	66'2 68'0	E
Apr. 1. 12	1'0 1'3	49'9	9. 34. 45 4. 20. 58	5'825 5'825	100 100	50'7 51'9	E	Oct. 2. 13	1'0 1'3	64'5	9. 33. 0 4. 20. 10	5'831 5'831	100 100	64'1 65'1	B
Apr. 10. 13	1'0 1'3	47'6	9. 35. 51 4. 21. 26	5'825 5'825	100 100	48'1 49'0	E	Oct. 8. 12	1'0 1'3	57'1	9. 33. 45 4. 20. 33	5'830 5'831	100 100	56'9 58'3	E
Apr. 16. 14	1'0 1'3	53'9	9. 34. 48 4. 21. 5	5'827 5'825	100 100	53'7 55'3	B	Oct. 15. 13	1'0 1'3	58'2	9. 33. 35 4. 20. 28	5'834 5'832	100 100	58'8 59'1	E
Apr. 23. 12	1'0 1'3	59'2	9. 34. 10 4. 20. 43	5'830 5'830	100 100	58'8 60'8	B	Oct. 22. 13	1'0 1'3	55'4	9. 34. 5 4. 20. 35	5'832 5'831	100 100	55'7 56'3	B
Apr. 30. 12	1'0 1'3	57'5	9. 34. 15 4. 20. 45	5'829 5'829	100 100	57'4 58'4	B	Oct. 31. 13	1'0 1'3	57'9	9. 33. 43 4. 20. 13	5'8346 5'8338	100 100	58'6 58'4	B
May 7. 11	1'0 1'3	52'9	9. 34. 45 4. 21. 0	5'828 5'828	100 100	52'4 54'2	B	Nov. 5. 13	1'0 1'3	53'6	9. 33. 40 4. 21. 0	5'8336 5'8316	100 100	53'7 54'7	B
May 14. 15	1'0 1'3	62'3	9. 32. 55 4. 20. 15	5'826 5'825	100 100	61'9 63'3	B	Nov. 12. 13	1'0 1'3	54'6	9. 33. 25 4. 20. 35	5'8320 5'8310	100 100	54'6 55'4	B
May 21. 12	1'0 1'3	58'1	9. 33. 40 4. 20. 25	5'827 5'827	100 100	59'1 60'6	E	Nov. 19. 13	1'0 1'3	48'1	9. 34. 11 4. 20. 38	5'8274 5'8284	100 100	49'1 49'8	E
May 29. 12	1'0 1'3	71'1	9. 32. 5 4. 19. 45	5'834 5'834	100 100	72'0 73'4	E	Nov. 26. 12	1'0 1'3	51'0	9. 35. 3 4. 21. 10	5'8240 5'8250	100 100	51'5 51'9	E
June 4. 12	1'0 1'3	66'8	9. 33. 0 4. 20. 24	5'833 5'834	100 100	67'3 68'3	E	Dec. 3. 12	1'0 1'3	50'5	9. 35. 13 4. 21. 20	5'8250 5'8250	100 100	51'1 51'5	E
June 10. 12	1'0 1'3	58'6	9. 33. 54 4. 20. 40	5'828 5'826	100 100	58'4 60'0	E	Dec. 10. 12	1'0 1'3	46'6	9. 35. 13 4. 21. 14	5'8256 5'8230	100 100	46'6 47'2	E
June 18. 12	1'0 1'3	71'4	9. 32. 50 4. 20. 0	5'836 5'834	100 100	70'9 72'7	B	Dec. 17. 12	1'0 1'3	46'6	9. 35. 13 4. 21. 13	5'8208 5'8200	100 100	46'9 47'1	B
June 25. 11	1'0 1'3	58'5	9. 34. 13 4. 20. 40	5'826 5'827	100 100	58'4 59'4	B	Dec. 24. 13	1'0 1'3	41'9	9. 35. 43 4. 21. 15	5'8270 5'8198	100 100	41'1 42'7	B
July 2. 13	1'0 1'3	66'3	9. 32. 45 4. 20. 15	5'830 5'830	100 100	65'8 67'4	B	Dec. 31. 13	1'0 1'3	40'4	9. 35. 58 4. 21. 25	5'8230 5'8202	100 100	39'1 40'9	B

The deflecting magnet is placed on the east side of the suspended magnet, with its marked pole alternately east and west, and on the west side with its marked pole also alternately east and west: the deflection given in the table above is the mean of four deflections observed in these positions of the magnets. The initials B and E are those of Messrs. Bryant and Edney respectively. In the subsequent calculations every observation is reduced to the temperature 35° Fahrenheit.

TABLE XX.—COMPUTATION of the VALUES of HORIZONTAL FORCE in ABSOLUTE MEASURE.
From Observations made with the Gibson Instrument in the Magnetic Pavilion.

Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	In British Units.								In C. G. S. Units.	
	Apparent Value of A ₁ .	Apparent Value of A ₂ .	Apparent Value of P.	Log. ^m H.	Corrected Time of Vibration of Deflecting Magnet.	Log. ^m H.	Value of ^m .	Value of Horizontal Force H.	Value of Horizontal Force.	
									As observed.	Reduced to Mean of Month.
Jan. 7. 12	0.08341	0.08346	— 0.00141	8.92248	5.8282	0.12980	0.3358	4.0148	.18511	.18507
" 15. 12	0.08341	0.08355	— 0.00395	8.92271	5.8282	0.12975	0.3359	4.0135	.18505	.18519
" 22. 12	0.08343	0.08352	— 0.00265	8.92266	5.8298	0.12950	0.3358	4.0125	.18501	.18529
" 29. 13	0.08338	0.08349	— 0.00299	8.92246	5.8287	0.12968	0.3358	4.0143	.18509	.18514
Feb. 5. 12	0.08336	0.08352	— 0.00474	8.92250	5.8273	0.12993	0.3359	4.0153	.18514	.18505
" 12. 12	0.08340	0.08349	— 0.00288	8.92252	5.8277	0.12982	0.3359	4.0147	.18511	.18515
" 19. 12	0.08337	0.08347	— 0.00288	8.92237	5.8283	0.12972	0.3358	4.0149	.18512	.18530
" 26. 12	0.08333	0.08346	— 0.00378	8.92225	5.8269	0.12999	0.3358	4.0167	.18520	.18511
Mar. 5. 12	0.08334	0.08346	— 0.00355	8.92226	5.8277	0.12991	0.3358	4.0163	.18518	.18515
" 12. 12	0.08343	0.08349	— 0.00164	8.92258	5.8292	0.12965	0.3358	4.0136	.18506	.18515
" 18. 12	0.08345	0.08354	— 0.00265	8.92277	5.8283	0.12973	0.3359	4.0131	.18504	.18544
" 26. 12	0.08338	0.08353	— 0.00446	8.92255	5.8282	0.12975	0.3359	4.0142	.18509	.18533
April 1. 12	0.08340	0.08350	— 0.00282	8.92255	5.8292	0.12963	0.3358	4.0137	.18506	.18508
" 10. 13	0.08353	0.08362	— 0.00259	8.92319	5.8314	0.12930	0.3359	4.0092	.18486	.18511
" 16. 14	0.08346	0.08359	— 0.00378	8.92295	5.8294	0.12962	0.3360	4.0118	.18498	.18518
" 23. 12	0.08345	0.08355	— 0.00293	8.92280	5.8314	0.12936	0.3358	4.0113	.18495	.18494
" 30. 12	0.08344	0.08354	— 0.00293	8.92274	5.8312	0.12938	0.3358	4.0116	.18497	.18483
May 7. 11	0.08344	0.08355	— 0.00316	8.92280	5.8322	0.12921	0.3357	4.0106	.18492	.18527
" 14. 15	0.08332	0.08345	— 0.00389	8.92219	5.8255	0.13026	0.3359	4.0182	.18527	.18504
" 21. 12	0.08336	0.08344	— 0.00231	8.92229	5.8293	0.12967	0.3357	4.0150	.18513	.18541
" 29. 12	0.08332	0.08342	— 0.00276	8.92213	5.8306	0.12955	0.3356	4.0152	.18514	.18488
June 4. 12	0.08339	0.08356	— 0.00491	8.92268	5.8329	0.12918	0.3357	4.0110	.18494	.18517
" 10. 12	0.08340	0.08353	— 0.00372	8.92263	5.8302	0.12953	0.3358	4.0128	.18502	.18515
" 18. 12	0.08344	0.08350	— 0.00197	8.92264	5.8325	0.12926	0.3357	4.0115	.18497	.18505
" 25. 11	0.08344	0.08353	— 0.00243	8.92273	5.8293	0.12966	0.3359	4.0130	.18503	.18513
July 2. 13	0.08335	0.08351	— 0.00462	8.92243	5.8303	0.12956	0.3357	4.0139	.18507	.18531
" 9. 15	0.08331	0.08340	— 0.00254	8.92206	5.8303	0.12956	0.3356	4.0156	.18515	.18526
" 16. 13	0.08341	0.08354	— 0.00378	8.92266	5.8307	0.12949	0.3358	4.0125	.18501	.18505
" 23. 12	0.08339	0.08345	— 0.00203	8.92239	5.8311	0.12939	0.3357	4.0133	.18505	.18521
" 30. 12	0.08334	0.08341	— 0.00214	8.92214	5.8301	0.12958	0.3356	4.0153	.18514	.18527
Aug. 6. 11	0.08336	0.08352	— 0.00479	8.92250	5.8301	0.12958	0.3358	4.0137	.18506	.18530
" 13. 12	0.08339	0.08339	— 0.00017	8.92222	5.8316	0.12935	0.3356	4.0139	.18507	.18518
" 20. 12	0.08335	0.08344	— 0.00265	8.92225	5.8323	0.12923	0.3355	4.0132	.18504	.18522
" 27. 11	0.08336	0.08347	— 0.00333	8.92235	5.8304	0.12954	0.3357	4.0142	.18509	.18507
Sept. 3. 13	0.08339	0.08345	— 0.00186	8.92239	5.8308	0.12945	0.3357	4.0136	.18506	.18504
" 10. 12	0.08350	0.08358	— 0.00226	8.92301	5.8322	0.12925	0.3358	4.0098	.18488	.18516
" 17. 12	0.08333	0.08337	— 0.00124	8.92199	5.8302	0.12955	0.3356	4.0159	.18517	.18530
" 24. 12	0.08334	0.08341	— 0.00231	8.92215	5.8318	0.12934	0.3355	4.0142	.18509	.18521
Oct. 2. 13	0.08336	0.08345	— 0.00276	8.92232	5.8300	0.12961	0.3357	4.0146	.18511	.18486
" 8. 12	0.08336	0.08347	— 0.00316	8.92236	5.8320	0.12926	0.3356	4.0128	.18502	.18505
" 15. 13	0.08335	0.08345	— 0.00299	8.92230	5.8332	0.12908	0.3355	4.0123	.18500	.18501
" 22. 13	0.08338	0.08345	— 0.00214	8.92238	5.8326	0.12915	0.3356	4.0122	.18500	.18528
" 31. 13	0.08339	0.08340	— 0.00028	8.92226	5.8324	0.12920	0.3355	4.0130	.18503	.18510
Nov. 5. 13	0.08330	0.08364	— 0.00998	8.92262	5.8326	0.12914	0.3356	4.0111	.18494	.18501
" 12. 13	0.08330	0.08347	— 0.00496	8.92222	5.8315	0.12932	0.3356	4.0137	.18507	.18505
" 19. 13	0.08329	0.08344	— 0.00440	8.92210	5.8306	0.12941	0.3355	4.0147	.18511	.18524
" 26. 12	0.08349	0.08361	— 0.00361	8.92305	5.8263	0.13006	0.3362	4.0133	.18505	.18508
Dec. 3. 12	0.08347	0.08370	— 0.00666	8.92325	5.8270	0.12996	0.3362	4.0119	.18498	.18492
" 10. 12	0.08344	0.08357	— 0.00355	8.92283	5.8281	0.12977	0.3360	4.0130	.18503	.18499
" 17. 12	0.08344	0.08356	— 0.00333	8.92281	5.8243	0.13034	0.3362	4.0157	.18516	.18515
" 24. 13	0.08342	0.08355	— 0.00378	8.92273	5.8291	0.12959	0.3359	4.0126	.18502	.18505
" 31. 13	0.08344	0.08358	— 0.00429	8.92286	5.8280	0.12975	0.3360	4.0128	.18502	.18517
Means	...	...	— 0.00322	...	...	...	...	4.0135	.18506	.18514

The value of H in British Units is referred to the Foot-Grain-Second Unit.

TABLE XXI.—RESULTS of OBSERVATIONS of MAGNETIC DIP made in the MAGNETIC PAVILION in the YEAR 1913.

Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	3-inch Needle.	Magnetic Dip.	Observer.	Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	3-inch Needle.	Magnetic Dip.	Observer.	Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	3-inch Needle.	Magnetic Dip.	Observer.
Jan. 3. 13	D ₁	66. 55. 34	B	May 2. 14	D ₁	66. 50. 16	B	Sept. 1. 13	D ₁	66. 51. 58	B
4. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 24	B	5. 13	D ₂	66. 50. 15	B	3. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 28	B
6. 12	D ₁	66. 56. 6	B	7. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 8	B	5. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 20	B
13. 15	D ₁	66. 50. 25	B	13. 15	D ₁	66. 49. 35	B	8. 13	D ₂	66. 50. 59	B
14. 13	D ₂	66. 50. 52	B	15. 13	D ₂	66. 48. 45	B	11. 13	D ₁	66. 52. 49	B
17. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 44	E	19. 12	D ₂	66. 45. 55	E	12. 12	D ₂	66. 52. 7	B
20. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 36	E	21. 11	D ₁	66. 51. 33	E	16. 12	D ₂	66. 52. 34	E
22. 11	D ₂	66. 50. 14	E	23. 12	D ₂	66. 51. 35	E	18. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 46	E
27. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 2	E	26. 12	D ₁	66. 54. 27	E	22. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 16	E
29. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 1	E	29. 11	D ₂	66. 48. 1	E	23. 12	D ₁	66. 49. 16	E
31. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 45	E	30. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 53	E	25. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 31	E
								29. 12	D ₁	66. 50. 24	E
Feb. 3. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 53	E	June 2. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 50	E	Oct. 3. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 7	E
5. 11	D ₂	66. 51. 10	E	4. 11	D ₂	66. 47. 48	E	3. 13	D ₂	66. 50. 44	E
7. 12	D ₁	66. 53. 3	E	6. 13	D ₁	66. 52. 2	E	6. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 0	E
10. 12	D ₂	66. 52. 52	E	9. 12	D ₂	66. 48. 20	E	9. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 34	E
12. 11	D ₁	66. 52. 20	E	12. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 7	E	13. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 20	E
14. 15	D ₂	66. 52. 21	E	13. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 38	E	14. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 59	E
17. 13	D ₂	66. 51. 12	B	16. 12	D ₂	66. 47. 31	B	17. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 47	B
19. 12	D ₁	66. 54. 24	B	18. 13	D ₁	66. 50. 38	B	20. 13	D ₁	66. 50. 49	B
21. 15	D ₁	66. 53. 37	B	20. 13	D ₂	66. 48. 54	B	23. 13	D ₂	66. 47. 42	B
22. 13	D ₂	66. 49. 57	B	23. 11	D ₁	66. 51. 2	B	24. 13	D ₁	66. 52. 0	B
25. 13	D ₂	66. 51. 25	B	25. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 45	B	27. 13	D ₂	66. 48. 59	B
28. 11	D ₁	66. 54. 1	B	27. 13	D ₁	66. 51. 9	B	30. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 24	B
Mar. 3. 13	D ₁	66. 53. 10	B	July 1. 13	D ₁	66. 49. 44	B	Nov. 3. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 51	B
5. 15	D ₂	66. 50. 0	B	3. 12	D ₂	66. 47. 14	B	6. 13	D ₂	66. 44. 51	B
7. 12	D ₁	66. 53. 43	B	7. 11	D ₁	66. 51. 23	B	8. 12	D ₁	66. 49. 22	B
10. 13	D ₂	66. 47. 12	B	9. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 54	B	10. 13	D ₂	66. 45. 53	B
12. 12	D ₁	66. 54. 56	B	11. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 58	B	11. 13	D ₁	66. 49. 14	B
13. 12	D ₂	66. 45. 32	B	14. 12	D ₂	66. 46. 40	B	13. 13	D ₂	66. 47. 53	B
17. 13	D ₂	66. 51. 22	E	17. 12	D ₂	66. 48. 21	E	17. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 47	E
19. 12	D ₁	66. 50. 41	E	21. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 59	E	18. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 18	E
25. 13	D ₂	66. 48. 37	E	23. 11	D ₂	66. 46. 22	E	21. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 28	E
26. 11	D ₁	66. 50. 49	E	25. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 3	E	24. 12	D ₁	66. 49. 7	E
31. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 17	E	28. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 11	E	27. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 9	E
				30. 11	D ₁	66. 51. 1	E	28. 12	D ₁	66. 50. 33	E
Apr. 1. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 2	E	Aug. 1. 12	D ₁	66. 52. 23	E	Dec. 1. 12	D ₁	66. 50. 2	E
4. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 5	E	5. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 21	E	5. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 17	E
8. 12	D ₁	66. 49. 47	E	6. 12	D ₁	66. 50. 18	E	8. 12	D ₁	66. 47. 58	E
9. 11	D ₂	66. 49. 58	E	8. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 28	E	9. 11	D ₂	66. 50. 26	E
11. 11	D ₁	66. 50. 53	E	11. 12	D ₁	66. 50. 55	E	11. 12	D ₁	66. 48. 23	E
14. 11	D ₂	66. 51. 24	E	13. 11	D ₂	66. 51. 20	E	15. 12	D ₂	66. 46. 45	E
16. 11	D ₂	66. 48. 34	B	18. 10	D ₁	66. 53. 54	B	16. 13	D ₁	66. 51. 58	B
16. 12	D ₁	66. 49. 12	B	20. 10	D ₂	66. 51. 0	B	18. 13	D ₂	66. 46. 41	B
19. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 11	B	25. 13	D ₂	66. 47. 14	B	20. 12	D ₂	66. 50. 10	B
23. 14	D ₁	66. 51. 26	B	26. 12	D ₁	66. 51. 33	B	22. 13	D ₁	66. 46. 5	B
25. 12	D ₂	66. 49. 12	B	28. 13	D ₂	66. 45. 38	B	27. 13	D ₂	66. 49. 49	B
28. 13	D ₁	66. 51. 37	B	29. 12	D ₁	66. 50. 6	B	29. 15	D ₁	66. 46. 45	B

The initials B and E are those of Messrs. Bryant and Edney respectively.

TABLE XXII.—MONTHLY and ANNUAL MEANS of MAGNETIC DIP from OBSERVATIONS made in the YEAR 1913.

Monthly Means of Magnetic Dip.				
Month, 1913.	D ₁ , 3-inch Needle.	Number of Observations.	D ₂ , 3-inch Needle.	Number of Observations.
January	66. 53. 5	6	66. 50. 10	6
February	66. 53. 23	6	66. 51. 30	6
March.....	66. 52. 36	6	66. 48. 46	6
April	66. 50. 40	6	66. 49. 54	6
May.....	66. 51. 39	6	66. 49. 3	6
June.....	66. 51. 18	6	66. 48. 39	6
July.....	66. 51. 21	6	66. 47. 57	6
August.....	66. 51. 32	6	66. 49. 20	6
September	66. 51. 26	6	66. 50. 59	6
October.....	66. 51. 37	6	66. 49. 48	6
November.....	66. 50. 24	6	66. 48. 20	6
December	66. 48. 32	6	66. 49. 1	6
Means.....	66. 51. 28	Sum 72	66. 49. 27	Sum 72
Annual Mean Dip	66. 50. 27			

The monthly means have been formed without reference to the hour at which the observation on each day was made. In combining the monthly results, to form annual means, weights have been given proportional to the number of observations.

TABLE XXIII.—ANNUAL SUMMARY of the MAGNETIC ELEMENTS.

Month, 1913.	Mean Value of				Monthly Mean Diurnal Range of			Sum of Hourly Deviations from Mean of		
	Westerly Declination.	Horizontal Force C.G.S.	Vertical Force C.G.S.	Dip.	Declination.	Horizontal Force.	Vertical Force.	Declination.	Horizontal Force.	Vertical Force.
January	15. 19.0	.18517	.43289	66. 51. 37	3.9	15 γ	5 γ	19.4	65 γ	33 γ
February	15. 18.7	.18515	.43284	66. 52. 26	3.8	14	15	22.6	78	68
March.....	15. 18.1	.18527	.43312	66. 50. 41	6.9	16	20	36.0	87	114
April.....	15. 16.9	.18503	.43256	66. 50. 17	8.3	27	26	42.2	162	144
May	15. 15.9	.18515	.43284	66. 50. 21	7.8	26	26	40.1	167	153
June.....	15. 14.8	.18513	.43279	66. 49. 59	8.5	34	22	46.9	216	123
July.....	15. 14.0	.18522	.43300	66. 49. 39	8.4	31	23	46.2	199	115
August.....	15. 13.8	.18519	.43293	66. 50. 26	8.5	31	18	43.7	190	83
September	15. 13.3	.18518	.43291	66. 51. 12	7.5	31	16	39.8	184	81
October.....	15. 12.7	.18506	.43263	66. 50. 42	5.5	26	12	30.5	160	58
November	15. 12.2	.18509	.43270	66. 49. 22	3.9	17	7	19.4	99	37
December	15. 12.6	.18506	.43263	66. 48. 47	2.4	7	8	12.7	35	48
The Year.....	15. 15.2	.18514	.43282	66. 50. 27	6.28	22.9	16.5	33.29	136.8	88.1

MAGNETOGRAPH RECORDS on DISTURBED and NORMAL DAYS
in the YEAR 1913.

EXPLANATION OF THE PLATES.

The magnetic motions figured on the Plates are :—

- (1.) Those for days of disturbance selected by the International Committee—January 3, March 14, April 9^d 5^h to 10^d 5^h, June 1^d 6^h to 2^d 6^h.
- (2.) Those for four quiet days—February 4, May 23, August 20, November 16—which are given as types of the ordinary diurnal movement at four seasons of the year.

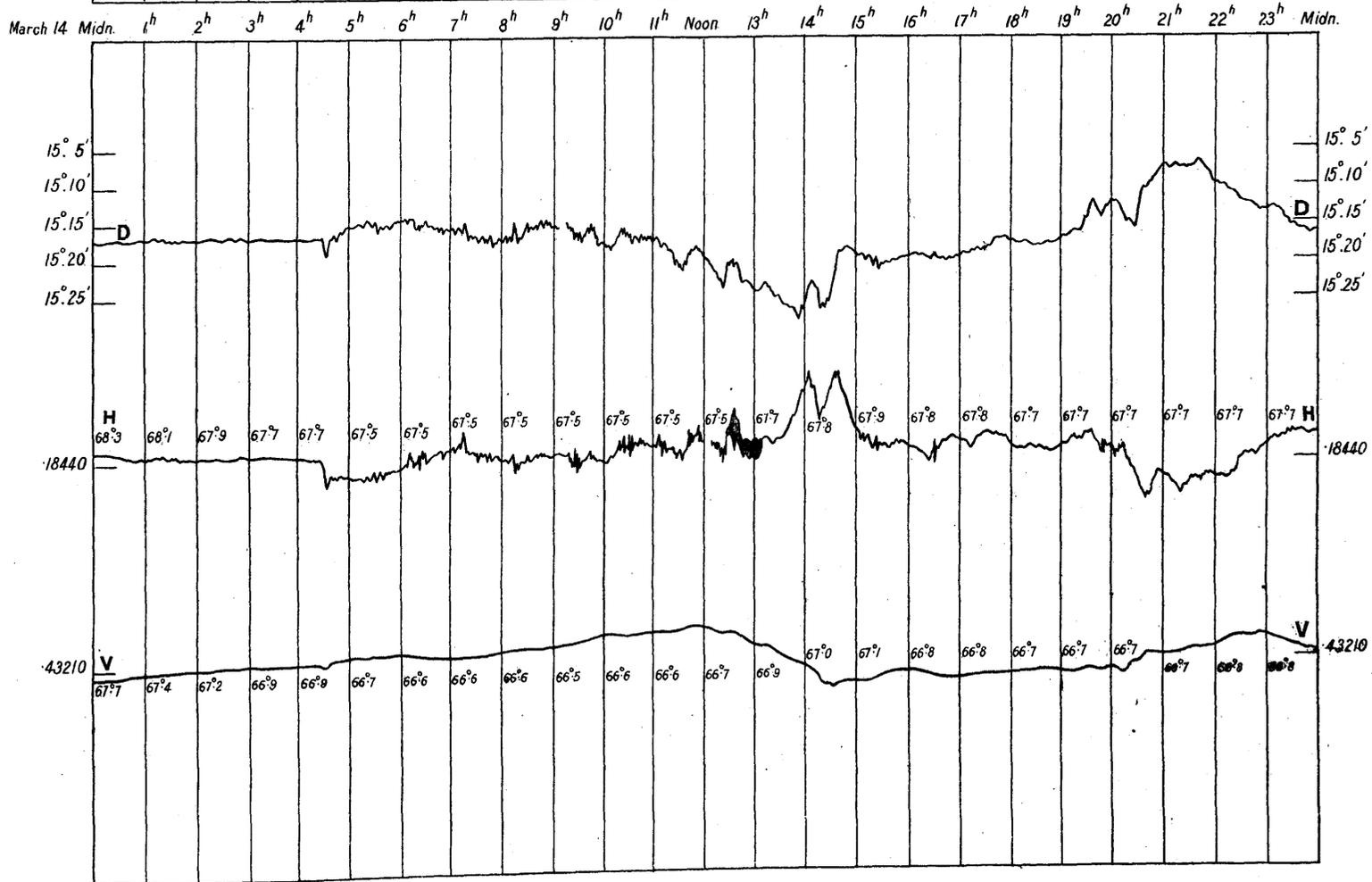
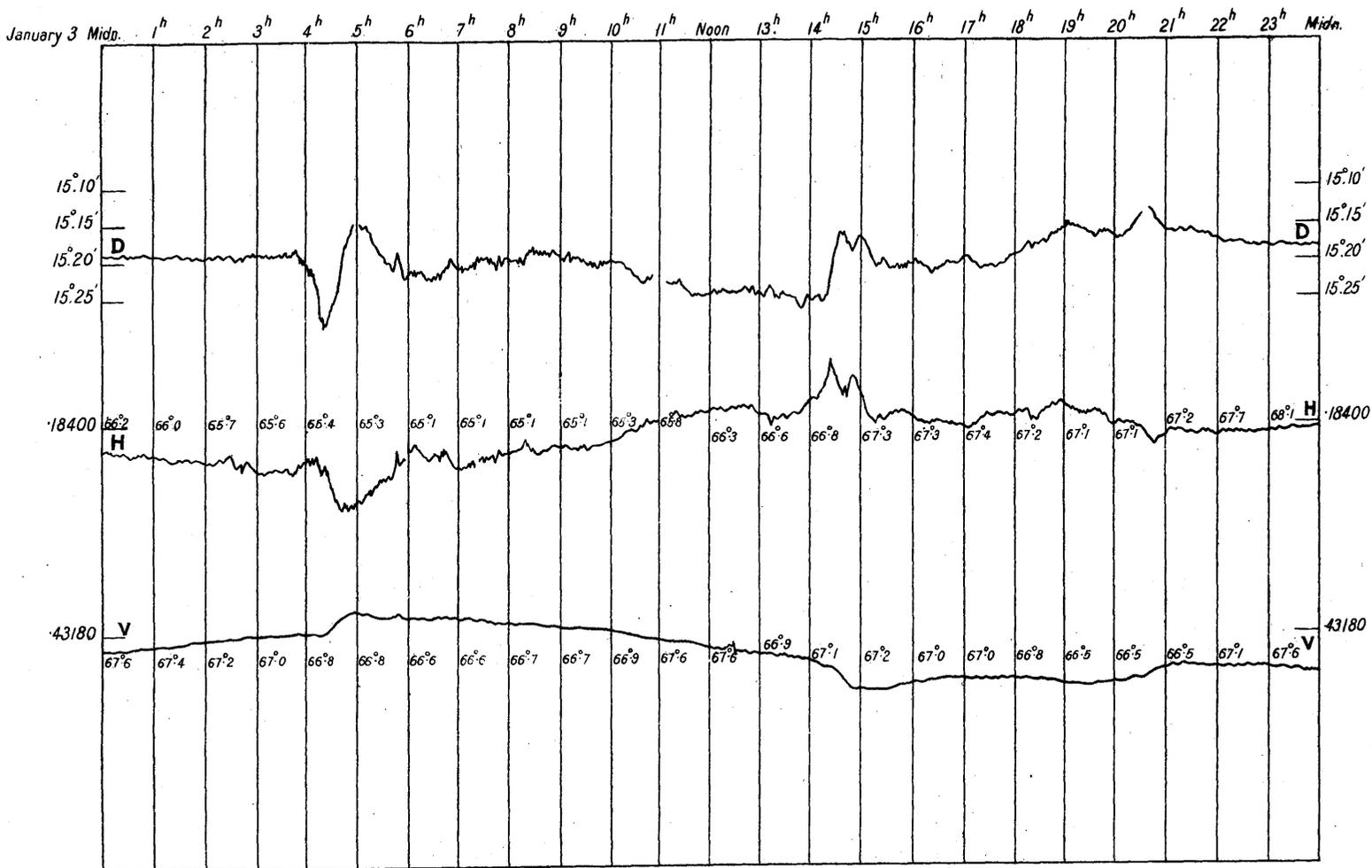
The time is Greenwich Civil Time (commencing at midnight and counting the hours from 0 to 24).

The magnetic declination, horizontal force, and vertical force are indicated by the letters D., H., and V. respectively; the declination (west) is expressed in minutes of arc, the unit for horizontal and vertical force is 1γ (0.00001 C.G.S.), the corresponding scales being given on the sides of each diagram. Equal changes of amplitude in the several registers correspond nearly to equal changes of absolute magnetic force, 0.001 of a C.G.S. unit being represented by $0^{\text{in}}.80 = 20.2^{\text{mm.}}$ in the declination curve, by $0^{\text{in}}.73 = 18.5^{\text{mm.}}$ in the horizontal force curve, and by $0^{\text{in}}.77 = 19.6^{\text{mm.}}$ in the vertical force curve.

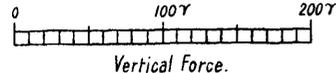
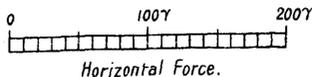
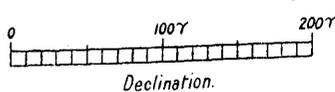
Downward motion indicates increase of declination and of horizontal and vertical force.

The temperatures (Fahrenheit) of the horizontal and vertical force magnets at each hour are given in small figures on the Diagrams.

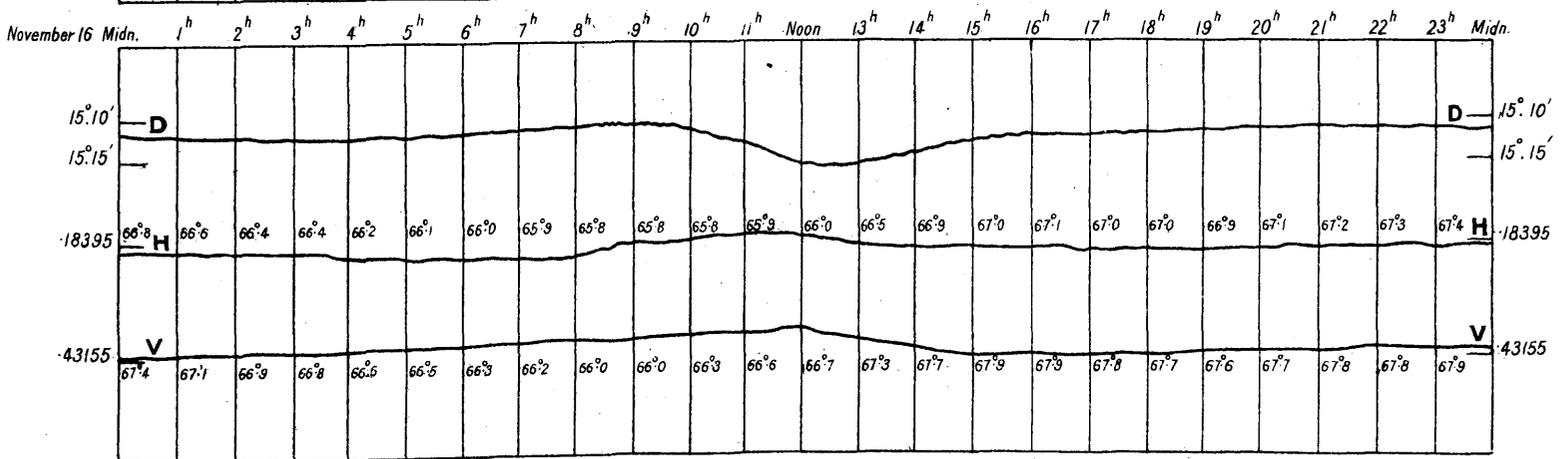
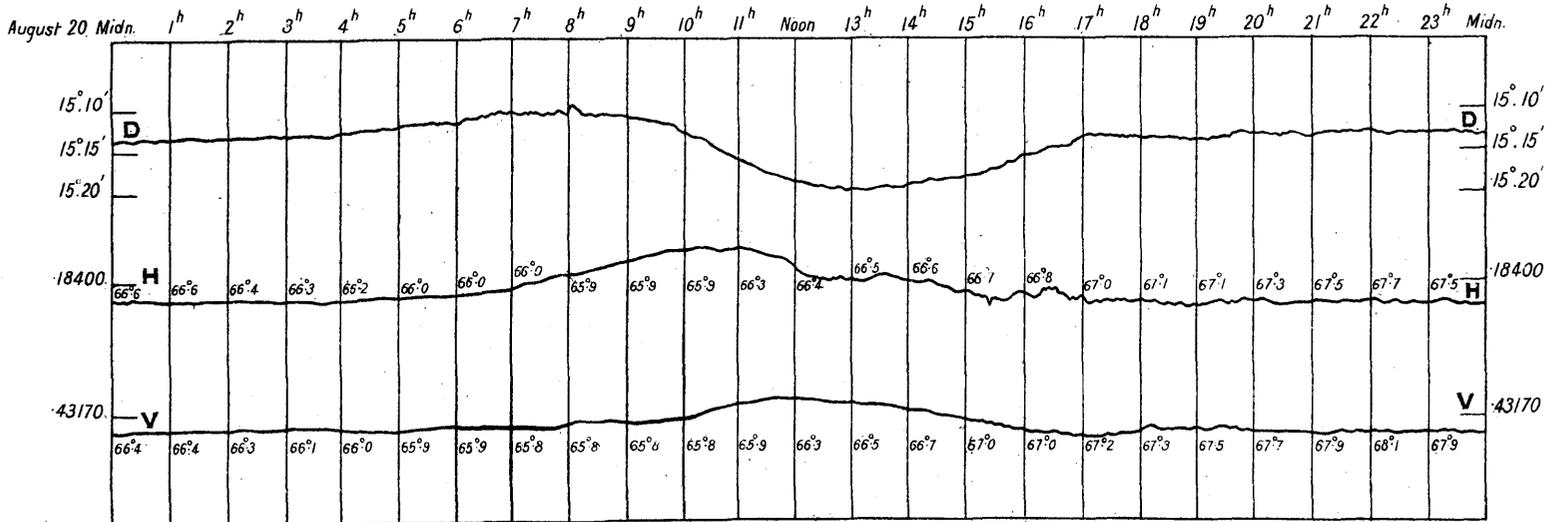
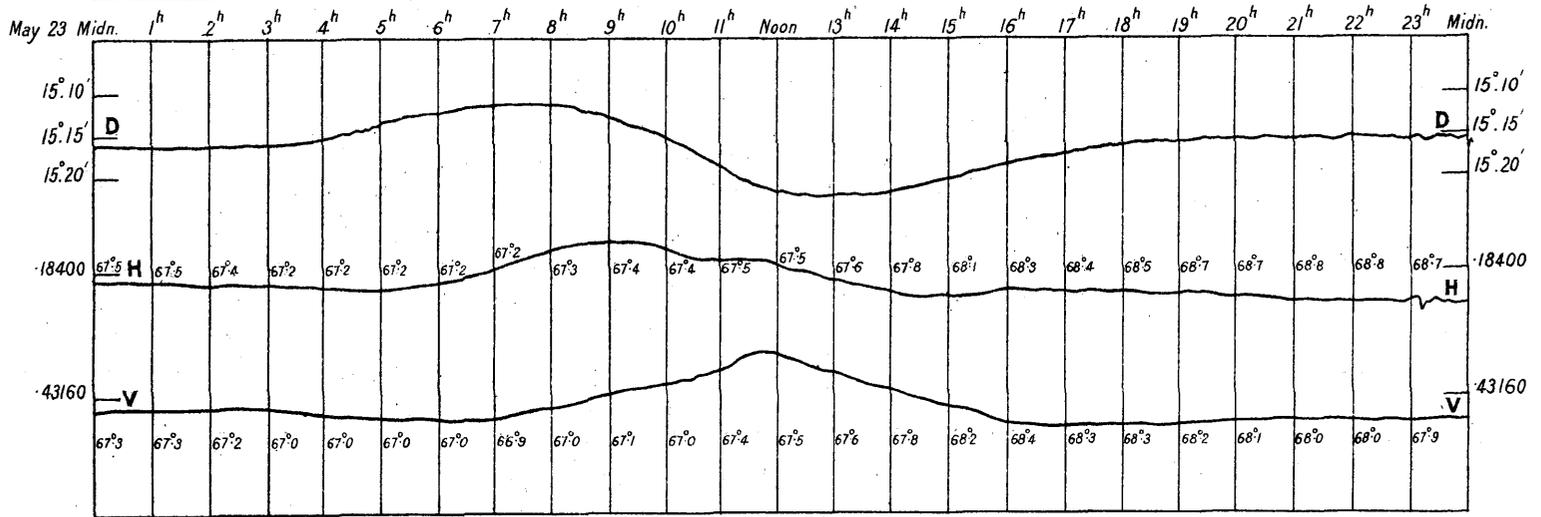
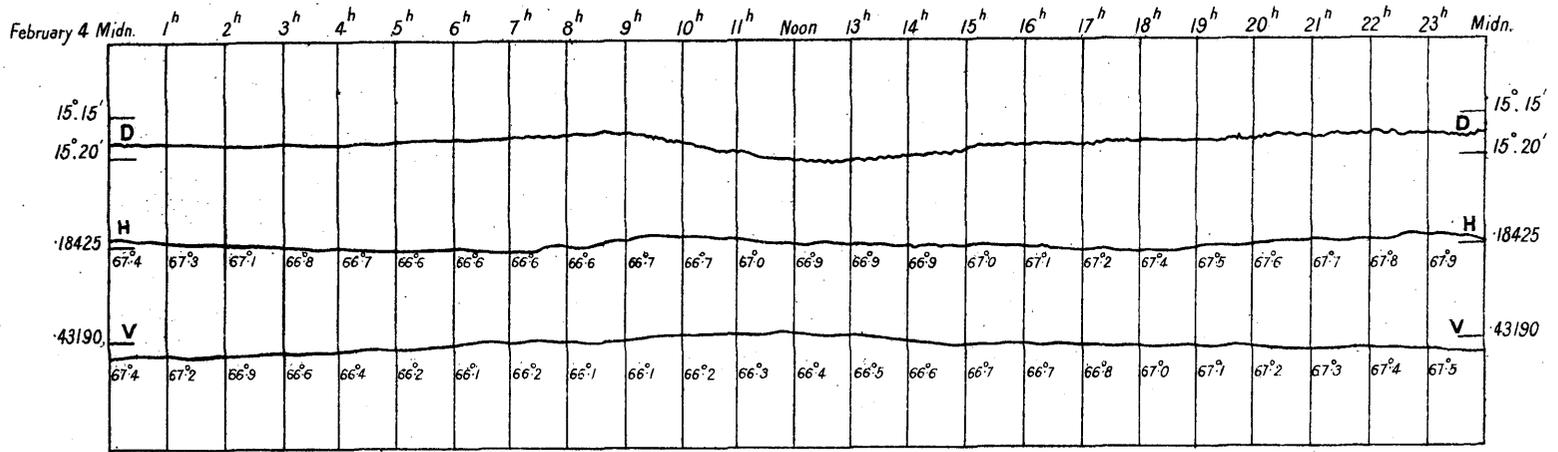
MAGNETIC DISTURBANCES RECORDED AT THE ROYAL OBSERVATORY, GREENWICH, 1913.



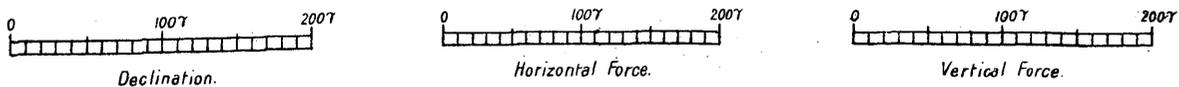
SCALES FOR MAGNETIC ELEMENTS IN C. G. S. MEASURE.



TYPES OF MAGNETIC DIURNAL VARIATIONS AT FOUR SEASONS OF THE YEAR RECORDED AT THE ROYAL OBSERVATORY, GREENWICH, 1913.



SCALES FOR MAGNETIC ELEMENTS IN C.G.S. MEASURE.



ROYAL OBSERVATORY, GREENWICH.

MAGNETIC DISTURBANCES.

1913.

MAGNETIC DISTURBANCES in DECLINATION, HORIZONTAL FORCE, and VERTICAL FORCE,
recorded at the ROYAL OBSERVATORY, GREENWICH, in the Year 1913.

The following notes give a brief description of all magnetic movements (superposed on the ordinary diurnal movement) exceeding $3'$ in Declination, 20γ in Horizontal Force, or 12γ in Vertical Force, as taken from the photographic records of the respective Magnetometers. The movements in Horizontal and Vertical Force are expressed in C. G. S. units. When any one of the three elements is not specifically mentioned, it is to be understood that the movement, if any, was insignificant. Any failure or want of register is specially indicated.

The term "wave" is used to indicate a movement in one direction and return; "double wave" a movement in one direction and return with continuation in the opposite direction and return; "two successive waves" consecutive wave movements in the same direction; "fluctuations" a number of movements in both directions. The extent and direction of the movement are indicated in brackets, + denoting an increase, and - a decrease of the magnetic element. In the case of fluctuations the sign \pm denotes positive and negative movements of generally equal extent.

Magnetic movements which do not admit of brief description in this way are exhibited on accompanying plates.

The time is Greenwich Civil Time (commencing at midnight, and counting the hours from 0 to 24).

1913.

- January 1^d 10^h to 16^h Loss of register in Dec. 10^h to 13^h Loss of register in H.F. and V.F. 14^h to 16^h Loss of register in V.F.
- 2^d 17^h $\frac{1}{2}$ to 18^h $\frac{3}{4}$ Irregular double wave in H.F. (+ 20γ to -24γ). 17^h $\frac{3}{4}$ to 18^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Wave in Dec. (+ $3'$).
- 3^d 0^h to 4^d 0^h. See Plate I.
- 4^d 18^h $\frac{1}{4}$ to 19^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Wave in Dec. (- $7'$): in H.F. small.
- 9^d 2^h $\frac{1}{4}$ to 3^h Wave in Dec. (+ $3'$).
- 10^d 13^h to 16^h Truncated wave in H.F. (- 36γ). 16^h $\frac{1}{4}$ to 18^h Truncated wave in H.F. (- 21γ). 16^h $\frac{3}{4}$ to 18^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Wave in Dec. (- $7'$). 20^h to 21^h $\frac{1}{4}$ Wave in Dec. (- $6'$). 20^h $\frac{1}{2}$ to 21^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).
- 17^d 20^h to 21^h Wave in Dec. (- $3'$).
- 18^d 15^h to 16^h $\frac{3}{4}$ Wave in H.F. (- 25γ). 15^h $\frac{3}{4}$ to 17^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Wave in Dec. (- $6'$). 19^h $\frac{1}{2}$ to 22^h Irregular double wave in H.F. (- 25γ to + 30γ). 20^h to 22^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Irregular wave in Dec. (- $19'$). 18^d 23^h $\frac{1}{2}$ to 19^d 1^h Triple-crested wave in Dec. (- $4'$). Double-crested wave in H.F. (+ 70γ).
- 19^d 22^h to 23^h $\frac{3}{4}$ Double wave in H.F. (- 20γ to + 20γ).
- 20^d 20^h to 20^h $\frac{3}{4}$ Wave in Dec. (- $4'$), followed till 21^h by a decrease (- $4'$). 20^h $\frac{3}{4}$ to 22^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).
- 25^d 19^h $\frac{3}{4}$ to 21^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Double-crested wave in Dec. (- $4'$). 20^h to 21^h $\frac{1}{4}$ Wave in H.F. (+ 35γ).
- 28^d 19^h $\frac{1}{2}$ to 20^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Wave in Dec. (- $3'$).
- 30^d 7^h to 9^h $\frac{1}{2}$ Wave in H.F. (- 36γ), with superposed fluctuations: sharp fluctuations also in Dec. 23^h to 24^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).
- 31^d 3^h to 4^h $\frac{1}{4}$ Wave in Dec. (+ $3'$). 18^h $\frac{1}{2}$ to 20^h Wave in Dec. (- $3'$).

1913.

- February 1^d 0^h to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 20γ). 0 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4').
- 9^d 16^h to 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 20γ).
- 10^d 23^h to 11^d 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).
- 12^d 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 23γ). 12^d 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 13^d 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Flat-crested wave in Dec. (- 4'). 12^d 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 13^d 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Two successive waves in H.F. (+ 23γ, + 25γ).
- 13^d 18 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 7'), steep at commencement. 18 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 19^h Wave in H.F. (- 26γ).
- 14^d 10^h to 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Decrease in H.F. (- 50γ). 13^h to 15^h Sharp wave in H.F. (- 70γ). 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 15^h Double wave in Dec. (+ 4' to - 8'), the intermediate portion very steep. 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Increase in V.F. (+ 30γ).
- 15^d 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Irregular wave in Dec. (+ 7'). 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 3^h Irregular double-crested wave in H.F. (+ 35γ). 0 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 2^h Decrease in V.F. (- 26γ). 13 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 14 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 20γ). 19^h to 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Irregular double-crested wave in Dec. (- 6'): truncated wave in H.F. (+ 25γ).
- 16^d 19 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 21 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Flat-crested wave in Dec. (- 5'). 21^h to 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Irregular double-crested wave in H.F. (+ 25γ).
- 17^d 16^h to 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Flat crested wave in H.F. (- 20γ). 16 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Truncated wave in Dec. (- 4'). 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 21^h Double-crested wave in Dec. (- 5'): wave in H.F. (+ 27γ).
- 19^d 21^h to 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Double-crested wave in Dec. (- 6'): in H.F. small.
- 22^d 20^h to 21^h Wave in Dec. (- 4'). 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 23 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 3').
- 25^d 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Truncated wave in Dec. (+ 3'). 25^d 23 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 26^d 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Waves in Dec. (+ 4') and H.F. (+ 27γ).
- 26^d 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Truncated in Dec. (+ 3'): wave in H.F. (- 23γ). 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Double-crested wave in Dec. (- 5'): wave in H.F. (+ 27γ).
- March 7^d 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4').
- 8^d 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 22^h Rounded wave in Dec. (- 4') followed till 0^h by a wave (- 5').
- 11^d 23^h to 12^d 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Double wave in Dec. (+ 3' to - 3'): wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).
- 14^d 0^h to 15^d 0^h. See Plate I.
- 15^d 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 30γ). 19 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 21^h Two successive waves in Dec. (- 4', - 4'): small double wave in H.F. 15^d 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 16^d 1^h Truncated wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).
- 16^d 0^h to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 6'). 16 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Sharp decrease in H.F. (- 35γ). 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 5'). 19^h to 20^h Irregular double-crested wave in Dec. (- 5'). 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 20^h Sharp wave in H.F. (+ 25γ). 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Double wave in Dec. (+ 7' to - 4'). 22^h to 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Sharp wave in V.F. (+ 15γ), followed till 23^h by a decrease (- 12γ).
- 17^d 0^h to 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Rounded wave in H.F. (+ 37γ). 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 2^h Wave in Dec. (- 7'). 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 4^h Slow wave in Dec. (- 3'). 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Irregular double-crested wave in Dec. (- 7'). 18 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Double-crested wave in H.F. (+ 35γ).
- 21^d 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 6^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4'): in H.F. small. 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 20^h Wave in Dec. (- 6'). 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 3').
- 22^d 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 3').
- 23^d 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Double wave in Dec. (- 3' to + 3'). 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 15^h Two successive waves in Dec. (+ 3', + 3'). 14 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 15 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Double wave in H.F. (+ 26γ to - 22γ).

1913.

- March 24^d 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 27 γ).
- 29^d 16^h to 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Decrease in H.F. (- 20 γ). 16 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Decrease in Dec. (- 5').
- 30^d 3^h to 4 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 5'). 3^h to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 21 γ). 21 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 22^h Sharp decrease in Dec. (- 5'). 21 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 23^h Wave in H.F. (+ 30 γ), steep at commencement.
- 31^d 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 24^h Truncated wave in Dec. (- 6'): in H.F. small.
- April 1^d 0^h to 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Decrease in Dec. (- 5'). 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4'): in H.F. small. 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 21^h Truncated wave in Dec. (- 5'): in H.F. small.
- 5^d 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 3').
- 8^d 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Sudden increase in H.F. (+ 33 γ), partly returning (- 17 γ) by 20^h.
- 9^d 5^h to 10^d 5^h See Plate II.
- 10^d 16 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Double wave in H.F. (- 20 γ to + 20 γ), the intermediate portion very steep. 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 6'), steep at commencement. 20^h to 21^h Wave in Dec. (+ 3'). 20 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 21 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 25 γ).
- 12^d 15^h to 15 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Sharp wave in H.F. (- 28 γ). 18^h to 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Sharp decrease in Dec. (- 11'). 18^h to 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Sharp wave in H.F. (- 29 γ). 19^h to 22^h Slow wave in Dec. (+ 5'). 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 24^h Double wave in Dec. (- 7' to + 4'), the second portion double-crested. 12^d 23^h to 13^d 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 32 γ). 12^d 23^h to 13^d 1^h Wave in V.F. (- 13 γ).
- 13^d 2^h to 3^h Rounded wave in Dec. (+ 4').
- 14^d 17 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Decrease in H.F. (- 20 γ).
- 15^d 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 15^d 22^h to 16^d 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Irregular double wave in Dec. (- 5' to + 5'). 15^d 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 16^d 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Flat-crested wave in H.F. (- 20 γ).
- 16^d 14 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 14 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Increase in H.F. (+ 25 γ). 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Irregular double-crested wave in H.F. (+ 35 γ). 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Double wave in Dec. (+ 4' to - 4'), the intermediate portion very steep.
- 17^d 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 24^h Irregular wave in Dec. (- 7'). 17^d 23 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 18^d 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Irregular wave in H.F. (+ 20 γ).
- 23^d 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 7 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 5').
- 24^d 21^h to 22^h Wave in Dec. (- 3').
- 27^d 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 13 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Irregular wave in H.F. (+ 21 γ).
- 28^d 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 3^h Flat-crested wave in Dec. (+ 3').
- May 4^d 15 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Truncated wave in H.F. (- 29 γ), followed till 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ by a double wave (- 42 γ to + 28 γ). 17^h to 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Double-crested wave in Dec. (- 8'). 17 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 18^h Increase in V.F. (+ 14 γ).
- 5^d 0^h to 1^h Waves in Dec. (+ 3') and H.F. (+ 20 γ). 2^h to 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 12'), steep at commencement. 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Irregular double-crested wave in H.F. (+ 33 γ). 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 3^h Decrease in V.F. (- 20 γ). 5^d 22^h to 6^d 2^h Triple wave in Dec. (- 4', + 4', - 5'). 5^d 23^h to 6^d 1^h Double wave in H.F. (- 20 γ to + 25 γ). 5^d 23 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 6^d 2^h Wave in V.F. (- 24 γ).

1913.

May

6^d 3¹/₄^h to 5^h Wave in H.F. (- 22γ). 8¹/₄^h to 9¹/₂^h Wave in H.F. (- 24γ). 15^h to 17¹/₄^h Two successive waves in H.F. (- 26γ, - 22γ): in Dec. small. 20^h to 21¹/₄^h Wave in H.F. (- 20γ). 21^h to 22¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (- 5'). 6^d 23³/₄^h to 7^d 3^h Two successive irregular waves in Dec. (+ 4', + 8'), the second double-crested.

7^d 0¹/₂^h to 2^h Irregular wave in H.F. (+ 23γ), followed till 3¹/₂^h by a wave (+ 20γ). 1¹/₂^h to 2^h Decrease in V.F. (- 14γ). 18¹/₂^h to 19¹/₂^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ). 19¹/₂^h to 20¹/₂^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 22¹/₂^h to 24^h Double-crested wave in Dec (+ 5').

9^d 23^h to 24^h Truncated wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).

13^d 3¹/₂^h to 5^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4').

27^d 13¹/₄^h to 15¹/₄^h Loss of Dec., H.F., and V.F. Registers.

June

1^d 6^h to 2^d 6^h See Plate II.

4^d 20¹/₂^h to 21³/₄^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'): in H.F. small.

19^d 17^h to 19³/₄^h Irregular triple-crested wave in H.F. (+ 34γ). 20^h to 22¹/₂^h Double-crested wave in Dec. (- 3').

21^d 17³/₄^h to 19^h Truncated wave in H.F. (- 22γ).

23^d 11³/₄^h to 13¹/₄^h Truncated wave in H.F. (- 22γ).

26^d 13¹/₂^h to 15^h Wave in H.F. (- 23γ).

28^d 21¹/₄^h to 21¹/₂^h Sharp decrease in Dec. (- 5').

29^d 3¹/₄^h to 5¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (+ 6').

July

1^d 14^h to 14³/₄^h Irregular wave in H.F. (- 20γ). 19¹/₄^h to 20¹/₂^h Wave in Dec. (- 3').

3^d 16^h to 4^d 8^h Imperfect register of Dec. and H.F.

10^d 17¹/₂^h to 18^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).

12^d 12^h to 13^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ). 13³/₄^h to 16^h Very irregular double wave in H.F. (- 23γ to + 21γ). 17^h to 19³/₄^h Irregular triple-crested wave in H.F. (- 40γ). 18³/₄^h to 20¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (- 6').

13^d 3¹/₄^h to 4¹/₂^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4'). 15^h to 21^h Loss of Dec., H.F., and V.F. Registers. 13^d 23³/₄^h to 14^d 0³/₄^h Irregular wave in Dec. (- 4'): in H.F. small.

14^d 18^h to 19¹/₂^h Wave in H.F. (+ 24γ).

15^d 15³/₄^h to 18^h Irregular double wave in H.F. (+ 20γ to - 20γ).

16^d 20^h to 17^d 10^h Loss of H.F. Register.

20^d 2¹/₂^h to 4^h Wave in Dec. (+ 3').

21^d 4³/₄^h to 6¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (+ 3').

24^d 15^h to 16¹/₂^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).

28^d 11¹/₄^h to 16^h Loss of Dec. and H.F. Registers.

1913.

August 6^d 22^h to 7^d 9^h Loss of Dec., H.F. and V.F. Registers.9^d 14³/₄^h to 15¹/₂^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).10^d 11³/₄^h to 13^h Wave in H.F. (- 24γ), followed by a loss of register until 14³/₄^h.11^d 11¹/₂^h to 13¹/₄^h Wave in H.F. (- 35γ). 17^h to 18^h Small double wave in H.F. (+ 16γ to - 16γ). 23¹/₄^h to 24^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ).12^d 21¹/₂^h to 22^h Decrease in Dec. (- 6'). 21³/₄^h to 22³/₄^h Wave in H.F. (+ 25γ).13^d 3¹/₄^h to 5³/₄^h Wave in Dec. (+ 8').15^d 17¹/₂^h to 18³/₄^h Wave in H.F. (- 25γ).24^d 0^h to 1^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4').28^d 17^h to 18^h Wave in H.F. (+ 30γ).September 6^d 1^h to 2¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4'). 13^h to 15^h Irregular wave in H.F. (- 30γ) followed till 16¹/₂^h by a truncated wave (- 24γ). 17¹/₄^h to 18¹/₄^h Wave in H.F. (- 21γ). 17¹/₂^h to 19^h Wave in Dec. (- 5'). 21¹/₂^h to 23¹/₄^h Truncated wave in Dec. (- 4').8^d 0^h to 1¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (+ 3'), followed till 4¹/₂^h by a triple wave (+ 4', - 4', + 6'). 2¹/₄^h to 4^h Irregular double wave in H.F. (+ 20γ to - 20γ). 4¹/₄^h to 6^h Wave in H.F. (- 24γ). 6¹/₄^h to 8^h Wave in H.F. (- 27γ). 6³/₄^h to 8¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4'). 8¹/₄^h to 10^h Wave in H.F. (- 35γ). 11^h to 12¹/₄^h Wave in H.F. (- 37γ). 13¹/₂^h to 14¹/₄^h Decrease in Dec. (- 7'): wave in H.F. (- 25γ). 20^h to 21^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 8^d 23³/₄^h to 9^d 1^h Wave in Dec. (+ 11').9^d 0^h to 1¹/₄^h Wave in H.F. (+ 30γ). 0^h to 1^h Decrease in V.F. (- 24γ). 4^h to 6^h Wave in Dec. (+ 8'): double wave in H.F. (- 40γ to + 15γ). 9¹/₄^h to 11^h Wave in H.F. (- 34γ). 12¹/₂^h to 13^h Increase in H.F. (+ 35γ). 17^h to 18^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 21^h to 22¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (- 4').10^d 18³/₄^h to 20³/₄^h Irregular double-crested wave in Dec. (- 6'), steep at commencement. 23¹/₂^h to 24^h Wave in Dec. (- 4').12^d 18¹/₄^h to 19¹/₂^h Double-crested wave in H.F. (- 3').19^d 21³/₄^h to 23^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20γ). 22^h to 23¹/₂^h Truncated wave in Dec. (- 4').22^d 17^h to 18^h Wave in Dec. (- 4'). 23¹/₄^h to 24^h Decrease in Dec. (- 6'): small wave in H.F.23^d 0^h to 1¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (+ 7'). 12¹/₂^h to 13¹/₄^h Wave in H.F. (- 20γ).30^d 18^h to 19¹/₄^h Double crested wave in Dec. (- 5'), steep at commencement.October 4^d 21¹/₄^h to 23^h Wave in H.F. (+ 30γ).5^d 1¹/₂^h to 4^h Irregular wave in Dec. (- 8'). 4¹/₂^h to 5³/₄^h Wave in H.F. (- 30γ). 4³/₄^h to 6¹/₄^h Wave in Dec. (+ 9').

1913.

- October 6^d 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Quadruple wave in Dec. (- 4', + 5', - 8', + 7'). 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 3^h Wave in H.F. (- 25 γ). 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Decrease in V.F. (- 15 γ). 5^h to 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Decrease in H.F. (- 60 γ).
- 7^d 1^h to 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 30 γ). 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 11'). 13 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 15 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 34 γ). 14 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 16^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 20^h Wave in Dec. (- 11'). 19^h to 20^h Wave in H.F. (+ 40 γ).
- 8^d 2^h to 5 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Irregular double wave in Dec. (- 5' to + 5'). 6 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Decrease in H.F. (- 36 γ). 13^h to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Double wave in H.F. (+ 18 γ to - 18 γ). 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 22^h Irregular double-crested wave in Dec. (- 8'). 19^h to 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Irregular wave in H.F. (+ 48 γ).
- 9^d 15^h to 16^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 9'), steep at commencement: double wave in H.F. (- 23 γ to + 30 γ). 9^d 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 10^d 1^h. Double wave in Dec. (+ 5' to - 4').
- 10^d 8 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 9 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Decrease in H.F. (- 40 γ). 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 30 γ). 15 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 17 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Truncated wave in H.F. (- 30 γ). 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 17 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 3').
- 12^d 20^h to 21 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 7').
- 13^d 17^h to 18^h Wave in Dec. (- 5').
- 16^d 21^h to 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 3').
- 18^d 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Decrease in Dec. (- 6'): in H.F. (- 50 γ). 22^h to 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 27 γ).
- 20^d 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 5').
- 25^d 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 24^h Truncated wave in Dec. (- 3').
- 30^d 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 31^d 1^h Double wave in Dec. (- 3' to + 4').
- 31^d 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 33 γ). 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 1^h Decrease in V.F. (- 13 γ)
- November 2^d 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Slow wave in Dec. (- 3'). 14^h to 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 5'). 18^h to 19^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 21^h to 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Double-crested wave in Dec. (- 7'). 22^h to 24^h Two successive waves in H.F. (+ 20 γ and + 28 γ). 2^d 23^h to 3^d 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 5').
- 3^d 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 2^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4'). 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 8'). 11 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 15^h Slow wave in H.F. (- 30 γ).
- 7^d 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 2^h Wave in Dec. (+ 3'). 15^h to 17^h Wave in H.F. (- 41 γ). 15 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 4'). 7^d 23 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 8^d 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 4').
- 8^d 0^h to 1^h Wave in H.F. (+ 30 γ). 1^h to 2^h Wave in Dec (+ 4'). 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 21 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 25 γ).
- 10^d 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 15^h Loss of Dec., H.F. and V.F. Registers.
- 13^d 23^h to 14^d 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Loss of H.F. Register.
- 14^d 0 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Partial loss of Dec. and V.F. Registers.
- 28^d 17 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 5'). 21 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 22^h Wave in Dec. (- 3'). 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 40 γ).

1913.

December 1^d 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h to 4 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Irregular double-crested wave in Dec. (+ 4').4^d 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 21^h Two successive waves in H.F. (- 50 γ and - 39 γ). 19^h to 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Sharp decrease in Dec. (- 14'), and increase (+ 8').7^d 21^h to 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 36 γ).9^d 18 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 19 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 20 γ). 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (- 4').25^d 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 21^h Sharp decrease in Dec. (- 9'), and increase (+ 6'). 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 22 $\frac{1}{4}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (- 28 γ).26^d 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h to 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Wave in Dec. (+ 9'). 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 3^h Wave in H.F. (+ 30 γ). 15 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Truncated wave in Dec. (- 4').27^d 16 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 18 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h Irregular double-crested wave in Dec. (- 5'). 21 $\frac{3}{4}$ ^h to 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ ^h Wave in H.F. (+ 20 γ).30^d 9^h to 12^h Loss of H.F. register.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY, GREENWICH.

RESULTS

OF

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

1913.

DAILY RESULTS OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.							Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.						
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.		Highest in Sun's Rays.	Lowest on the Grass.	in.		
Jan. 1	...	29.772	47.3	39.2	8.1	43.2	+ 4.6	41.9	40.3	2.9	5.1	1.7	90	55.1	31.0	46.90	0.013	wP : mP : mP
2	...	29.778	48.7	32.1	16.6	39.8	+ 1.4	38.6	37.0	2.8	8.2	0.4	90	76.0	25.5	46.69	0.067	mP : mP : mP, mN
3	...	29.712	48.8	37.3	11.5	44.2	+ 5.9	43.0	41.6	2.6	5.5	0.0	91	62.0	26.2	46.43	0.000	mP : wP : wP
4	...	29.721	50.4	46.0	4.4	47.9	+ 9.6	45.8	43.5	4.4	6.7	3.0	86	65.4	42.3	46.21	0.005	wP
5	...	29.717	51.4	36.2	15.2	46.5	+ 8.3	45.0	43.4	3.1	7.5	1.5	90	61.1	29.0	46.26	0.142	wP : wP, wN : mP
6	Greatest Dec. S.	29.914	48.1	36.2	11.9	41.9	+ 3.8	40.9	39.7	2.2	5.2	0.9	93	72.0	29.0	46.33	0.305	vP, vN : mP
7	New	29.930	50.5	43.1	7.4	45.8	+ 7.8	44.0	41.9	3.9	5.6	2.6	86	73.9	36.2	46.29	0.000	wP
8	...	29.833	46.8	41.1	5.7	43.7	+ 5.8	42.5	41.1	2.6	4.1	1.8	90	58.0	36.1	46.21	0.000	wP
9	...	29.789	48.0	39.3	8.7	43.7	+ 5.8	42.7	41.5	2.2	4.0	0.7	92	72.0	30.0	46.21	0.000	wP : wP : mP
10	...	29.787	39.5	33.9	5.6	36.8	- 1.1	36.5	36.1	0.7	2.9	0.2	98	42.9	26.5	46.11	0.000	wP : mP : mP
11	Apogee	29.506	43.0	33.1	9.9	36.4	- 1.5	36.0	35.4	1.0	3.2	0.2	96	41.3	33.1	45.82	0.212	wP : wP : sN, mP
12	...	29.494	43.0	32.0	11.0	38.9	+ 1.0	37.1	34.7	4.2	7.0	0.2	86	51.3	24.3	45.49	0.050	mP : sP : sP
13	In Equator	29.625	36.0	26.2	9.8	31.6	- 6.4	30.7	28.6	3.0	4.0	0.0	87	38.0	18.2	45.12	0.064	sP : sP : sP, sN
14	...	29.521	42.0	30.6	11.4	36.8	- 1.2	35.0	32.5	4.3	6.1	0.6	85	68.0	25.0	44.63	0.004	mP
15	First Quarter	29.241	48.1	37.1	11.0	42.2	+ 4.1	40.7	38.9	3.3	8.2	0.5	88	75.5	33.3	44.24	0.216	wP, vN : vN, vP : ...
16	...	29.261	46.3	34.1	12.2	40.6	+ 2.3	39.2	37.4	3.2	7.2	1.2	89	77.8	28.1	44.06	0.256	... : wP, vN
17	...	29.265	45.1	35.7	9.4	40.6	+ 2.1	39.6	38.4	2.2	5.7	0.7	92	68.2	28.0	43.97	0.071	wP : wN, mP : mP
18	...	29.491	45.9	31.3	14.6	38.7	+ 0.1	37.5	35.9	2.8	5.6	0.0	91	70.5	24.0	43.93	0.003	mP
19	...	29.504	45.9	32.1	13.8	39.4	+ 0.7	38.3	36.9	2.5	4.1	1.6	91	53.0	24.0	43.80	0.139	mP : vP, sN
20	Greatest Dec. N.	29.055	48.0	39.9	8.1	42.8	+ 4.0	41.3	39.5	3.3	6.2	2.2	88	75.4	33.3	43.80	0.137	wP : vN, wP : mP, sN
21	...	29.220	42.3	36.1	6.2	40.1	+ 1.3	38.8	37.1	3.0	5.4	0.9	90	44.0	28.9	43.60	0.035	vP, wN : mP : mP
22	Full	29.860	38.5	32.0	6.5	33.9	- 4.9	33.1	31.7	2.2	5.1	0.3	91	38.1	25.1	43.62	0.265	mP : sP : sP, ssN
23	Perigee	29.672	52.1	37.0	15.1	48.0	+ 9.1	45.8	43.4	4.6	8.0	0.0	85	58.8	36.0	43.49	0.112	wP
24	...	29.608	50.6	46.1	4.5	48.3	+ 9.4	45.9	43.3	5.0	7.0	4.1	83	59.7	40.2	43.41	0.000	wP
25	...	29.671	50.8	37.3	13.5	44.7	+ 5.6	42.5	39.9	4.8	8.0	1.9	84	51.3	34.2	43.72	0.007	wP : mP : mP
26	In Equator	30.111	43.1	28.3	14.8	35.2	- 4.1	33.0	29.5	5.7	11.2	1.9	79	77.0	21.3	44.06	0.000	mP
27	...	29.932	42.3	28.1	14.2	34.9	- 4.6	33.3	30.8	4.1	8.7	1.2	84	78.8	20.1	43.91	0.002*	wP : mP : sP
28	...	29.724	44.3	34.6	9.7	39.5	- 0.1	38.8	37.9	1.6	2.6	0.2	94	51.0	30.9	43.60	0.179	mP : wP : wP, mN
29	Last Quarter	29.680	44.1	40.2	3.9	42.1	+ 2.4	41.9	41.7	0.4	0.7	0.0	98	46.8	39.6	43.31	0.058	wP : mP : mP, wN
30	...	29.488	49.3	41.1	8.2	44.0	+ 4.3	43.4	42.7	1.3	3.9	0.0	95	56.9	33.5	43.39	0.197	vP, wN : mP : wP, wN
31	...	29.282	50.2	35.9	14.3	41.1	+ 1.4	38.0	34.1	7.0	11.5	1.7	76	78.5	29.5	43.52	0.115	vN, wP : mP : mP
Means	...	29.618	46.1	35.9	10.2	41.1	+ 2.5	39.7	37.9	3.2	5.9	1.0	89.0	61.2	29.8	44.78	Sum 2.654	...
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

* Rainfall (Column 17). The amount entered on January 27 is derived from frost.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.618, being 0.1176 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 52.1 on January 23; the lowest in the month was 26.2 on January 13; and the range was 25.9. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 46.1, being 3.0 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 35.9, being 2.2 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 10.2, being 0.8 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 41.1, being 2.5 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.					CLOUDS AND WEATHER.	
	hours.	Sun above Horizon.	OSLER'S.		ROBINSON'S.		A.M.	P.M.	
			General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.				
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.			Horizontal Movement of the Air.
Jan. 1	0.4	7.9	SSW : SW	SW : W : WSW	1.8	0.10	282	p.-cl : p.-cl : 10,sc,s,n,slt.-r	10, sh.-r : 10 : 0, d, slt.-m
2	4.6	7.9	WSW : SW : SSW	SSW : S : SSE	0.5	0.00	196	0,d,ho.-fr: 0,slt.-m,ho.-fr: 1, th.-cl	1,ci.-s,th.-cl: p.-cl : 10, r
3	1.5	7.9	S	SSW : SW	2.6	0.15	267	p.-cl : th.-cl : 9, cu.-s	p.-cl, cu : 9
4	0.2	7.9	SW : SSW	SSW : S	5.0	0.53	412	p.-cl, w : 10, sc, s, w	9, w : 10, m.-r : 10
5	0.0	7.9	S : SSW	SSW : W : SW	9.2	0.67	473	10, r : 10, oc.-r : 10, slt. r, w	9, ci.-s, s, st.-w : 0, ho.-fr
6	2.5	8.0	SSW : SW	SW	1.3	0.06	252	p.-cl, r : 10, r : 7, cu.-s, n, s, r	7, slt.-sh : p.-cl : p.-cl
7	2.4	8.0	SW	SW : SSW : S	3.9	0.23	330	p.-cl : p.-cl, cu	8, cu, n : 10, n : 10, oc.-m.-r
8	1.7	8.0	S : SSE	SE : SSE	2.0	0.14	226	p.-cl : p.-cl : 8, n	p.-cl : 10 : 10
9	4.7	8.1	SSE : SE	SSE : SE	2.0	0.07	199	p.-cl, d : p.-cl,ci.-s,ci.-cu,cu	1, ci.-s : 0 : 0, ho.-fr
10	0.0	8.1	ESE	ESE : SE	1.8	0.18	266	p.-cl,ho.-fr: 10, slt.-f : 10, slt.-f	10, s : 10, s
11	0.0	8.1	ESE : SE	SE : Variable	4.5	0.41	332	10 : 10, slt.-r : 10, oc.-slt.-r	10, s, slt.-r, w: 10, sc, n, r, w: 10, r
12	4.6	8.1	W	WNW : W	4.6	0.22	364	9, r : p.-cl,ho.-fr: 1, slt.-m	3, cu, slt.-m: 0,slt.-m,ho.-fr: 0, ho.-fr
13	0.8	8.2	WSW : Calm	Calm : SE : ESE	2.0	0.03	168	0, ho.-fr : 0,ho.-fr,slt.-f: 1, ho.-fr, f	p.-cl,f,ho.-fr: p.-cl, ho.-fr: 9, ho.-fr, r
14	0.9	8.2	Variable : SW : Calm	SE : ESE	1.2	0.05	195	9 : p.-cl, ho.-fr, slt.-f: 8, cu.-s, s, m.-r	p.-cl,s,oc.-slt.-r: 10 : 10, oc.-th.-r
15	3.2	8.3	SE : S : SW	SW : SSW : S	5.3	0.28	333	10, slt.-r : 10, fq.-r : p.-cl, r	p.-cl, ci.-s, cu, sq : 9, r, sq
16	4.1	8.3	SW : SSW	SSW : SSE : SE	3.5	0.13	275	p.-cl,oc.-r: p.-cl,ho.-fr: 3, ci, ci.-s	p.-cl : 10, fq.-r : 10, fq.-th.-r
17	1.9	8.3	Calm : W	W : WSW : SSW	2.0	0.12	281	10, fq.-r : 10, slt.-r : 9,s,fq.-r,so.-ha	7,ci,ci.-s,cu : p.-cl, r : p.-cl,lu.-ha,lu.-co
18	2.3	8.4	SSW : Calm : WSW	W : WSW	1.6	0.05	231	p.-cl : f, ho.-fr : 3, ci.-s, s, f	p.-cl, cu.-s, s: 9, lu.-ha : 0, d
19	0.0	8.4	WSW : SSW : S	S : SW : SSW	4.5	0.19	298	1, th.-cl, ho.-fr: p.-cl : 10, ci.-s, ci.-cu	10, fq.-r : 10, c.-r : p.-cl
20	1.6	8.5	SSW : SW	SW : SSW	3.3	0.36	384	p.-cl : 10, li.-shs : 10, fq.-r	9, fq.-r, hy.-sh: p.-cl, shs.-r : p.-cl, oc.-slt.-r
21	0.0	8.5	SSW : W : NNW	NNW : N	7.1	0.28	357	p.-cl, slt.-sh: 10, oc.-slt.-r: 10, n, s, glm, oc.-slt.-r	10, n, s, glm, m.-r: 10, w : 10
22	0.0	8.6	N : Calm	Calm : SE	1.8	0.04	196	p.-cl : th.-cl, ho.-fr: s, slt.-f, ho.-fr	s, ho.-fr : 10, sn, sl : 10, sl, r
23	0.0	8.6	S : WSW : W	W : WSW	6.5	0.75	538	10, sl, r : 10, r : 10, sc, n, w	10, w : 9, w : p.-cl
24	0.0	8.7	WSW : SW	SW : WSW	6.9	0.67	507	9 : 10 : 10, oc.-m.-r	10, oc.-m.-r : 10, w : 10, w
25	0.6	8.7	W	N : NE	3.0	0.18	325	10 : p.-cl, sh.-r: p.-cl	9, n : 10
26	5.1	8.8	NE : Calm	ESE : SE	0.8	0.02	173	p.-cl, ho.-fr: 1, ho.-fr : 1, ci.-s, ci.-cu	2, cu, cu.-s : 0, ho.-fr : p.-cl, ho.-fr
27	4.5	8.8	SE : SSE	SSE : SE : ESE	0.2	0.00	160	p.-cl, ho.-fr: 0, ho.-fr : 1, ci, ci.-s	5, ci.-s, so.-ha: 10 : 10
28	0.0	8.9	ESE : SE	ESE : Calm	0.3	0.01	169	10 : 10, s : 10, m.-r	10, slt.-r : 10, fq.-r : 10, r
29	0.0	8.9	Calm	Calm	0.0	0.00	76	10, r, f : 10, slt.-r, slt.-f: 10, fq.-th.-r, slt.-f	10, fq.-th.-r, slt.-f : 10, slt.-r, slt.-f
30	0.0	9.0	Calm	SW	10.0	0.58	294	10, r, f : 10, slt.-f : 10, s	10, s, n, glm : 10, m.-r, w : 10, r, st.-w
31	7.0	9.0	W	W : WSW	11.0	1.20	641	9, hy.-sh, fq.-r, st.-w: 1, w	1, cu, w : 1, w : 0, w
Means	1.8	8.4	...	...	...	0.25	297		
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 39°·7, being 2°·5 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 37°·9, being 2°·6 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 89°·0, being 1°·0 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0ⁱⁿ·228, being 0ⁱⁿ·022 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 2^{grs}·6, being 0^{gr}·2 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 548 grains, being 6 grains less than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 6·8.

The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0·211. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 7·0 hours on January 31.

The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 78°·8 on January 27; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 18°·2 on January 13.

The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 2, E. 4, S. 12, and W. 9. Four days were calm.

The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 11·0 lbs. on the square foot on January 31. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 297 miles; the greatest daily value was 641 miles on January 31; and the least daily value was 76 miles on January 29.

Rain (0ⁱⁿ·005 or over) fell on 21 days in the month, amounting to 2ⁱⁿ·654, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0ⁱⁿ·773 greater than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

DAILY RESULTS OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (Corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.								Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the Ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.				
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.						Highest in Sun's Rays.			Lowest on the Grass.			
Feb. 1	...	29.467	44.1	35.1	9.0	38.5	- 1.1	37.2	35.4	3.1	5.5	0.7	89	51.0	27.6	43.60	0.229	mP : mP, ssN	
2	Greatest Dec. S.	29.553	45.8	33.3	12.5	40.4	+ 0.9	38.5	36.1	4.3	9.3	1.2	85	69.1	27.6	43.45	0.178	mP : mP, ssN : mP	
3	...	29.857	52.3	45.7	6.6	49.2	+ 9.7	46.2	43.0	6.2	9.3	3.4	79	71.9	39.4	43.25	0.000	wP	
4	...	30.051	55.0	44.5	10.5	49.5	+ 10.0	46.1	42.5	7.0	12.1	2.1	77	84.0	35.7	43.39	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
5	...	29.877	48.3	43.9	4.4	46.1	+ 6.5	43.8	41.2	4.9	10.4	1.7	84	56.6	31.1	43.72	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
6	New	29.767	52.2	39.9	12.3	46.9	+ 7.3	44.8	42.5	4.4	8.6	1.9	85	77.0	33.1	44.08	0.011	mP	
7	Apogee	29.755	52.6	44.4	8.2	49.7	+ 10.2	47.9	46.0	3.7	8.4	2.1	88	58.5	37.0	44.08	0.065	wP : wP : wP, wwN	
8	...	30.108	49.3	41.1	8.2	44.7	+ 5.4	40.4	35.4	9.3	15.3	4.2	70	80.1	32.0	44.51	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
9	In Equator	30.236	52.0	43.2	8.8	47.5	+ 8.4	45.9	44.1	3.4	7.2	0.6	89	58.0	34.8	44.70	0.073	wP	
10	...	30.263	53.5	38.7	14.8	46.1	+ 7.2	43.5	40.5	5.6	12.5	0.4	82	75.8	28.0	44.71	0.050	wP, wwN : mP : sP	
11	...	30.372	53.2	32.1	21.1	40.3	+ 1.5	38.3	35.7	4.6	11.9	0.5	84	73.0	23.5	44.81	0.000	vP, wwN : mP	
12	...	30.479	48.0	30.2	17.8	38.2	- 0.6	37.7	37.0	1.2	3.0	0.0	96	60.3	23.0	44.70	0.004*	sP : mP	
13	...	30.374	42.0	34.4	7.6	37.6	- 1.4	37.1	36.4	1.2	3.4	0.0	96	66.1	29.2	44.42	0.001*	mP	
14	First Quarter	30.249	38.2	30.2	8.0	35.5	- 3.8	35.1	34.5	1.0	1.9	0.0	96	42.2	28.1	44.22	0.003*	mP	
15	...	30.083	39.8	35.4	4.4	37.4	- 2.0	37.0	36.4	1.0	3.5	0.2	96	40.1	35.4	44.01	0.071	mP : vP	
16	Greatest Dec. N.	30.048	46.0	33.1	12.9	38.7	- 0.8	35.6	31.5	7.2	16.4	0.8	76	86.0	25.9	43.63	0.000	mP	
17	...	30.020	42.0	32.9	9.1	38.0	- 1.6	35.7	32.6	5.4	7.9	2.3	81	59.6	30.0	43.61	0.020	mP : mP : mP, mN	
18	...	29.973	38.4	32.1	6.3	34.2	- 5.3	31.1	25.7	8.5	13.2	4.4	71	85.8	26.7	43.22	0.000	vN, mP : mP : mP	
19	...	29.943	40.0	28.9	11.1	33.8	- 5.7	30.8	25.4	8.4	11.0	3.8	70	83.2	24.1	42.90	0.000	mP : mP : sP	
20	...	29.929	36.2	31.1	5.1	33.7	- 5.8	30.7	25.2	8.5	9.9	5.3	70	50.0	21.9	42.52	0.000	mP : sP : sP	
21	Perigee : Full	30.118	43.3	33.1	10.2	38.2	- 1.4	34.9	30.4	7.8	11.3	2.0	73	71.7	23.0	42.20	0.000	sP : vP : sP	
22	In Equator	30.280	42.1	27.8	14.3	35.1	- 4.6	33.3	30.4	4.7	10.9	0.0	82	73.1	14.5	42.02	0.022	vP, vN : vP : mP	
23	...	30.136	48.3	24.2	24.1	35.4	- 4.4	31.8	26.2	9.2	17.5	3.1	68	92.7	10.0	41.99	0.003*	mP	
24	...	29.777	48.6	29.2	19.4	39.4	- 0.6	35.5	30.4	9.0	15.7	3.3	71	86.3	15.8	41.77	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
25	...	29.659	49.0	36.1	12.9	42.5	+ 2.4	39.3	35.4	7.1	12.1	2.9	77	85.3	22.2	41.59	0.000	mP : vP : mP	
26	...	29.586	53.0	41.1	11.9	45.1	+ 4.9	42.9	40.4	4.7	9.9	1.5	84	101.1	32.1	41.69	0.051	wP, sN : wP : mP, vN	
27	Last Quarter	29.611	52.0	38.1	13.9	44.1	+ 3.8	41.7	38.9	5.2	13.6	1.1	81	84.6	30.2	41.90	0.028	vP, ssN : mP : mP, sN	
28	...	30.034	42.0	36.8	5.2	39.5	- 0.8	36.8	33.3	6.2	8.8	3.8	79	71.4	32.9	42.21	0.003	mP : mP : sP	
Means	...	29.986	46.7	35.6	11.1	40.9	+ 1.4	38.6	35.4	5.5	10.0	1.9	81.4	71.2	27.7	43.32	0.812	...	
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

* Rainfall (Column 17). The amounts entered on February 12, 13, 14 and 23, are derived from fog or frost.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.986, being 0.184 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 55.0 on February 4; the lowest in the month was 24.2 on February 23; and the range was 30.8. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 46.7, being 1.5 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 35.6, being 1.4 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 11.1, being 0.1 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 40.9, being 1.4 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.					CLOUDS AND WEATHER.			
	Sun above Horizon.	hours.	OSLER'S.		ROBINSON'S.		A.M.	P.M.			
			General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.						
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.			Horizontal Movement of the Air.		
Feb. 1	0°0	9°1	WSW : SW	Calm : N : Variable	1°6	0°09	237	o, ho.-fr :	p.-cl, m, ho.-fr: 10, s	10, s, n, c.-r	: 10, fq.-r
2	0°8	9°2	W : WSW : SW	SW : W	8°6	0°67	511	p.-cl, ho.-fr:	th.-cl : 8, ci.-s, s, n	10, ci.-s, s, n, r, w:	p.-cl, w : p.-cl
3	0°4	9°2	W : WSW	WSW : W	8°0	1°12	632	10, w	: 10, cu.-s, s, w	10, oc.-slt.-r, w:	10, w : 9, w
4	1°3	9°3	WSW : W	W : WSW : SW	5°1	0°66	478	p.-cl, w	: 7, cu, n, w	8, cu.-s, n, w:	p.-cl : p.-cl, d
5	0°0	9°3	SW	SW : WSW	3°3	0°21	331	p.-cl	: 10 : 10, s, n	10, s, n	: p.-cl : 9
6	0°5	9°4	WNW : Calm : SW	SW	5°1	0°46	378	9	: 10 : 10, cu.-s, n, sh.-r	9, ci.-s, s, n	: 9, w : 9, shs.-r, w
7	0°0	9°4	WSW : SW	SW : WSW	20°0	1°62	636	p.-cl	: p.-cl : 10, s, n, sc, slt.-r, w	10, sc, n, slt.-sh, st.-w	: 10, slt.-r, g : p.-cl, st.-w
8	6°3	9°5	W : WNW	W : SW	9°9	0°79	499	9, slt.-sh, st.-w:	p.-cl, w : o, w	5, ci.-s	: 9, ci.-s, s : 1
9	0°0	9°5	SW	WSW : SW	6°6	0°54	406	p.-cl, w	: 10, slt.-r, w: 10, oc.-slt.-r, w	10, n	: 10 : 10, r
10	2°1	9°6	SW : Calm	SW : Calm	0°1	0°00	127	p.-cl, r	: 10, s, th.-cl	2, th.-cl	: p.-cl : 9, cu.-s
11	3°6	9°7	Calm	Calm	0°0	0°00	79	r, slt.-f, ho.-fr:	o, slt.-f, ho.-fr: 1, th.-cl, slt.-f	1	: o, f : o, f, ho.-fr
12	0°0	9°7	Calm	Calm	0°1	0°00	66	tk.-f, ho.-fr:	tk.-f : 10, f	10, s, n	: 10, slt.-f : 10, f
13	0°0	9°8	Calm	WSW : Calm : W	0°1	0°00	146	10, f	: 10, slt.-f : 10, s, slt.-f	p.-cl, slt.-f, so.-ha :	r, th.-cl, slt.-f, ho.-fr: f, ho.-fr
14	0°0	9°8	Calm : NNE	Calm	0°6	0°00	116	tk.-f	: tk.-f : 10, f	10, s, slt.-f	: 10, s : 10
15	0°0	9°9	Calm	Calm : ENE : ESE	0°2	0°00	124	10	: 10, s : 10, s, oc.-m.-r	10, s, slt.-r	: 10, r : 10
16	6°7	10°0	E : ENE	E : ENE	3°3	0°13	266	p.-cl	: th.-cl : 6, ci, ci.-s	3, ci, ci.-s	: p.-cl, lu.-co : p.-cl, ho.-fr
17	0°1	10°0	ENE : NE	NE : ENE : E	7°7	0°56	444	10	: 10, sc, s, n	9, sn	: 10, slt.-sh, slt.-sn, w : 10, oc.-sn
18	7°0	10°1	E : ENE	E : ENE	13°0	1°30	562	9	: 9 : 8, cu, cu.-s, st.-w	4, cu, cu.-s, st.-w:	3, cu, w : p.-cl, w
19	6°7	10°2	E : ENE	E : ENE : NE	7°3	0°77	452	p.-cl	: 9 : 7, cu, cu.-s, w	3, cu, w	: p.-cl, w : 10, cu.-s, s
20	0°4	10°2	NE : ENE	ENE : NE	4°6	0°57	440	10	: 10, w	9	: p.-cl : 10
21	2°6	10°3	ENE : NE : E	E : ENE	6°2	0°49	369	10	: 10 : 9, w	p.-cl, w	: p.-cl : p.-cl, slt.-m, ho.-fr
22	2°7	10°4	E : Calm	ESE : SE	1°2	0°04	169	p.-cl, ho.-fr:	10, r : 9	p.-cl, cu, cu.-s	: o, ho.-fr
23	8°0	10°4	Calm : SE : S	SSE : SE	2°5	0°09	181	o, ho.-fr	: o : 2, ci.-s, s	3, ci.-s	: r, ci.-s, cu.-s, ho.-fr: th.-cl, h, slt.-f, ho.-fr
24	2°9	10°5	SSE : S	SSW : S : SSE	2°3	0°16	264	li.-cl, ho.-fr:	p.-cl : 7, s	p.-cl, s, th.-cl	: o, ho.-fr
25	1°9	10°6	SSE : S : SSW	SSW : S	3°0	0°18	251	p.-cl, ho.-fr:	p.-cl : 9	10, s, n	: 9 : p.-cl, d
26	1°7	10°6	S : Calm : SSW	S : Calm	0°2	0°01	141	10	: 10, r : 9, ci.-s, cu	9, slt.-sh	: 10, sh.-r : 10, slt.-r
27	2°0	10°7	Calm : NNW	NNW : NW : NNE	5°5	0°34	274	10, slt.-m	: 10, sh.-r : 8, cu, cu.-s	8, slt.-sh	: 10 : 10, oc.-slt.-r, w
28	0°4	10°7	N : NNE	NNE : NE	3°7	0°22	240	10, oc.-slt.-r:	10, oc.-slt.-r: 9, cu.-s, s	10, cu, s, n, oc.-slt.-r:	10, s, n : 10
Means	2°1	9°9	...	...	...	0°39	315				
Number of Columns for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 38°·6, being 0°·9 higher than
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 35°·4, being the same as
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 81·4, being 4·1 less than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0·207, being the same as
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 2·574, being the same as
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 554 grains, being 1 grain greater than
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 7·5.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0·210. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 8°0 hours on February 23.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 101°·1 on February 26; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 10°·0 on February 23.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 3, E. 6, S. 5, and W. 8. Six days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 20°0 lbs. on the square foot on February 7. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 315 miles; the greatest daily value was 636 miles on February 7; and the least daily value was 66 miles on February 12.
Rain (0·1005 or over) fell on 11 days in the month, amounting to 0·11812, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0·1668 less than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

} the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (Corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.								Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.							
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.	Highest in Sun's Rays.		Lowest on the Grass.				
Mar. 1	Greatest Dec. S.	30°093	42.7	34.8	7.9	37.8	- 2.6	35.0	31.2	6.6	10.7	3.2	77	64.7	30.0	42.32	0.000	mP	
2	...	29.906	52.4	37.8	14.6	44.3	+ 3.9	40.9	37.0	7.3	13.1	2.5	75	92.6	33.2	42.49	0.030	wP, vN : mP : mP	
3	...	29.825	53.0	43.6	9.4	49.2	+ 8.7	46.7	44.0	5.2	6.9	3.3	83	72.0	38.2	42.59	0.041	wP : wP : vP, vN	
4	...	29.808	54.6	38.2	16.4	47.7	+ 7.0	45.8	43.7	4.0	5.9	2.0	87	83.0	28.7	42.90	0.000	mP : wP	
5	...	29.893	58.3	44.7	13.6	50.9	+ 10.0	46.5	41.9	9.0	18.1	2.9	73	112.5	37.6	43.31	0.002	wP : mP : mP	
6	Apogee	29.836	59.0	46.0	13.0	50.6	+ 9.6	47.3	43.8	6.8	12.7	3.5	78	126.9	39.0	43.78	0.139	wP : wP : wP, ssN	
7	...	29.791	50.1	40.8	9.3	44.6	+ 3.6	41.0	36.8	7.8	13.1	4.0	73	94.8	35.1	44.08	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
8	New	30.071	45.7	33.4	12.3	39.7	- 1.4	36.6	32.6	7.1	13.7	3.2	76	86.9	26.7	44.27	0.033	mP : sP, ssN : ssN, sP	
9	In Equator	30.304	49.3	33.3	16.0	42.4	+ 1.4	39.7	36.4	6.0	9.9	3.4	80	79.0	26.0	44.53	0.000	vP : mP	
10	...	30.183	51.9	46.4	5.5	48.2	+ 7.3	46.5	44.6	3.6	7.1	0.4	88	63.0	43.9	44.02	0.146	wP : wP : mP	
11	...	30.115	56.2	39.1	17.1	48.0	+ 7.0	44.6	40.9	7.1	12.5	1.7	77	95.5	28.7	44.13	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
12	...	30.065	55.0	29.0	26.0	42.1	+ 1.0	39.7	36.7	5.4	12.4	2.0	82	103.2	19.7	44.39	0.000	mP	
13	...	29.824	55.7	36.1	19.6	45.0	+ 3.7	42.5	39.6	5.4	12.2	0.7	81	90.3	27.1	44.32	0.000	mP	
14	...	29.654	54.3	43.1	11.2	48.8	+ 7.3	47.1	45.2	3.6	6.7	1.7	88	82.0	39.3	44.42	0.129	wP : wP : wP, vN	
15	First Quarter	29.845	49.1	37.6	11.5	43.5	+ 1.8	39.0	33.6	9.9	18.2	3.8	68	104.0	31.0	44.52	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
16	Greatest Dec. N.	29.576	47.6	39.0	8.6	42.6	+ 0.7	40.1	37.1	5.5	11.3	1.2	82	84.2	37.0	44.56	0.406	vP, ssN : mP, wwN : vP, ssN	
17	...	29.208	46.4	35.0	11.4	40.1	- 1.9	38.2	35.7	4.4	9.9	1.7	85	73.2	28.3	44.52	0.230	wP, vN : vP, ssN : sP	
18	...	29.510	44.3	28.2	16.1	35.3	- 6.7	31.8	26.3	9.0	15.1	5.1	68	89.7	18.9	44.40	0.000	vP : vP : mP	
19	...	28.948	52.2	37.0	15.2	45.1	+ 3.2	40.7	35.6	9.5	17.8	1.9	70	96.5	29.4	44.03	0.223	wP, wN : vP, ssN : sP	
20	...	29.235	56.0	41.3	14.7	45.4	+ 3.5	41.8	37.6	7.8	16.7	3.9	75	114.2	34.1	43.82	0.130	wP : vP, ssN	
21	Perigee	29.344	53.6	39.3	14.3	44.8	+ 2.9	42.1	38.9	5.9	11.7	1.8	80	98.1	33.0	43.87	0.306	... : wP, vN	
22	In Equator : Full	29.297	56.8	41.4	15.4	47.2	+ 5.2	44.3	41.1	6.1	10.3	2.9	80	113.2	33.7	43.93	0.116	wP : wP : wP, ssN	
23	...	29.297	51.8	39.9	11.9	45.5	+ 3.3	42.5	39.1	6.4	9.8	3.1	78	103.8	30.8	44.06	0.090	vP, ssN : vP, vN : mP	
24	...	29.823	46.7	36.0	10.7	41.1	- 1.3	39.2	36.8	4.3	8.2	1.2	85	63.9	26.0	44.20	0.020	wP : mP, sN : mP	
25	...	30.103	46.7	29.0	17.7	38.5	- 4.2	35.9	32.5	6.0	10.2	0.4	79	98.0	19.9	44.22	0.004	mP, wN : wP : mP	
26	...	29.786	50.3	35.3	15.0	41.9	- 1.1	39.4	36.3	5.6	14.8	1.0	82	99.0	25.9	44.12	0.125	mP : mP : vP, vN	
27	...	29.490	55.1	39.7	15.4	44.6	+ 1.3	42.4	39.8	4.8	13.9	1.2	84	98.5	27.0	44.01	0.066	vN, mP : mP : mP	
28	Greatest Dec. S.	29.267	52.9	39.1	13.8	45.1	+ 1.4	42.7	39.9	5.2	9.4	2.0	82	97.5	28.0	44.12	0.166	vP, vN : wP, vN : mP	
29	Last Quarter	29.371	56.7	38.1	18.6	46.7	+ 2.6	44.0	40.9	5.8	11.4	1.1	81	113.0	28.2	44.21	0.021	wP : wP, wN : wP	
30	...	29.537	57.0	44.3	12.7	49.5	+ 5.0	45.7	41.7	7.8	10.5	5.2	75	107.5	37.6	44.38	0.000	wP : wP : mP	
31	...	29.627	49.8	40.2	9.6	44.2	- 0.7	42.9	41.4	2.8	5.0	2.4	90	59.7	31.8	44.59	0.000	mP	
Means	...	29.698	52.0	38.3	13.7	44.5	+ 2.6	41.7	38.3	6.2	11.6	2.4	79.4	92.3	30.8	43.97	Sum 2.423	...	
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.698, being 0.01048 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 59.0 on March 6; the lowest in the month was 28.2 on March 18; and the range was 30.8. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 52.0, being 2.2 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 38.3, being 3.2 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 13.7, being 1.0 less than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 44.5, being 2.6 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.					CLOUDS AND WEATHER.					
	hours.	Sun above Horizon.	OSLER'S.		ROBINSON'S.		A.M.	P.M.					
			General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.								
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.			Horizontal Movement of the Air.				
Mar. 1	0'0	10'8	Calm : SSE : S	SSW : S	1'7	0'12	205	10	: 10, s, n	10, s, n	: 10		
2	5'5	10'9	SSW : SW : W	W : WSW	4'4	0'58	443	9, oc.-r	: p.-cl, w	8, cu, cu.-s, n, slt.-sh, w	: 1	: 9, slt.-r	
3	0'0	11'0	SW : WSW	WSW : WNW : N	14'8	1'62	677	10, oc.-slt.-r, w	: 10, w	10, oc, s, s, st.-w	: 10, sc, st.-w	: 10, slt.-r, st.-w	: 10, w
4	0'1	11'0	WSW : SW	WSW	12'9	1'51	597	1	: p.-cl	10, sc, n, st.-w	: 10, sc, n, st.-w	: 10, st.-w	: 10, oc.-slt.-r, st.-w
5	7'7	11'1	SW : WSW : W	WSW : SW	9'7	0'87	525	9, oc.-slt.-r, st.-w	: p.-cl	4, w	: 2, cu	: 0	: p.-cl, d
6	6'6	11'1	SW : WSW	WSW	10'7	1'29	587	10, w	: 9	p.-cl, ci.-s, cu	: 3, ci.-s, cu, w	: p.-cl, cu, cu.-s, w	: 10, fq.-r, st.-w
7	3'1	11'2	W : WSW	W : WSW	6'1	0'58	423	p.-cl, w	: th.-cl, w	5, cu, th.-cl, so.-ha, w	: 9, so.-ha	: 10, s, n	: 10
8	4'2	11'3	NW : W	NNW : NW : N	9'2	0'40	350	1, ho.-fr	: p.-cl	4, cu, n	: p.-cl, sh.-r, sn, sqs	: p.-cl	: 0, slt.-m
9	0'0	11'4	WSW : SW : W	WSW	5'7	0'47	426	p.-cl, ho.-fr	: 10	10	: 10, oc.-slt.-r, w	: 10, w	: 10, w
10	0'0	11'4	W : WSW	W : SW	5'2	0'39	399	10, w	: 9	10, m.-r	: 10, s, n, m.-r	: 10, m.-r	
11	1'6	11'5	SW : WSW : W	W : NW : NNE	5'4	0'43	391	10	: 9, w	10, s, n	: 8, cu, cu.-s, s	: 0	
12	9'1	11'6	Calm : SSE : S	SSW : Calm	1'3	0'05	147	0, ho.-fr	: 0	1, cu	: 4, cu, th.-cl	: th.-cl	: 10, th.-cl, slt.-f
13	3'3	11'6	N : Calm	Calm : WSW : SW	2'5	0'09	204	9	: 1, f	4, f	: 7, cu	: 2, m	: 10
14	0'2	11'7	SW	SW : WSW : W	10'8	1'27	628	10, r, w	: 10, oc.-slt.-r, w	10, sc, s, n, slt.-r, w	: 10, sc, s, st.-w	: 10, r, st.-w	: p.-cl, fq.-r, w
15	8'8	11'8	WSW : SW : W	W : WSW : SW	13'0	1'61	688	1	: p.-cl, w	7, cu, cu.-s, st.-w	: 4, cu, st.-w	: 1, w	: p.-cl, g
16	0'5	11'8	SW : WSW	WSW : Variable : SW	25'3	1'30	564	10, hy.-r, g	: 10, fq.-r, w	9, s, so.-ha, w	: 9, s, so.-ha, oc.-slt.-r, w	: 10, r	: 10, r, lu.-ha
17	2'5	11'9	SW : W : WNW	WNW : NW : N	14'5	1'17	565	10, fq.-r, st.-w	: 10, oc.-r, g	9, n, slt.-sn, w	: 8, t.-sm, oc.-r, sn, bl	: p.-cl	: 9
18	5'3	11'9	N : Calm	WSW : SW : SSW	2'0	0'11	220	p.-cl	: 0, h, ho.-fr	s, h	: 5, th.-cl, h, so.-ha	: p.-cl, so.-ha, lu.-co	: 8, ho.-fr, lu.-co
19	4'8	12'0	SSW : SW : W	W : WSW	22'5	2'52	845	9, st.-w	: 10, r, st.-w	9, sc, oc.-r, hy.-sh, st.-w	: p.-cl, sh.-r, hl, g	: p.-cl, st.-w	: 1, w
20	6'9	12'1	WSW	WSW : SW	12'5	1'18	592	1, w	: 1	6, cu, st.-w	: 8, shs.-r, st.-w	: p.-cl, sh.-r, st.-w	: v, sh.-r, w
21	2'8	12'2	WSW : SW	SW : WSW	9'4	0'88	492	p.-cl	: 9, oc.-r, hy.-sh, t	8, shs.-r, w, t	: 6, sh.-r, w	: p.-cl, shs.-r, w	: p.-cl
22	3'5	12'2	SW : SSW : SE	SSE : SSW : SW	23'2	1'03	471	p.-cl	: 10	9, sh.-r	: 8, cu	: 10, hl, l, t, st.-w	: 10, slt.-r, g
23	3'8	12'3	SW	SW : WSW	13'0	0'80	431	10, sh.-r, st.-w	: p.-cl	8, slt.-r	: 9, cu, s, n, slt.-r	: p.-cl	: 1
24	0'3	12'3	WSW : N : NE	NE : Calm	1'1	0'06	182	0, ho.-fr	: p.-cl	10, oc.-slt.-r	: 10, oc.-slt.-r	: p.-cl	: p.-cl
25	0'6	12'4	Calm : ENE : E	ESE : E	1'7	0'14	208	0, m, ho.-fr	: p.-cl	10, slt.-sh.	: 9, s, n	: 10	: 9
26	1'8	12'5	E : ENE	ESE : E : NE	3'6	0'23	277	li.-cl, ho.-fr	: p.-cl	8, ci.-s, ci.-cu	: 8, ci.-s, s, so.-ha	: 10, slt.-r	: 10, r
27	3'5	12'6	N : W : WSW	WSW : SSW : SSE	0'5	0'01	189	10, r	: 10	9	: 7, cu.-s, s	: p.-cl, ho.-fr	: p.-cl, ho.-fr
28	1'8	12'6	SE : SSE	S : SSW : SSE	4'0	0'30	293	9	: 10, oc.-slt.-r		: 9, r, slt.-sh	: p.-cl	: p.-cl
29	1'5	12'7	SE : ENE	ESE : S : SSW	5'8	0'41	328	p.-cl	: 10	9, slt.-r	: p.-cl, th.-r, w	: 1, w	
30	2'5	12'7	S : SSW : SW	SW : WSW	6'0	0'58	391	p.-cl, w	: 9, w	10, cu.-s, s, w	: 9, cu.-s, n	: p.-cl	: 10, th.-cl
31	0'0	12'8	Calm	Calm : S : SW	0'1	0'00	108	10	: 10, slt.-f	10, s, slt.-f	: 10, s, glm	: 9	: th.-cl
Means	3'0	11'8	...	...	...	0'71	414						
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26				27	

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 41°·7, being 2°·3 higher than
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 38°·3, being 2°·0 higher than
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 79·4, being 1·1 less than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0ⁱⁿ·231, being 0ⁱⁿ·017 greater than
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 2^{grs}·7, being 0^{gr}·2 greater than
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 546 grains, being 3 grains less than
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 7·4.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0·252. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 9·1 hours on March 12.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 126°·9 on March 6; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 18°·9 on March 18.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 3, E. 2, S. 9, and W. 14. Three days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 25·3 lbs. on the square foot on March 16. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 414 miles; the greatest daily value was 845 miles on March 19; and the least daily value was 108 miles on March 31.
Rain (0ⁱⁿ·005 or over) fell on 18 days in the month, amounting to 2ⁱⁿ·423, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0ⁱⁿ·903 greater than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

} the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (Corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.							Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.						
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.		Highest in Sun's Rays.	Lowest on the Grass.	Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.		
Apr. 1	...	29.641	53.0	37.2	15.8	43.4	- 1.9	41.1	38.4	5.0	13.5	1.4	82	101.9	29.0	44.72	0.160	wP, mN : mP : vP, ssN
2	Apogee	29.858	55.2	33.0	22.2	44.1	- 1.6	40.9	37.2	6.9	12.7	2.0	76	108.0	25.0	44.82	0.000	mP : wP : mP
3	...	29.917	55.0	36.3	18.7	45.2	- 0.8	41.4	37.0	8.2	18.5	2.0	73	119.1	26.3	44.79	0.043	wP : vP : vP, vN
4	...	29.828	51.2	40.4	10.8	45.1	- 1.1	43.0	40.6	4.5	6.8	2.6	84	72.8	39.0	44.90	0.108	vN, wP : mP : wP
5	In Equator	29.658	52.6	42.1	10.5	46.2	- 0.1	43.9	41.3	4.9	8.4	0.9	84	101.2	41.9	44.91	0.023	wP : mP : ...
6	New	29.601	55.0	41.0	14.0	46.4	+ 0.1	42.3	37.7	8.7	16.1	3.1	72	112.6	38.6	45.09	0.000	... : wP, vN : wP
7	...	29.678	51.1	39.5	11.6	43.1	- 3.2	38.5	33.0	10.1	17.4	4.8	67	108.9	34.6	45.21	0.001	wP : mP, mN : mP
8	...	29.901	51.3	34.9	16.4	42.4	- 3.7	38.8	34.4	8.0	12.8	3.2	74	96.0	28.2	45.21	0.000	mP
9	...	29.952	47.0	38.2	8.8	42.2	- 3.8	38.9	34.9	7.3	11.0	3.5	76	85.2	27.6	45.22	0.000	mP : mP : sP
10	...	29.828	49.4	38.1	11.3	43.9	- 2.0	42.1	39.9	4.0	7.0	2.1	86	68.6	33.0	45.20	0.123	mP : mP : ssN, mP
11	...	29.692	44.0	34.1	9.9	39.0	- 6.8	37.2	34.9	4.1	10.4	2.3	86	64.0	32.9	45.23	0.374	vP : vP, ssN : ssN, mP
12	Greatest Dec. N.	29.701	44.1	33.2	10.9	38.0	- 7.9	34.0	28.6	9.4	14.6	2.0	68	109.8	25.2	45.20	0.040	vN, vP : mP : sP
13	...	29.941	45.8	29.0	16.8	37.4	- 8.7	33.4	27.8	9.6	15.2	3.7	68	109.2	17.9	44.92	0.000	sP : mP : wP
14	First Quarter	29.905	48.6	33.4	15.2	41.6	- 4.8	38.8	35.2	6.4	11.6	1.1	80	91.5	23.9	44.70	0.060	wP : mP : mP, ssN
15	...	29.759	52.6	42.8	9.8	47.4	+ 0.6	44.2	40.6	6.8	10.9	2.4	78	78.6	37.0	44.59	0.000	mP
16	...	29.352	57.9	37.8	20.1	48.2	+ 1.0	44.9	41.3	6.9	16.2	2.2	77	106.9	27.1	44.71	0.250	wP, wwN : vN, wP : sP
17	...	29.396	55.9	31.2	24.7	43.0	- 4.6	39.1	34.4	8.6	15.2	1.6	72	127.9	23.2	45.01	0.052	mP : vP, ssN : ssN, sP
18	Perigee : In Equator	29.439	54.1	35.3	18.8	45.2	- 2.8	42.9	40.3	4.9	11.1	1.2	83	97.8	28.0	45.11	0.092	mP : vP, sN : wP
19	...	29.374	57.0	40.8	16.2	49.7	+ 1.4	45.2	40.4	9.3	21.1	1.9	71	124.1	33.1	45.20	0.050	wP : sN, vP : mP
20	Full	29.744	58.2	38.0	20.2	46.8	- 1.7	41.9	36.4	10.4	21.6	2.5	68	106.2	30.1	45.53	0.000	mP : mP : ...
21	...	29.711	61.2	43.0	18.2	51.2	+ 2.5	48.7	46.1	5.1	11.3	1.7	83	122.0	38.7	45.69	0.053	... : wP
22	...	29.874	64.2	47.7	16.5	54.6	+ 5.9	52.2	49.9	4.7	11.3	0.6	84	127.2	40.0	45.93	0.008	wP, wN : wP, ssN : wP
23	...	29.866	63.8	41.1	22.7	52.1	+ 3.5	46.4	40.6	11.5	21.2	2.8	66	128.1	29.9	46.49	0.000	wP
24	...	29.535	67.2	33.1	34.1	51.1	+ 2.5	46.8	42.3	8.8	20.2	0.5	72	127.3	24.0	46.92	0.000	mP : wP : mP
25	Greatest Dec. S.	29.326	59.0	40.1	18.9	49.3	+ 0.7	46.1	42.7	6.6	17.1	1.2	78	127.0	36.9	47.21	0.173	wP : wP : vP, ssN
26	...	29.339	57.2	39.1	18.1	49.1	+ 0.5	45.4	41.4	7.7	12.3	1.6	75	105.5	32.1	47.53	0.094	mN, wP : wP, vN : wP
27	...	29.299	62.6	50.5	12.1	56.1	+ 7.4	51.7	47.5	8.6	13.2	4.3	73	102.8	46.9	47.75	0.047	wP : wP, wN : wP
28	Last Quarter	29.600	62.8	47.0	15.8	54.9	+ 6.1	52.5	50.2	4.7	9.8	2.8	84	98.8	40.0	48.02	0.087	wP, wN : wP : wP, wN
29	...	29.776	64.9	42.0	22.9	54.1	+ 5.1	50.2	46.4	7.7	16.0	0.6	75	136.0	32.1	48.40	0.265	wP : ... : vP, vN
30	Apogee	29.661	58.7	47.3	11.4	52.3	+ 3.2	49.5	46.7	5.6	12.0	0.4	82	122.6	37.9	48.61	0.126	wP : mP
Means	...	29.672	55.4	38.9	16.4	46.8	- 0.5	43.4	39.6	7.2	13.9	2.1	76.6	106.3	32.0	45.76	2.229	...
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.672, being 0.0076 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 67.2 on April 24; the lowest in the month was 29.0 on April 13; and the range was 38.2. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 55.4, being 1.8 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 38.9, being 0.1 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 16.4, being 1.8 less than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 46.8, being 0.5 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.					CLOUDS AND WEATHER.	
	hours.	Sun above Horizon.	OSLER'S.		ROBINSON'S.		A.M.	P.M.	
			General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.				
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.			Horizontal Movement of the Air.
Apr. 1	2.7	12.9	S : SSE : SW	W : WSW : WNW	2.5	0.19	303	p-cl : 9, slt.-r : 10, n, slt.-r	p-cl, cu, cu.-s : 10, r
2	4.1	12.9	WSW : SW : SSW	SSW : S : SSE	2.2	0.22	274	1, ho.-fr : p-cl, slt.-sh : 7, cu, cu.-s	9, cu : p-cl, cu : p-cl
3	8.3	13.0	SSE : SE : E	E : ENE : NE	6.5	0.60	385	1, ho.-fr : 1, cu, w	6, ci.-s, ci.-cu, s, w : 10, slt.-r, w : 10, fq.-th.-r, w
4	0.0	13.1	NE	NE	7.7	0.99	562	10, slt.-r, w : 10, slt.-r : 10, s, n, w	10, s, n, w : 10, w
5	3.3	13.1	NE	NE	9.6	1.08	581	10, fq.-th.-r, w : 10, n, w	8, sc, w : p-cl, w : 10
6	7.0	13.2	NE	NE : NNE	8.7	1.19	564	9, w : p-cl, w : 6, cu, s, w	4, ci.-s, cu, w : 10, w : 10, w
7	4.1	13.3	N : NNE	NE	9.8	1.30	558	10, w : 9, w : p-cl, cu, n, sh.-r, w	p-cl, cu, cu.-s, st.-w : 9, cu, cu.-s, w : 9, w
8	4.3	13.3	NNE : NE	N : NNE : NE	5.8	0.44	333	p-cl : p-cl : 9, cu, n	8, cu, n : 8, cu, cu.-s, w : 10
9	0.0	13.4	N : NNE : NE	NNE : N : WSW	2.8	0.23	258	10 : 10, n	10, s, n : p-cl : 10, s
10	0.0	13.4	WSW : W : NW	NW : N : NE	2.2	0.26	318	10 : 10, slt.-r : 10, n, oc.-th.-r	10, n, s, th.-r : 10, oc.-slt.-r
11	0.0	13.5	NNE : NE : Calm	SSE : SE : NW	6.9	0.17	228	10 : 10 : 10, n, s, slt.-sn, m.-r	10, n, s, m.-r, slt.-sn, sl : 10, r, sn, sl : 9, sh.-r, w
12	4.3	13.6	NNE : NE	NE : NNE : N	9.2	0.70	402	10, r, w : p-cl, cu, n, w	9, cu, cu.-s, n : 10, cu, n, s : 9
13	6.7	13.7	Calm : N : NNE	NE : Calm : S	0.7	0.03	126	p-cl, ho.-fr : p-cl, cu, n	7, cu, s : p-cl : p-cl, ho.-fr
14	0.0	13.7	SSW	SSW : SW	4.7	0.33	335	9 : 10 : 10, s, n, oc.-slt.-r	9, cu, cu.-s : 10, r
15	1.0	13.8	SW	SW : SSW	5.1	0.52	395	10 : p-cl, cu, cu.-s : 9, cu, cu.-s, s	10, s, n : 9, cu, n, s, so.-ha : 10, s, lu.-ha, lu.-co, w
16	3.7	13.8	SW : SSW	W : NW : SW	9.0	1.37	591	10, r, w : 10, c.-r, w : 10, sc, r, st.-w	8, cu.-s, n, r, w : p-cl, cu, w, d : 1, ho.-fr
17	8.8	13.9	SW : Calm : WSW	W : WSW	9.5	0.25	313	2, ho.-fr : cu : 5, cu	7, cu, n, sh.-r, sl, w : p-cl, sh.-r, hl, w : th.-cl, lu.-ha
18	0.2	13.9	WSW : SW	SW : SSW	5.5	0.54	427	1 : p-cl, li.-shs : 9, li.-shs	9, s, so.-ha, fq.-shs, sl : 10, fq.-r : 10, slt.-r, w
19	5.9	14.0	SW : WSW : W	W : WNW : WSW	15.8	1.18	620	10, oc.-shs, w : 10, shs.-r : p-cl, cu, n, shs.-r, st.-w	6, cu, w, st.-w : 8, cu, th.-cl, slt.-sh, w : th.-cl
20	10.0	14.1	WSW : W : WNW	W : SSW : S	2.2	0.17	269	0 : 0 : 3, cu, h	2, cu, th.-cl, h : 1, cu, th.-cl, so.-ha : 10, r
21	0.5	14.1	SE : SSE	SSE : SE : E	1.8	0.14	197	10, slt.-r : 10, oc.-slt.-r : 10, th.-r	9, shs.-r : 10, oc.-slt.-r : 10, slt.-r, slt.-f
22	3.6	14.2	E : ENE	E : ESE	1.2	0.05	169	10, li.-shs : 10, oc.-m.-r : 9, cu, s, n	8, cu, cu.-s, sh.-r : p-cl : p-cl, th.-cl
23	11.8	14.3	E : NE	E : SE : Calm	2.2	0.11	187	1, th.-cl, d : 0 : 1, ci.-s, th.-cl	2, ci, ci.-s : 0, d
24	8.1	14.3	Calm : ESE	ESE : SW	1.4	0.08	166	li.-cl, ho.-fr : 0, slt.-m, f : 1, ci	2, ci, ci.-s, cu : p-cl, ci, ci.-s, so.-ha : th.-cl, d
25	4.0	14.4	SSW : SW	SW : SSW	6.0	0.57	402	10, li.-shs : 10, oc.-m.-r : 9, cu, n	8, cu, cu.-s, so.-ha, w : p-cl, r, w : 10, fq.-shs, sq
26	2.5	14.5	SW : SSW	SSW : SW	10.6	1.23	544	p-cl, r : p-cl : 8, ci, ci.-s, cu, w	10, slt.-r, w : 9, w : 10, shs.-r, w
27	2.8	14.5	SW : SSW	SSW	9.2	1.13	537	10, w : p-cl, w : 9, ci.-s, cu.-s, shs.-r, w	10, s, n, shs.-r, w : p-cl, cu, cu.-s, s, w : p-cl, w
28	1.0	14.6	SSW : S	S : SSW : SW	11.3	0.30	301	p-cl : 10, s, n, slt.-r	9, cu, n, shs.-r : p-cl, n, fq.-r, sq : th.-cl, m
29	8.1	14.6	SW : SE : ESE	ESE : Variable	5.7	0.38	267	th.-cl : li.-cl : 7, ci.-s, ci.-cu, cu	5, ci, ci.-s, ci.-cu : p-cl, w : 10, t.-sm, hy.-r
30	3.2	14.7	S : Calm : SW	W : SW : Calm	2.8	0.14	223	1 : p-cl : 8, cu, cu.-s, s	9, oc.-slt.-r : 10, c.-r : 10, r
Means	4.0	13.8	...	...	...	0.53	361		
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 43°.4, being 0°.5 lower than
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 39°.6, being 0°.5 lower than
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 76.6, being 0.8 greater than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0ⁱⁿ.243, being 0ⁱⁿ.005 less than
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 25^{grs}.8, being 0^{gr}.1 less than
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 543 grains, being the same as
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 7.8.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0.290. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 11.8 hours on April 23.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 136°.0 on April 29; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 17°.9 on April 13.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 5, E. 6, S. 9, and W. 8. Two days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 15.8 lbs. on the square foot on April 19. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 361 miles; the greatest daily value was 620 miles on April 19; and the least daily value was 126 miles on April 13.
Rain (0ⁱⁿ.005 or over) fell on 20 days in the month, amounting to 2ⁱⁿ.229, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0ⁱⁿ.663 greater than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

DAILY RESULTS OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.								Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evapo-ration.	Of the Dew Point.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.				
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deduced Mean Daily Value.				Highest in Sun's Rays.		Lowest on the Grass.	Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.			
May 1	...	29.731	62.2	44.0	18.2	50.5	+ 1.2	46.6	42.5	8.0	17.3	0.0	75	122.1	34.6	48.95	0.000	mP	
2	In Equator	29.705	61.1	39.6	21.5	47.8	- 1.7	44.9	41.8	6.0	17.3	0.0	81	108.9	31.0	49.11	0.006	wP : mP : mP, wwN	
3	...	29.501	60.0	40.1	19.9	48.9	- 0.9	45.1	41.0	7.9	15.2	0.0	74	129.5	29.2	49.16	0.060	wP : wP : wP, vN	
4	...	29.226	53.3	42.2	11.1	46.9	- 3.1	44.7	42.2	4.7	9.8	0.0	85	103.0	42.4	49.21	0.271	vN, vP : wN, wP : vP, ssN	
5	...	29.439	62.6	45.2	17.4	51.2	+ 0.9	48.7	46.1	5.1	10.8	0.0	83	126.0	34.5	49.36	0.191	vN, wP : mP : wP	
6	New	29.410	61.4	40.1	21.3	48.8	- 1.7	46.4	43.8	5.0	12.9	0.4	82	125.8	32.5	49.40	0.026	wP : ... : mP	
7	...	29.496	59.0	36.3	22.7	47.6	- 3.1	44.2	40.4	7.2	13.1	1.7	77	129.6	28.7	49.41	0.013	mP : vP, ssN : mP	
8	...	29.461	54.0	44.7	9.3	49.8	- 1.2	46.7	43.4	6.4	11.9	2.6	79	72.0	39.6	49.41	0.063	wP : wP, vN : mP	
9	Greatest Dec. N.	29.448	57.5	47.6	9.9	51.3	+ 0.1	49.1	46.8	4.5	9.0	0.6	85	94.9	40.0	49.47	0.024	wP : wP : mP	
10	...	29.582	63.2	43.9	19.3	52.8	+ 1.3	48.9	45.0	7.8	15.7	0.0	75	114.8	33.3	49.54	0.038	wP, wN : wP : wP	
11	...	29.735	65.0	41.0	24.0	52.2	+ 0.4	48.8	45.3	6.9	14.8	0.4	78	138.6	30.0	49.72	0.034	wP : vP, ssN : wP	
12	...	29.786	61.0	42.8	18.2	52.3	+ 0.2	49.6	46.9	5.4	11.6	0.0	82	109.9	31.7	50.00	0.015	wP	
13	First Quarter	29.898	68.0	49.8	18.2	57.4	+ 5.0	52.6	48.2	9.2	17.2	1.2	71	133.3	38.4	50.25	0.000	wP	
14	...	29.929	64.6	45.4	19.2	54.6	+ 2.0	50.4	46.4	8.2	15.2	1.5	73	107.2	34.0	50.54	0.000	wP	
15	...	29.930	60.1	43.1	17.0	50.2	- 2.6	46.2	42.0	8.2	14.0	3.0	74	135.1	39.3	50.80	0.000	wP	
16	Perigee : In Equator	29.799	65.2	43.3	21.9	51.7	- 1.3	47.4	43.0	8.7	15.3	3.3	73	131.0	37.0	51.08	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
17	...	29.547	70.6	39.4	31.2	55.1	+ 2.0	48.3	41.8	13.3	26.0	0.5	61	125.1	31.1	51.21	0.000	mP : sP : mP	
18	...	29.640	60.0	43.7	16.3	50.5	- 2.8	43.9	36.9	13.6	21.8	7.7	60	125.6	34.0	51.29	0.005	mP : mP : ssN, sP	
19	...	29.801	60.5	38.3	22.2	48.3	- 5.2	43.2	37.6	10.7	19.4	3.0	67	132.0	27.2	51.51	0.008	vP : sP, ssN : ssP	
20	Full	29.895	65.3	37.1	28.2	50.7	- 3.1	47.4	43.9	6.8	17.0	1.4	78	120.0	27.0	51.49	0.000	wP : wwP : vP	
21	...	29.861	66.1	47.1	19.0	54.4	+ 0.2	50.1	45.9	8.5	17.0	2.3	73	134.3	40.3	51.52	0.000	wwP : wP : mP	
22	Greatest Dec. S.	29.894	63.0	45.6	17.4	53.3	- 1.3	48.4	43.5	9.8	17.6	2.4	70	128.1	39.3	51.71	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
23	...	29.963	71.8	52.5	19.3	59.0	+ 4.1	55.0	51.4	7.6	16.6	1.2	76	126.9	45.3	51.98	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
24	...	30.090	74.9	53.3	21.6	62.4	+ 7.1	57.3	53.0	9.4	19.4	2.8	73	138.0	42.0	52.40	0.000	wP	
25	...	30.088	81.2	50.3	30.9	65.5	+ 10.0	59.4	54.4	11.1	24.0	1.6	68	142.8	37.6	53.02	0.000	wP	
26	...	30.002	83.5	52.2	31.3	67.5	+ 11.7	61.0	55.8	11.7	24.4	2.3	66	149.5	39.3	53.73	0.000	wP	
27	...	29.849	84.1	53.2	30.9	66.8	+ 10.8	61.2	56.7	10.1	24.0	2.1	71	143.2	42.0	54.50	0.033	wP : vP, ssN : vP, ssN	
28	Last Quarter : Apogee	29.862	80.8	51.6	29.2	64.9	+ 8.7	57.8	51.9	13.0	25.5	3.9	63	144.0	37.6	55.28	0.000	wP : wP : mP	
29	...	29.712	81.4	57.1	24.3	66.4	+ 10.0	60.8	56.3	10.1	21.4	2.8	70	139.6	47.7	55.81	0.000	wP	
30	In Equator	29.538	79.5	50.1	29.4	65.0	+ 8.3	59.9	55.7	9.3	18.5	0.4	72	144.2	42.3	56.41	0.370	vP, vN : wP : mP	
31	...	29.724	62.3	45.2	17.1	54.4	- 2.7	49.3	44.3	10.1	15.6	2.7	69	115.8	32.7	56.71	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
Means	...	29.727	66.6	45.3	21.2	54.8	+ 1.7	50.4	46.3	8.5	17.1	1.7	73.7	125.5	36.2	51.42	Sum 1.157	...	
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.727, being 0.067 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 84.1 on May 27; the lowest in the month was 36.3 on May 7; and the range was 47.8. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 66.6, being 2.7 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 45.3, being 1.6 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 21.2, being 1.0 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 54.8, being 1.7 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.					CLOUDS AND WEATHER.					
	Sun above Horizon.	hours.	OSLER'S.		ROBINSON'S.		A.M.	P.M.					
			General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.								
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.			Horizontal Movement of the Air.				
May 1	4.3	14.8	W : WSW	WSW : SW	2.3	0.08	218	10	9, cu, cu-s, n	p-cl, cu, cu-s, n; p-cl, cu-s, d; 2, d			
2	3.9	14.8	SW : WSW	Variable : SE : SW	0.6	0.01	164	1, hy-d	10	8, cu, n	9, cu, n; 10, cu-s, fq-th-r; th-cl		
3	5.9	14.9	SW : SSW	SSW : SSE	1.8	0.19	264	li-cl	p-cl	9, cu, n	9, cu, n, s; 10, oc-slt-r; 10, r		
4	1.0	14.9	Variable : NW : SW	ESE : E : ENE	1.7	0.12	215	10, hy-r	10, slt-sh	10	9	p-cl	10, r
5	3.0	15.0	NE : NNE	N : NE : ESE	0.9	0.07	184	10, r	10	9, cu, cu-s, n	9, cu, n	p-cl	1
6	1.5	15.1	Calm : SSE : S	SSW : W	3.3	0.20	252	p-cl	9	7, cu, n	9, oc-shs	1	
7	7.4	15.1	WSW : Calm : SW	SW : SSW : S	3.2	0.25	273	0	0	p-cl, cu, n, sh-r	p-cl, cu, n, sh-r; 9, cu-s, n, sh-r; 9, slt-sh		
8	0.0	15.2	SE : S : SSE	SSE : SE	5.8	0.35	258	9	10, oc-slt-r	10, n, s, fq-r, w	10, s, n, r, w	10, slt-sh	
9	0.5	15.2	SE : SSE : S	SSW : S	2.0	0.10	195	10, oc-shs	10, s, n, slt-r		10, s, n, oc-slt-r	9, cu-s, s, n	
10	7.1	15.3	S : SSE : SSW	SSW : SW	2.0	0.18	249	p-cl	p-cl, r	8, cu, cu-s, so-ha	8, cu-s	p-cl, cu, s, so-ha	1, s, d
11	8.9	15.3	SSW : SW : S	SW : SSW	2.8	0.15	241	1	p-cl	p-cl, cu, oc-shs	7, cu, n, sh-r; 4, cu, n	1, d	
12	0.5	15.4	S : E : SE	SSE : SE : E	3.0	0.21	224	p-cl	9	9, s, n, slt-r	10, s, n, fq-r; 10, s, n, r	10	
13	8.1	15.4	E : ENE	E : ENE : NE	4.3	0.27	269	10	10	7, cu, s, n	1, cu	1	0
14	3.6	15.5	NE : NNE	NE : ENE : NNE	5.4	0.37	335	2, hy-d	p-cl	8, cu, cu-s	8, cu, cu-s, n	p-cl	p-cl, w
15	7.3	15.5	NNE : NE	NE	8.3	1.01	559	10, w	9, w	8, cu, cu-s, w	7, ci-s, cu, w	p-cl, w	p-cl
16	8.9	15.6	NE	NE	3.8	0.43	370	10	10	5, cu, s, n	1, cu, th-cl	1, th-cl	
17	11.3	15.6	NE : N	NNW : NW : N	3.8	0.14	218	1, th-cl	8	1, th-cl	1, th-cl	p-cl	9
18	12.2	15.7	N : NW : W	NW : WNW : W	6.5	0.58	418	p-cl		p-cl, cu, n, w	p-cl, cu, n, oc-slt-r, hl, w	p-cl, cu, cu-s	p-cl
19	10.2	15.7	W : WNW	WNW : NW : W	4.5	0.26	290	1	p-cl	8, cu, n	8, cu, s, oc-shs	p-cl	p-cl, d
20	1.7	15.7	WSW : SW	WSW : W	3.7	0.21	278	p-cl	9	9, n	9, cu, n	9, cu, cu-s, n	p-cl
21	5.5	15.8	WSW : SW	SW : WSW	7.1	0.57	404	9	10	5, ci-s, cu, n	6, ci-s, cu, s, so-ha, w	9, li-shs	p-cl
22	8.1	15.8	WSW : W : NW	W : WSW : SW	4.0	0.41	376	p-cl	0	5, cu, cu-s	8, cu, cu-s, n	p-cl, cu, cu-s	9
23	6.2	15.9	SW : WSW : WNW	W : WNW	2.5	0.33	341	10, oc-slt-r	9	8, cu, cu-s	6, cu	p-cl	p-cl, d
24	9.8	15.9	WNW : W	WNW : NW : Variable	1.7	0.17	248	10	p-cl	3, cu, cu-s	8, cu	4, cu	0, m
25	14.3	16.0	WSW : Calm : SW	WSW : SW : Calm	0.8	0.02	169	0	0		0	1, s	0, d
26	12.4	16.0	Calm : S	SSW : Calm	1.0	0.02	126	0, slt-m	1, th-cl	1, cu	2, cu		1, d
27	7.6	16.1	Calm	Variable	1.6	0.04	150	1		5, cu, th-cl, h	p-cl, cu, n, t	p-cl, l, t, sh-r	p-cl, t-sm, r
28	10.8	16.1	N : W : SW	WSW : SW	5.0	0.30	277	0, slt-m	p-cl	4, ci, ci-s, ci-cu	3, ci, cu, cu-s, w	p-cl, ci-s, so-ha	p-cl, hy-d
29	1.3	16.1	Calm : SW	SSW : SW : Calm	1.4	0.08	147	10	9	9, t	9, s, n	p-cl	p-cl, l, t
30	13.1	16.2	Variable : Calm : SW	SW : WSW	6.0	0.49	322	9, t-sm, r, sq	p-cl	p-cl, ci-cu, cu, cu-s	p-cl, cu, w	p-cl, w	1, w
31	5.7	16.2	WSW : SW	SW	2.5	0.27	298	p-cl	9	9, cu, n, s	8, cu, cu-s, n	p-cl	li-cl
Means	6.5	15.5	...	...	...	0.25	269						
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27				

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 50°.4, being 1°.4 higher than
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 46°.3, being 1°.3 higher than
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 73.7, being 0.5 less than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0.12315, being 0.0016 greater than
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 3.8735, being 0.571 greater than
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 535 grains, being 3 grains less than
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 6.2.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0.419. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 14.3 hours on May 25.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 149°.5 on May 26; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 27°.0 on May 20.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 5, E. 4, S. 8, and W. 11. Three days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 8.3 lbs. on the square foot on May 15. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 269 miles; the greatest daily value was 559 miles on May 15; and the least daily value was 126 miles on May 26.
Rain (0.1005 or over) fell on 15 days in the month, amounting to 1.157, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0.1758 less than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.							Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the Ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.						
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.			Highest in Sun's Rays.	Lowest on the Grass.							
Mean.	Greatest.	Least.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.		
June 1	...	29.880	66.0	42.2	23.8	53.8	- 3.6	49.8	45.9	7.9	18.1	1.1	75	136.3	28.9	56.93	0.002	mP : wP : vP, mN
2	...	29.907	73.0	46.0	27.0	58.1	+ 0.3	52.0	46.5	11.6	21.2	1.1	66	148.6	31.9	56.95	0.000	wP : vP : mP
3	...	29.883	79.1	45.2	33.9	60.3	+ 2.2	53.8	48.2	12.1	21.9	4.4	64	139.2	31.0	56.95	0.000	wP : mP : mP
4	New	29.827	71.0	50.9	20.1	60.7	+ 2.4	55.9	51.8	8.9	16.7	1.2	72	126.2	38.0	57.09	0.000	mP : wP : mP
5	...	29.644	70.2	51.0	19.2	58.2	- 0.2	53.9	50.0	8.2	17.4	2.6	75	134.0	37.0	57.34	0.000	wP : wP : mP
6	Greatest Dec. N.	29.686	66.1	48.8	17.3	54.3	- 4.0	51.3	48.4	5.9	12.3	1.6	80	129.8	42.0	57.51	0.078	vP, ssN : vP, ssN : mP
7	...	29.766	70.0	48.1	21.9	56.5	- 1.7	51.5	46.9	9.6	20.7	1.5	70	139.0	35.4	57.50	0.038	wP : wP : vP
8	...	29.779	68.5	46.4	22.1	54.8	- 3.3	51.7	48.7	6.1	21.9	1.5	79	129.8	31.3	57.28	0.139	wP : wP, sN : vP
9	...	29.931	68.0	43.1	24.9	54.2	- 3.8	49.3	44.5	9.7	19.7	1.3	69	137.5	33.0	57.19	0.001	mP : vP : mP
10	Perigee	29.641	68.9	51.2	17.7	57.4	- 0.7	52.3	47.6	9.8	17.5	4.8	70	135.9	46.9	56.94	0.000	wP : wP : mP
11	First Quarter	29.835	67.4	48.2	19.2	56.9	- 1.3	50.5	44.6	12.3	19.3	2.1	64	137.2	41.9	56.95	0.000	mP
12	In Equator	29.901	67.3	50.2	17.1	56.9	- 1.5	52.0	47.5	9.4	15.7	1.8	71	123.8	44.0	56.93	0.000	mP
13	...	30.002	64.0	49.1	14.9	56.1	- 2.4	53.0	50.1	6.0	11.2	1.0	80	105.2	36.9	57.02	0.000	wP : mP : wP, wwN
14	...	30.154	70.7	51.6	19.1	58.5	- 0.2	53.6	49.2	9.3	18.1	2.4	71	145.7	42.1	57.25	0.000	wP, wwN : wP : wP
15	...	30.046	74.0	49.1	24.9	61.2	+ 2.4	54.4	48.5	12.7	25.3	2.3	63	143.1	36.4	57.32	0.000	wP
16	...	29.890	82.0	47.1	34.9	65.0	+ 6.1	58.1	52.5	12.5	25.2	1.6	64	145.6	31.6	57.62	0.000	wP
17	...	29.813	87.1	54.2	32.9	68.4	+ 9.4	62.3	57.5	10.9	22.5	1.3	67	144.7	43.5	58.00	0.000	wP
18	Full : Greatest Dec. S.	29.805	78.1	52.2	25.9	63.9	+ 4.7	58.3	53.6	10.3	21.2	2.6	70	148.7	44.8	58.48	0.000	wP
19	...	29.843	73.0	51.9	21.1	60.8	+ 1.3	53.9	47.9	12.9	23.3	4.9	62	145.9	44.0	59.02	0.000	wP : mP : sP
20	...	29.862	69.0	49.5	19.5	54.5	- 5.4	52.0	49.6	4.9	16.2	0.0	83	141.3	41.1	59.36	0.414	vP, ssN : sP, ssN : mP
21	...	29.901	67.3	43.8	23.5	56.4	- 3.9	52.9	49.7	6.7	13.5	0.0	78	118.5	35.3	59.46	0.000	mP : mP : wP
22	...	29.957	78.3	47.1	31.2	61.0	+ 0.4	56.0	51.7	9.3	19.7	1.6	72	138.9	37.1	59.30	0.000	wP
23	...	29.879	66.0	52.4	13.6	57.4	- 3.5	54.4	51.7	5.7	11.7	1.4	81	106.6	46.1	59.40	0.034	wP : wP, ssN : wP
24	...	29.833	64.1	51.1	13.0	56.2	- 5.0	50.6	45.4	10.8	16.0	4.3	67	111.5	45.0	59.39	0.000	wP : mP : mP
25	Apogee	29.864	67.3	49.3	18.0	57.4	- 4.0	52.7	48.4	9.0	15.5	3.1	72	122.0	45.6	59.30	0.018	vP, wN : mP : mP
26	In Equator : Last Quarter	30.002	69.0	53.1	15.9	60.4	- 1.1	54.1	48.6	11.8	17.3	5.4	65	123.8	42.9	59.18	0.002	mP
27	...	30.039	68.2	53.2	15.0	58.7	- 2.9	52.3	46.6	12.1	19.7	4.3	65	133.2	43.3	59.17	0.007	mP : mP : sP
28	...	30.155	77.9	47.9	30.0	62.7	+ 1.1	55.8	49.9	12.8	19.8	4.4	63	141.6	36.8	59.30	0.000	mP
29	...	30.140	79.5	51.6	27.9	66.5	+ 4.9	59.1	53.1	13.4	23.8	5.1	62	150.3	41.6	59.40	0.000	wP
30	...	30.166	71.2	49.1	22.1	59.1	- 2.4	54.6	50.6	8.5	16.2	2.4	74	137.1	37.9	59.62	0.000	wP : mP : wP
Means	...	29.901	71.4	49.2	22.3	58.9	- 0.5	53.7	49.2	9.7	18.6	2.4	70.5	134.0	39.1	58.11	Sum 0.733	...
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.901, being 0.086 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 87.1 on June 17; the lowest in the month was 42.2 on June 1; and the range was 44.9. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 71.4, being 0.7 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 49.2, being 0.7 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 22.3, being 1.5 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 58.9, being 0.5 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.				CLOUDS AND WEATHER.						
	hours.	Sun above Horizon.	OSLER'S.		ROBINSON'S.		A.M. P.M.						
			General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.								
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.					Horizontal Movement of the Air.		
June 1	4.8	16.2	Calm : NE : E	ESE : SE : Calm	1.3	0.05	142	p.-cl, m	: p.-cl, th.-cl :	9, cu, s, so.-ha	10, cu, s	: 10	: 10, oc.-slt.-r
2	13.6	16.3	SW : WSW	SW : SSW	1.6	0.14	237	p.-cl	: p.-cl, th.-cl :	3, cu	5, cu, th.-cl	: 1	: p.-cl
3	12.9	16.3	SSW : SW	SW : S	1.0	0.06	178	p.-cl	:	4, cu, s, so.-ha	5, cu, s, so.-ha	: p.-cl, cu, s	: 1, d
4	4.7	16.3	Calm : SSW	SW : S	0.6	0.02	132	p.-cl	: p.-cl	: 10, s, n	10, s, n	: p.-cl	: p.-cl
5	7.8	16.4	S : SW	SW : WSW	4.6	0.33	323	10	: p.-cl	: 8, cu, n	9, cu, n	: p.-cl	: p.-cl
6	1.9	16.4	SW : WSW	WSW : W	4.8	0.60	416	p.-cl	: 10, fq.-r	: 9, cu, s, n, slt.-r, w	9, cu, n, oc.-slt.-r	: 9, oc.-slt.-r, w	: p.-cl
7	8.0	16.4	WSW : SW	W	8.2	0.82	479	9	: 10, oc.-slt.-r, w	: 9, cu, n, oc.-th.-r, w	6, cu, n, w	: 1, w	: p.-cl
8	3.6	16.4	SW	SW : NW : W	8.2	0.56	400	p.-cl	: 9	: 9, oc.-th.-r, w	9, hy.-sh, oc.-th.-r, w	: p.-cl	: 1
9	7.1	16.4	W : WSW	W : SW : WSW	8.2	0.57	412	0	: th.-cl	: p.-cl, ci, s, so.-ha, w	6, cu, s, so.-ha, w	: 10, slt.-sh, w	: 9, w
10	6.8	16.5	WSW	WSW : W	10.3	1.71	675	9, w	: 10, st.-w	: 9, cu, n, sc, st.-w	8, cu, n, st.-w	: p.-cl, cu, st.-w	: 9, w
11	9.0	16.5	W : WNW	WNW : W	4.9	0.56	429	p.-cl	: p.-cl	: 8, cu, cu.-s	8, cu, cu.-s	: p.-cl	: 10, w
12	3.0	16.5	W : NW : NNW	WSW : SW	2.0	0.19	252	p.-cl	: 9	: 9, cu, cu.-s, n	9, cu, n	: 9, cu, cu.-s, n	
13	0.1	16.5	WSW : W : Variable	Calm : ESE : SE	1.0	0.09	174	9	:	: 9, cu, n, s	10, s, n	: 10	
14	5.9	16.5	SE	ESE : SE	2.6	0.15	210	10	: 10	: 9, ci.-cu, s	6, ci.-cu, li.-cl	: 2	: p.-cl
15	14.7	16.5	ESE : E : ENE	SE : ESE : E	2.9	0.24	233	9	:	: 0	0	: 0	: 1, s, hy.-d
16	13.0	16.5	ENE : Calm : ESE	ESE : SE : Calm	1.2	0.07	146	0	: 0	: 2, ci	2, ci, th.-cl	: 3, ci, th.-cl	: p.-cl
17	8.5	16.6	Calm : WNW	NW : WSW : W	2.1	0.09	190	9	: 9	: 6, th.-cl	5, cu.-s, th.-cl	: p.-cl	: p.-cl
18	11.1	16.6	WSW : W	W : WNW	1.9	0.18	283	0	: p.-cl	: 2, cu	0	: p.-cl, ci.-cu, cu	: 9, slt.-sh
19	11.1	16.6	WNW : NW	NW : WNW : W	3.3	0.48	385	10	: p.-cl	: 6, cu, n	6, ci, cu	: p.-cl, ci, cu	: p.-cl
20	3.3	16.6	WSW : WNW : NW	Variable : Calm	0.7	0.04	156	9, r, hy.-sh	: 9, cu, n		9, cu, n	: p.-cl, fq.-r	: p.-cl, slt.-m
21	5.6	16.6	Calm : ENE	E : SE : SW	0.1	0.00	97	p.-cl	: p.-cl, f	: 8, cu, cu.-s	9, cu.-s, s	: 2, th.-cl	: th.-cl
22	8.3	16.6	SW : Calm	WSW : W : SW	1.4	0.06	172	th.-cl	: 1, m	: 5, cu	8, cu, n, s	: p.-cl, ci, cu, s	: p.-cl, ci.-s
23	1.1	16.6	SW : WSW	W : WSW	2.0	0.24	302	9	:	: 9	9, th.-r	: 9	: p.-cl
24	0.5	16.6	W : WNW	WNW : NW	3.3	0.47	396	9	: 10	: 9, cu, n, s	10, cu, n, s	: 9	
25	3.9	16.6	WNW : N	NNE : NE	5.1	0.51	364	9, oc.-slt.-r	: 9, cu, n		p.-cl, sh.-r, w	: p.-cl, cu, w	: p.-cl
26	6.3	16.5	NNE : NW : N	NW : N	2.9	0.23	271	10	: p.-cl, th.-cl	: 7, cu	8, ci.-cu, cu.-s	: p.-cl, so.-ha	: 9, slt.-sh
27	6.6	16.5	... : ... : N	NNE	3.3	0.48	356	p.-cl, slt.-r	: th.-cl	: 8, cu, cu.-s, n	8, cu, n	: p.-cl, cu	: 1, s
28	6.4	16.5	N : WNW : W	NNW : N	5.0	0.36	311	p.-cl	: 10	: 9, ci, cu	6, cu	: p.-cl, cu, w	: 8
29	12.3	16.5	NNW : NNE : N	N : NE : SE	3.0	0.34	303	9	: p.-cl	: 2, cu	1, cu	: 1, ci.-s, ci.-cu	: 1, s
30	2.3	16.5	Calm : NE	E : SE : SSE	0.8	0.03	130	p.-cl	: 9	: 8, cu, s, n, so.-ha	9, cu, cu.-s	: p.-cl, cu.-s	: th.-cl
Means	6.8	16.5	...	...	...	0.32	285						
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26				27	

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 53°·7, being 1°·2 lower than the mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 49°·2, being 1°·7 lower than the mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 70·5, being 3·1 less than the mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0ⁱⁿ·345, being 0ⁱⁿ·028 less than the mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 3^{grs}·9, being 0^{gr}·3 less than the mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 533 grains, being 2 grains greater than the mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 6·5. The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0·413. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 14·7 hours on June 15. The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 150°·3 on June 29; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 28°·9 on June 1. The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 6, E. 3, S. 5, and W. 13. Three days were calm. The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 10·3 lbs. on the square foot on June 10. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 285 miles; the greatest daily value was 675 miles on June 10; and the least daily value was 97 miles on June 21. *Rain* (0ⁱⁿ·005 or over) fell on 7 days in the month, amounting to 0ⁱⁿ·733, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 1ⁱⁿ·305 less than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1915.	Phases of the Moon.	BAROMETER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.								Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the Ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.							
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.	Highest in Sun's Rays.		Lowest on the Grass.	Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.			
July 1	...	30.165	70.0	49.1	20.9	58.5	- 3.0	54.2	50.3	8.2	17.9	1.4	74	139.9	37.9	59.79	0.000	wP : mP : mP	
2	...	30.082	72.1	51.1	21.0	59.5	- 2.1	55.3	51.6	7.9	19.0	1.9	75	137.4	46.0	59.97	0.047	wP : mP : wP, vN	
3	Greatest Dec. N.	29.902	68.9	54.3	14.6	59.5	- 2.3	56.1	53.1	6.4	13.0	2.0	80	130.1	52.7	59.95	0.012	wP : mP : mP	
4	New	29.794	68.9	53.2	15.7	58.6	- 3.5	56.0	53.7	4.9	12.6	1.2	83	123.7	48.0	59.99	0.099	wP	
5	...	29.760	66.9	51.3	15.6	57.2	- 5.1	53.7	50.5	6.7	13.5	0.6	78	110.9	51.3	60.02	0.046	wP	
6	Perigee	29.563	60.1	50.9	9.2	54.5	- 7.9	53.5	52.5	2.0	9.3	0.0	93	80.1	49.1	60.00	0.352	wP : vP, ssN : vP, wN	
7	...	29.705	66.0	49.1	16.9	53.5	- 8.9	50.4	47.3	6.2	16.6	0.2	79	144.6	40.0	59.77	0.163	wP : vP, ssN : mP	
8	...	29.863	64.8	46.2	18.6	54.1	- 8.3	48.8	43.6	10.5	20.2	2.7	68	128.6	33.5	59.43	0.000	mP : sP : vP	
9	In Equator	29.829	69.2	47.6	21.6	55.6	- 6.8	52.2	49.0	6.6	17.0	1.9	79	137.1	39.9	59.21	0.002	wP	
10	First Quarter	29.665	66.2	53.5	12.7	56.3	- 6.2	54.5	52.8	3.5	9.3	0.8	88	122.0	48.6	59.09	0.822	wP, wwN : vP, vN : vN, mP	
11	...	29.777	68.2	53.1	15.1	59.9	- 2.8	56.3	53.2	6.7	13.7	1.3	79	115.8	47.0	59.15	0.000	wP : mP : wP	
12	...	29.831	75.8	50.2	25.6	62.3	- 0.6	57.2	52.8	9.5	17.3	0.2	72	128.6	39.2	59.18	0.000	wP	
13	...	29.838	73.0	53.0	20.0	60.5	- 2.6	56.6	53.2	7.3	15.4	0.8	77	131.7	42.7	59.31	0.000	wP	
14	...	29.734	69.2	51.2	18.0	60.5	- 2.8	58.1	56.0	4.5	9.9	1.2	86	106.5	42.1	59.60	0.042	wP	
15	...	29.699	61.6	53.1	8.5	57.6	- 5.8	56.7	55.9	1.7	3.0	0.0	94	73.2	53.2	59.70	0.209	vP, vN : wP	
16	Greatest Dec. S.	29.812	67.0	55.3	11.7	60.5	- 2.9	57.5	54.9	5.6	9.3	0.4	82	106.9	49.0	59.70	0.015	wP	
17	...	29.858	73.8	52.1	21.7	62.2	- 1.2	58.3	55.0	7.2	13.5	1.0	78	126.0	44.9	59.70	0.002	wP	
18	Full	29.883	69.0	56.8	12.2	61.4	- 1.9	58.3	55.6	5.8	12.0	0.2	82	112.0	50.0	59.62	0.081	wP, wN : wP : wP	
19	...	29.909	64.0	52.9	11.1	58.1	- 5.1	55.2	52.6	5.5	7.3	0.8	82	90.9	45.8	59.62	0.171	wP	
20	...	29.934	69.0	52.6	16.4	60.0	- 3.2	53.2	47.2	12.8	18.8	3.0	63	139.0	44.2	59.72	0.000	wP : wP : ...	
21	...	29.939	65.9	48.7	17.2	57.2	- 6.0	52.9	48.9	8.3	13.0	3.1	73	103.2	40.2	59.59	0.000	wP : mP : wP	
22	Apogee	29.888	67.0	52.6	14.4	57.0	- 6.1	53.6	50.6	6.4	16.5	1.2	79	132.0	47.3	59.51	0.054	wP : mP	
23	In Equator	29.859	59.2	51.1	8.1	54.5	- 8.5	51.6	48.8	5.7	8.4	3.0	81	87.1	44.5	59.44	0.000	wP	
24	...	29.954	71.3	51.7	19.6	59.9	- 3.0	55.7	52.0	7.9	17.5	1.4	76	142.9	43.0	59.41	0.000	wP	
25	...	29.994	70.3	51.1	19.2	58.6	- 4.1	55.0	51.8	6.8	15.0	1.6	78	145.7	44.7	59.23	0.000	wP	
26	Last Quarter	30.014	66.0	53.1	12.9	57.9	- 4.6	55.4	53.2	4.7	10.4	1.4	84	109.0	52.2	59.27	0.000	wP	
27	...	30.073	62.5	52.1	10.4	56.8	- 5.6	55.0	53.4	3.4	6.7	0.2	88	86.8	53.0	59.35	0.004	wwP : wP : wP	
28	...	30.023	74.2	52.4	21.8	60.8	- 1.5	57.2	54.1	6.7	17.1	1.4	79	141.1	45.0	59.52	0.000	wP	
29	...	29.928	73.0	50.1	22.9	59.5	- 2.8	56.0	52.9	6.6	19.7	0.0	79	138.2	42.3	59.67	0.000	wP	
30	Greatest Dec. N.	29.851	64.6	52.5	12.1	57.9	- 4.4	54.9	52.3	5.6	9.1	0.8	82	107.6	45.8	59.71	0.000	wP	
31	...	29.853	75.0	52.4	22.6	62.3	+ 0.1	58.0	54.4	7.9	18.7	1.2	76	148.0	45.7	59.79	0.000	wP	
Means	...	29.870	68.2	51.8	16.4	58.5	- 4.2	55.1	52.0	6.4	13.6	1.2	79.6	120.2	45.4	59.58	Sum 2.121	...	
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.870, being 0.0071 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 75.8 on July 12; the lowest in the month was 46.2 on July 8; and the range was 29.6.
 The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 68.2, being 6.0 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.
 The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 51.8, being 1.5 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.
 The mean of the daily ranges was 16.4, being 4.5 less than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.
 The mean for the month was 58.5, being 4.2 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.							Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the Ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation. Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Of the Dew Point. Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.		Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.		
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.							Highest in Sun's Rays.	Lowest on the Grass.			
Aug. 1	...	30°017	71.5	53.4	18.1	59.8	- 2.4	56.2	53.0	6.8	15.6	2.0	79	144.0	45.0	59.98	0.000	wP
2	New	30°077	69.0	51.9	17.1	58.7	- 3.4	54.8	51.3	7.4	14.2	1.0	76	151.0	40.0	60.09	0.000	wP
3	Perigee	29.991	75.2	50.2	25.0	60.2	- 1.9	55.6	51.6	8.6	19.3	0.2	73	140.2	36.0	60.28	0.000	wP
4	...	29.900	70.0	49.0	21.0	57.0	- 5.1	53.8	50.8	6.2	14.2	1.0	80	140.2	36.9	60.27	0.000	wP, wwN : wP, wwN : wP
5	In Equator	29.857	67.3	50.0	17.3	56.4	- 5.7	50.1	44.3	12.1	22.0	4.6	64	151.3	37.5	60.32	0.000	wP : mP : vP
6	...	29.806	66.2	48.7	17.5	56.4	- 5.8	51.1	46.2	10.2	17.8	3.6	69	126.2	36.6	60.32	0.000	wP : mP : mP
7	...	29.871	69.7	46.1	23.6	55.3	- 6.9	50.6	46.2	9.1	21.7	0.8	71	115.2	37.6	60.30	0.092	wP : vP, vN : vP, ssN
8	...	29.740	65.6	48.0	17.6	56.0	- 6.3	52.9	50.0	6.0	14.1	0.4	80	118.9	35.6	60.20	0.000	wP
9	First Quarter	29.626	68.0	45.4	22.6	55.5	- 6.8	51.4	47.5	8.0	18.6	0.0	75	113.1	33.9	60.02	0.000	wP : mP : mP
10	...	29.694	72.1	49.3	22.8	58.9	- 3.4	53.3	48.3	10.6	21.4	1.2	68	130.3	39.5	59.98	0.000	wP : ... : ...
11	...	29.763	74.6	54.2	20.4	61.4	- 1.0	57.2	53.8	7.6	15.0	2.0	76	120.0	43.7	59.92	0.044	... : wP
12	Greatest Dec. S.	29.917	68.0	51.1	16.9	57.6	- 4.9	54.6	51.9	5.7	13.2	1.2	82	121.6	40.3	60.00	0.000	wP
13	...	29.934	69.0	53.5	15.5	59.2	- 3.3	56.0	53.1	6.1	17.2	0.9	81	111.0	41.5	60.10	0.050	wP : mP, wN : wP
14	...	29.876	72.7	57.1	15.6	62.4	- 0.1	57.1	52.6	9.8	19.9	1.1	71	123.6	49.5	60.13	0.025	wP : mP : wP
15	...	29.918	66.8	57.2	9.6	60.8	- 1.6	58.2	55.9	4.9	10.7	0.8	84	94.0	54.0	60.20	0.017	wP
16	Full	29.931	75.0	53.9	21.1	63.1	+ 0.8	58.0	53.7	9.4	21.4	1.0	72	126.0	48.0	60.38	0.000	wP
17	...	29.981	72.9	51.7	21.2	62.1	0.0	57.5	53.6	8.5	18.6	0.6	74	135.8	41.2	60.52	0.000	wP
18	...	30.017	65.1	55.0	10.1	58.1	- 3.8	54.3	50.9	7.2	15.2	1.0	77	108.3	49.7	60.59	0.000	wP
19	Apogee : In Equator	29.959	62.1	53.0	9.1	56.9	- 4.8	52.8	49.1	7.8	12.7	3.7	75	98.3	50.9	60.60	0.000	wP : mP : mP
20	...	29.949	70.0	53.6	16.4	59.3	- 2.2	53.7	48.7	10.6	20.4	3.5	68	123.9	42.0	60.61	0.000	wP : mP : wP
21	...	29.948	80.0	49.2	30.8	64.2	+ 2.9	57.1	51.2	13.0	25.0	1.6	63	133.1	37.9	60.62	0.000	wP : wP : vP
22	...	29.817	73.0	57.6	15.4	64.7	+ 3.6	60.7	57.4	7.3	11.4	2.4	77	127.2	49.2	60.51	0.000	wP
23	...	29.694	70.4	52.8	17.6	60.5	- 0.4	56.7	53.4	7.1	15.9	1.9	78	120.0	41.3	60.60	0.357	wP : wP, wN : wP
24	...	29.840	73.2	49.5	23.7	58.4	- 2.4	53.8	49.7	8.7	20.3	2.5	73	127.8	38.2	60.75	0.008	wP : wP, ssN : wP
25	Last Quarter	30.045	76.5	45.0	31.5	60.1	- 0.6	54.3	49.2	10.9	22.1	0.6	67	133.4	32.5	60.61	0.000	wP
26	...	30.083	76.4	47.7	28.7	61.4	+ 0.7	55.8	51.0	10.4	21.5	0.8	69	125.2	32.1	60.52	0.000	wP
27	Greatest Dec. N.	30.007	75.3	57.1	18.2	64.3	+ 3.7	59.1	54.8	9.5	18.5	1.5	71	122.9	53.1	60.44	0.262	wP, wN : wP : wP
28	...	29.835	79.2	56.2	23.0	66.8	+ 6.4	60.6	55.7	11.1	25.0	0.6	68	130.2	47.4	60.62	0.000	wP
29	...	29.634	71.4	53.3	18.1	61.5	+ 1.2	60.0	58.7	2.8	6.4	0.0	91	103.0	43.6	60.60	0.212	wP : wP, vN : wP, wN
30	...	29.563	74.0	55.1	18.9	63.9	+ 3.8	61.7	59.9	4.0	10.3	0.0	88	109.0	45.9	60.81	0.032	wwP : wwP : mP
31	New	29.712	64.7	57.1	7.6	60.6	+ 0.7	59.6	58.8	1.8	3.7	0.6	94	71.8	56.0	60.80	0.570	wP, wN : wP : wP, wN
Means	...	29.871	71.1	52.0	19.1	60.0	- 1.6	55.8	52.0	8.0	16.9	1.4	75.3	122.5	42.5	60.38	1.669	...
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.871, being 0.088 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 80.0 on August 21; the lowest in the month was 45.0 on August 25; and the range was 35.0. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 71.1, being 1.6 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 52.0, being 1.0 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 19.1, being 0.6 less than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 60.0, being 1.6 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.					CLOUDS AND WEATHER.					
	hours.	Sun above Horizon.	OSLER'S.		Pressure on the Square Foot.		ROBINSON'S.	A.M.	P.M.				
			General Direction.		Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.							
			A.M.	P.M.						Horizontal Movement of the Air.			
Aug. 1	5.7	15.4	NE : ENE	ENE : SE : ESE	1.6	0.18	261	p-cl : 10	: 10	p-cl, cu, cu-s : 1	: 1		
2	5.2	15.3	E : ENE : NE	E : SE : ESE	0.7	0.04	180	p-cl : 10	: 10, cu, n	p-cl, ci-cu, cu	: 0, hy-d		
3	11.4	15.3	Calm : ENE : E	E : ESE : Calm	0.9	0.04	156	9	: 9	1	: 0, d		
4	2.0	15.2	Variable : Calm : ENE	ENE : NE	2.0	0.20	259	p-cl	: p-cl	9, ci-s, ci-cu, n	10, cu, n, s : 10, s, n	: 9	
5	7.4	15.2	NE : NNE	NE : NNE : SSE	1.6	0.08	208	10	: 9	4, cu	6	: p-cl, n	: p-cl
6	7.9	15.1	Calm : N : NNE	NNE : NE : ENE	1.6	0.10	192	10, slt-sh	: p-cl, cu	5, cu	7, cu, n	: 1	: p-cl
7	1.2	15.1	Calm : WSW	WSW : SW	1.0	0.02	142	9	: 10	9, cu, s, n	10, cu, n, s, r	: 10, r	: 9, r, l, t
8	3.7	15.0	Calm : E	ESE : SE : Calm	1.5	0.05	148	10	: 10	9, cu, cu-s	9, ci, cu, n	: p-cl	: p-cl, hy-d
9	3.4	15.0	Calm	W	1.3	0.07	176	p-cl, m	: 9, slt-m	7, cu, s, so-ha	6, cu, s, so-ha	: p-cl, ci-s, cu	: p-cl, d
10	7.7	14.9	W : NW	NW : W : SW	1.0	0.06	211	p-cl	: 1, cu	7, cu	9	: p-cl	: p-cl
11	0.9	14.8	WSW	WSW : SW	1.5	0.15	279	9, li-shs	: 9, cu, n		9, cu, cu-s	: p-cl	
12	0.4	14.8	Calm : NE : ENE	NE : ESE : Calm	0.5	0.01	149	p-cl	: 10	9, n	9, cu, cu-s, n	: p-cl	: p-cl
13	0.1	14.7	SW : WSW : W	WNW : W : WSW	3.1	0.11	249	10	: 10, slt-sh	10, s	10, s, n, r	: 10, s, n, fq-shs	10
14	2.5	14.7	NW : NNW : N	N : NNW : Calm	1.9	0.10	205	10	: p-cl	8, s	9, s, n	: 10, oc-th-r	10, fq-th-r
15	0.0	14.6	Calm : SE	Variable : Calm	0.1	0.00	92	10, oc-slt-r	: 10, cu, n, s		10, cu, n, s	: p-cl, glm	10, n
16	3.9	14.5	Calm	N : NE : Calm	0.1	0.00	94	10	: p-cl	6, cu, h, glm	8, cu, n	: 9	: 9
17	11.3	14.5	Calm : ENE : E	E : SE : ENE	1.3	0.08	165	10	: p-cl	p-cl, cu	2, cu	: 1, cu	: p-cl, d
18	0.7	14.4	NE	NE	2.3	0.26	305	9	: 10	9, cu, cu-s	10, cu, n, s	: 10	
19	0.1	14.3	NE	NE : NNE	1.0	0.06	209	10	: 10	9, n, s, m-r	10, n, s	: 10	
20	5.2	14.3	NE : NNE : N	NNE : Calm : WSW	1.1	0.02	179	10	: 10	8, cu, n	3, li-cl	: li-cl, h	: th-cl, h, d
21	11.1	14.2	WSW : W	W : WSW	1.7	0.08	254	0, h	: th-cl	3, ci, ci-s	6, ci, ci-s, cu	: p-cl, ci, ci-s, cu	9, s
22	1.7	14.2	SW : WSW	SW	8.0	0.61	423	9, s	: 9, li-cl, s, w	9, cu, s, sc, w	9, cu, cu-s, w	: p-cl, w	: 1, ci-cu
23	4.9	14.1	SW : WSW	W : WSW	2.1	0.15	300	9	: 10, n, s, r		p-cl, cu, s, n	: p-cl, hy-d	
24	6.5	14.1	SW : WSW : W	W : NW : WSW	2.6	0.15	279	p-cl	: 8	p-cl, cu, shs-r	8, cu, n, s	: p-cl, sh-r	: p-cl, hy-d
25	12.2	14.0	Calm : WSW	WSW : SSW	0.5	0.00	139	th-cl	: 1	2, ci, cu	5, cu	: 3, cu, s	: 1, d
26	9.5	13.9	Calm : NE : E	ESE : E	1.4	0.05	160	1, th-cl	: 1	4, cu, th-cl	3, cu, th-cl	: 10, ci-s, cu, s	10, s
27	4.1	13.9	ENE : NE	E : ENE	2.3	0.14	256	10, r	: 10, c-r	8, oc-slt-r	4, ci, ci-s, ci-cu	: 9, cu	: p-cl
28	9.8	13.8	ENE : E	ESE : Calm	1.4	0.08	209	9	: 10	1, cu, li-cl	1, ci, ci-cu, so-ha	: th-cl	: li-cl
29	1.6	13.8	Calm : ENE : Variable	ESE : Calm	0.4	0.00	119	p-cl	: 8	9, cu, n, l, t, r	10, oc-r	: 10, fq-r, slt-m	1, slt-m
30	0.8	13.7	Calm : Variable	Calm : Variable : NNE	0.2	0.00	86	1, f	: 1, f	p-cl, th-cl, n	10, s, n	: 10, oc-r	: 9, slt-m
31	0.0	13.6	NNE : N	NNE	1.0	0.02	189	10, m-r	: 10, oc-r	10, n, fq-r	10, n, fq-r	: 10, n, fq-r	: 10, oc-slt-r
Means	4.6	14.5	...	...	...	0.09	202						
Number of Columns for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26			27		

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 55°·8, being 1°·7 lower than
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 52°·0, being 2°·0 lower than
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 75·3, being 1° less than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0ⁱⁿ·388, being 0ⁱⁿ·030 less than
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 4^{grs}·3, being 0^{grs}·3 less than
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 531 grains, being 3 grains greater than
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 1, and an overcast sky by 10) was 6·6.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0·317. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 12·2 hours on August 25.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 151°·3 on August 5; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 32°·1 on August 26.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 6, E. 8, S. 2, and W. 7. Eight days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 8·0 lbs. on the square foot on August 22. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 202 miles; the greatest daily value was 423 miles on August 22; and the least daily value was 86 miles on August 30.
Rain (0ⁱⁿ·005 or over) fell on 11 days in the month, amounting to 1ⁱⁿ·669, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0ⁱⁿ·675 less than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BAROMETER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.							Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the Ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.						
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.		Highest in Sun's Rays.	Lowest on the Grass.	Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.		
Sept. 1	Perigee	29.783	58.7	54.4	4.3	55.9	- 3.9	55.2	54.6	1.3	3.5	0.0	95	66.6	54.1	60.93	0.514	wwP, wwN : wP
2	In Equator	29.831	63.0	54.9	8.1	57.6	- 2.1	57.1	56.7	0.9	2.3	0.2	97	76.0	54.0	60.75	0.058	wwP : wwP : ...
3	...	29.912	67.8	53.5	14.3	59.5	- 0.1	57.1	55.0	4.5	9.5	1.6	86	110.8	52.0	60.57	0.001	... : wwP : ...
4	...	29.889	68.0	59.4	8.6	61.8	+ 2.3	59.2	57.0	4.8	11.0	2.1	84	106.3	55.0	60.50	0.000	... : wwP : ...
5	...	29.901	65.1	58.2	6.9	60.5	+ 1.1	58.8	57.3	3.2	8.0	0.6	90	93.0	57.6	60.42	0.287	... : wwP, wwN
6	...	30.056	65.5	54.5	11.0	59.7	+ 0.5	57.1	54.8	4.9	10.7	1.7	84	85.2	49.0	60.47	0.000	wwP
7	First Quarter	30.123	69.0	52.7	16.3	58.6	- 0.4	54.6	51.0	7.6	15.7	1.6	76	120.6	44.5	60.47	0.000	wwP : wP
8	Greatest Dec. S.	30.112	69.8	48.2	21.6	57.9	- 0.9	54.1	50.7	7.2	17.7	0.4	77	125.2	36.3	60.38	0.000	wP
9	...	30.002	67.8	46.2	21.6	53.8	- 4.8	51.9	50.1	3.7	9.5	0.0	88	108.0	35.2	60.17	0.055	wP
10	...	30.080	64.3	45.3	19.0	53.5	- 4.9	49.5	45.5	8.0	15.6	0.9	74	108.4	36.1	59.98	0.000	wP : wP : mP
11	...	29.951	71.1	47.9	23.2	58.5	+ 0.4	55.3	52.4	6.1	12.0	2.1	80	112.5	38.1	59.68	0.000	wP
12	...	29.646	71.0	52.8	18.2	59.7	+ 1.7	57.0	54.6	5.1	11.2	0.4	84	132.0	43.0	59.49	0.000	wP
13	...	29.317	71.6	49.1	22.5	59.2	+ 1.4	55.1	51.4	7.8	17.5	0.0	76	118.6	37.0	59.55	0.000	wP
14	...	29.213	66.3	46.7	19.6	57.0	- 0.7	52.2	47.8	9.2	19.1	1.9	71	126.0	33.5	59.58	0.008	wwP, wwN : wP : wP
15	Apogee : Full	29.374	64.2	44.9	19.3	53.3	- 4.3	50.1	46.9	6.4	14.4	0.2	79	125.2	29.8	59.50	0.099	wP, wN : vP, vN : wP
16	In Equator	29.402	65.8	43.0	22.8	53.2	- 4.3	50.4	47.6	5.6	16.8	0.0	81	113.1	28.5	59.30	0.380	wP : wP : vP, ssN
17	...	29.420	66.0	47.3	18.7	54.6	- 2.6	52.7	50.9	3.7	12.3	0.4	87	131.7	38.0	58.95	0.020	wP
18	...	29.658	65.8	45.3	20.5	53.6	- 3.3	52.0	50.4	3.2	9.7	0.0	89	119.0	35.8	58.73	0.000	wP
19	...	29.761	70.9	42.1	28.8	55.1	- 1.4	52.6	50.2	4.9	15.9	0.0	84	117.9	34.0	58.70	0.045	wP : wP : wP, wwN
20	...	29.721	61.2	51.5	9.7	56.0	- 0.2	52.9	50.0	6.0	12.3	0.6	80	84.0	45.6	58.46	0.047	vN, wP : wP : mP
21	...	29.954	67.0	49.5	17.5	56.4	+ 0.5	54.1	51.9	4.5	11.2	0.2	85	99.0	40.4	58.46	0.000	wP
22	...	29.954	66.3	46.0	20.3	55.4	- 0.2	53.4	51.5	3.9	11.0	0.2	87	103.0	37.9	58.41	0.038	wP
23	Greatest Dec. N. : Last Quarter	29.826	64.1	52.4	11.7	57.1	+ 1.7	55.5	54.1	3.0	8.2	0.0	89	95.3	49.4	58.30	0.095	wP
24	...	29.772	71.6	51.0	20.6	60.8	+ 5.5	56.2	52.2	8.6	19.2	0.0	73	118.0	37.2	58.42	0.000	wP
25	...	29.769	72.5	49.6	22.9	60.4	+ 5.2	57.1	54.3	6.1	13.2	0.9	81	124.9	34.9	58.45	0.000	wP
26	...	29.813	77.4	55.3	22.1	63.8	+ 8.6	61.2	59.0	4.8	15.1	0.6	85	121.2	46.0	58.48	0.000	wP : wwP : wwP
27	...	29.797	75.0	52.5	22.5	63.6	+ 8.5	59.4	55.9	7.7	21.8	1.5	77	124.8	39.8	58.68	0.000	wwP : wwP : wP
28	...	29.796	70.9	50.3	20.6	58.6	+ 3.7	55.8	53.3	5.3	11.2	0.6	83	114.2	35.7	58.81	0.000	wP
29	In Equator : Perigee	29.831	69.0	49.4	19.6	57.9	+ 3.2	55.7	53.7	4.2	12.4	0.0	86	112.1	37.3	58.83	0.000	wP
30	New	29.753	67.8	53.1	14.7	58.8	+ 4.4	55.6	52.7	6.1	15.4	0.2	81	111.9	47.1	58.80	0.000	wP
Means	...	29.781	67.8	50.2	17.6	57.7	+ 0.5	55.0	52.4	5.3	12.8	0.6	83.0	110.2	41.4	59.41	Sum 1.647	...
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.781, being 0.030 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 77.4 on September 26; the lowest in the month was 42.1 on September 19; and the range was 35.3.

The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 67.8, being 0.5 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 50.2, being 1.1 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean of the daily ranges was 17.6, being 0.6 less than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

The mean for the month was 57.7, being 0.5 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.					CLOUDS AND WEATHER.	
	hours.	Sun above Horizon.	OSLER'S.		ROBINSON'S.		A.M.	P.M.	
			General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.				
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.			Horizontal Movement of the Air.
Sept. 1	0°0	13°6	NNE : N	N : NNW	0°1	0°08	151	10, fq.-r : 10, fq.-r : 10, s, n, th.-r	10, n, fq.-th.-r : 10, fq.-r
2	0°0	13°5	WSW : Calm : NE	NE : ENE	1°9	0°05	187	10, th.-r, m : 10, m : 10, s, n	10, s, n, th.-r : 10, r : 10, oc.-m.-r
3	2°4	13°4	ENE : E	E : ENE : ESE	1°5	0°06	243	10 : 10, s, n	p.-cl, cu, n : 9, slt.-sh : 10
4	0°9	13°3	E	E : ESE	2°5	0°36	362	9 : 10 : 10, cu, s, n	9, cu, cu.-s, s : 10, cu.-s, s, n : 10
5	0°2	13°3	E : ENE	E : ENE	2°2	0°21	303	9 : 10 : 9, s, n	10, s, r : 10, c.-r : 10, r
6	0°9	13°2	ENE	ENE : E	2°9	0°31	349	10 : 10, s, n	10, n : p.-cl : p.-cl
7	7°1	13°2	NE : ENE	ENE : E	2°9	0°32	329	p.-cl : p.-cl : 7, cu, cu.-s	p.-cl : p.-cl
8	10°9	13°1	ENE : E	ENE : SE : Calm	2°1	0°09	204	p.-cl : p.-cl, cu : p.-cl, cu	4, cu : 1, hy.-d : 0, d
9	0°7	13°1	Calm : W : N	N : NE	1°6	0°07	210	f : 9 : 9, s, n	10, th.-r : 10, fq.-r : 1
10	7°2	13°0	NNE	NNE : NE : Calm	1°6	0°04	177	0 : p.-cl : 3, ci, cu	8, cu, s, n : p.-cl : p.-cl, m
11	5°4	12°9	WSW : W : WNW	W : WSW : SW	0°5	0°00	182	9 : p.-cl : p.-cl, cu	p.-cl, cu, s, n : 8, cu : p.-cl
12	6°2	12°9	SW	SW : SSW	2°1	0°11	262	9 : 9 : 8, cu, n	8, cu, n : p.-cl : 1, hy.-d
13	8°5	12°8	SSW : Calm : S	SW : SSW : SSE	1°3	0°05	195	p.-cl : p.-cl, slt.-f : 3, cu	5, cu : 5, d : p.-cl, slt.-sh
14	10°4	12°7	SSE : SSW : SW	SW : SSW	4°0	0°41	347	p.-cl, sha.-r : 3, cu, n, w	4, cu, n, w : 5, cu, li.-cl, hy.-d : p.-cl
15	7°8	12°7	S : SSE : SW	SW : SSW : S	2°9	0°06	182	10, slt.-sh : p.-cl : p.-cl, ci, ci.-s, sh.-r	p.-cl, cu, n, sha.-r, t : p.-cl, hy.-d, slt.-m : 1, th.-cl, d
16	3°7	12°6	ESE : Calm : SE	ESE : ENE : NE	4°5	0°15	220	p.-cl : p.-cl, m : 6, ci.-s, cu, n	9, cu.-s, s, n : 9, t.-sm, hy.-r : 9
17	2°2	12°5	NE : SW : Calm	SW : Calm	0°4	0°02	111	10, slt.-sh : 9 : p.-cl, cu, s, n	9, cu, n, s : p.-cl, cu, th.-cl, lu.-ha, d : s, slt.-f, hy.-d
18	1°5	12°5	Calm	SE : Calm	0°1	0°00	80	f : 10, slt.-f : 10, slt.-f, oc.-th.-r	8, cu, cu.-s : p.-cl : 0, hy.-d
19	7°3	12°4	Calm : SW	WSW : SW	0°9	0°03	131	0, hy.-d : 0, slt.-f : 4, ci, cu, n	7, ci, cu, n : th.-cl : p.-cl, r, lu.-ha
20	0°7	12°3	SSW : SW : NW	NW : WNW	2°1	0°15	272	10, r : 10, oc.-slt.-r : 10, n, s	9, cu, cu.-s, n, s : 9
21	3°8	12°3	WNW : Calm : NNE	NNE : Calm	0°6	0°00	103	10 : 10 : 8, cu, n	2, cu : li.-cl, slt.-f : 0, slt.-f
22	3°0	12°2	Calm : W	W : Calm	0°3	0°00	152	0, f : th.-cl : 7, cu, s, so.-ha	p.-cl, s : 10, s, slt.-r : 10, r
23	0°1	12°1	Calm : S	SSW : S : SSE	1°8	0°05	178	10, fq.-r : 10, slt.-r : 10, se, n, fq.-r	9, se, cu.-s : 9, cu.-s, s : p.-cl, th.-cl
24	10°2	12°1	SSE : S : SSW	S : SSE	2°0	0°12	213	th.-cl : th.-cl : 0	1, ci : 0, hy.-d
25	8°2	12°0	S : SSE	SSE	0°9	0°05	169	1, lu.-co : th.-cl, lu.-co : 6, ci.-s, so.-ha	4, ci.-s, th.-cl : 0 : li.-cl, hy.-d
26	4°0	11°9	Calm	S	0°4	0°01	129	p.-cl, slt.-f : 10 : 8, ci.-s, cu, s, so.-ha	6, ci.-s, cu, so.-ha : p.-cl, ci.-s, cu : 0, hy.-d
27	10°5	11°9	S	SSE : SE	0°6	0°03	182	1 : p.-cl, th.-cl : 1, ci, ci.-s	1, ci, ci.-s : 4, ci, ci.-s, ci.-cu : th.-cl
28	10°1	11°8	SE	SE : ESE : Calm	0°9	0°04	175	1 : 0 : 0	0 : 0 : 0, slt.-f, hy.-d
29	7°9	11°8	Calm : ESE : E	ESE : SE : E	1°0	0°05	194	0, f : f : 5, cu, li.-cl	1, cu : 1 : 9, slt.-f
30	6°7	11°7	ENE : E	ESE : E : ENE	2°3	0°13	249	10, f : 9 : p.-cl, cu	3, cu : p.-cl, cu : 1, slt.-m
Means	5°0	12°6	...	...	...	0°10	208		
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 55°0, being 0°9 higher than
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 52°4, being 1°2 higher than
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 83°0, being 2°8 greater than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0ⁱⁿ.394, being 0ⁱⁿ.017 greater than
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 4^{grs}.4, being 0^{grs}.2 greater than
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 532 grains, being 1 grain less than
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 6°0.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0°392. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 10°9 hours on September 8.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 132°0 on September 12; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 28°5 on September 16.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 4, E. 9, S. 8, and W. 4. Five days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 4°5 lbs. on the square foot on September 16. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 208 miles; the greatest daily value was 362 miles on September 4; and the least daily value was 80 miles on September 18.
Rain (0ⁱⁿ.005 or over) fell on 12 days in the month, amounting to 1ⁱⁿ.647, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0ⁱⁿ.501 less than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.						Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the ground.	Electricity.	
			Of the Air.					Of Evapo-ration.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.			Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.					
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	De-duced Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.		Least.	Highest in Sun's Rays.	Lowest on the Grass.			Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.
Oct. 1	...	29.672	66.6	54.1	12.5	58.3	+ 4.2	55.6	53.2	5.1	14.0	1.6	83	111.6	46.0	58.77	0.001	wP : wP, wN : wP, mN
2	...	29.665	66.1	54.4	11.7	59.1	+ 5.4	57.0	55.1	4.0	11.2	1.0	87	105.1	47.5	58.72	0.001	wN, wP : wP, vN : wP
3	...	29.734	67.0	48.1	18.9	56.0	+ 2.7	53.6	51.3	4.7	11.6	0.8	85	111.9	36.2	58.70	0.000	wP
4	...	29.588	67.3	48.1	19.2	55.3	+ 2.3	53.7	52.2	3.1	10.5	0.2	90	109.9	36.1	58.65	0.220	wP : wP : vP, ssN
5	Greatest Dec. S.	29.414	61.2	46.4	14.8	53.6	+ 0.8	51.8	50.1	3.5	6.0	0.4	88	88.5	36.1	58.49	0.028	wP, mN : wP : wP
6	...	29.483	63.2	42.7	20.5	53.2	+ 0.7	50.1	47.0	6.2	14.7	1.8	79	115.2	31.0	58.40	0.001	wP : wP, mN : wP
7	First Quarter	29.344	63.0	50.3	12.7	54.5	+ 2.2	52.6	50.7	3.8	10.1	1.2	87	100.2	41.0	58.10	0.331	wP, wwN : wN, wP : wP
8	...	29.230	61.4	50.7	10.7	54.3	+ 2.3	52.5	50.7	3.6	7.4	1.4	88	103.9	40.9	57.83	0.292	wP, mN
9	...	29.688	61.0	44.8	16.2	53.1	+ 1.5	49.6	46.1	7.0	14.0	2.3	77	99.6	32.0	57.60	0.000	wP
10	...	29.857	59.8	42.1	17.7	50.6	- 0.7	46.8	42.8	7.8	13.7	2.3	76	96.0	29.6	57.41	0.000	wP
11	...	29.766	54.0	45.0	9.0	49.9	- 1.0	48.9	47.9	2.0	4.6	0.2	93	63.0	38.9	57.08	0.627	wP : wP, mN : wP
12	Apogee	30.092	63.9	46.2	17.7	52.9	+ 2.3	51.2	49.5	3.4	10.8	0.2	89	99.0	38.0	56.75	0.000	wP
13	In Equator	30.257	64.2	44.1	20.1	52.4	+ 2.1	51.1	49.8	2.6	9.7	0.2	91	100.2	34.0	56.50	0.001*	wP
14	...	30.123	61.8	46.0	15.8	53.5	+ 3.4	51.2	48.9	4.6	10.0	0.2	84	96.1	35.9	56.37	0.001*	wP
15	Full	29.995	58.0	52.6	5.4	55.2	+ 5.3	52.2	49.3	5.9	11.0	1.4	81	78.9	47.0	56.22	0.115	wP
16	...	30.124	62.4	43.0	19.4	52.7	+ 2.9	50.6	48.5	4.2	13.7	0.4	86	100.0	31.7	56.22	0.000	wP : wP : ...
17	...	30.023	61.2	38.9	22.3	48.2	- 1.4	46.5	44.7	3.5	11.7	0.4	88	100.8	26.1	56.13	0.001*	wP
18	...	29.900	63.2	41.2	22.0	50.5	+ 1.2	47.7	44.8	5.7	13.1	0.2	81	106.0	26.1	55.92	0.000	wP
19	...	29.714	61.0	43.1	17.9	52.0	+ 2.9	50.2	48.4	3.6	9.7	1.1	87	99.7	31.0	55.69	0.000	wP
20	Greatest Dec. N.	29.544	61.9	53.5	8.4	57.4	+ 8.6	55.3	53.4	4.0	9.2	0.6	87	79.0	45.0	55.59	0.116	wP : wP : wwP, wN
21	...	29.396	57.7	44.1	13.6	51.3	+ 2.7	50.4	49.5	1.8	5.8	0.8	94	67.8	40.2	55.57	0.574	wP, wN
22	Last Quarter	29.610	59.2	40.2	19.0	47.0	- 1.3	44.6	41.9	5.1	13.1	0.4	83	102.5	28.4	55.59	0.000	wP
23	...	29.920	53.4	36.1	17.3	44.0	- 4.1	42.7	41.1	2.9	8.5	0.0	90	72.9	28.2	55.30	0.000	wP
24	...	30.063	55.2	37.4	17.8	43.6	- 4.3	42.8	41.8	1.8	8.6	0.0	94	87.2	28.7	54.91	0.002*	wP
25	...	29.841	60.2	37.1	23.1	48.2	+ 0.5	47.0	45.7	2.5	8.0	0.0	92	90.0	31.8	54.52	0.002*	wP
26	...	29.481	56.2	47.3	8.9	52.4	+ 4.8	52.1	51.8	0.6	2.1	0.4	99	62.0	40.2	54.18	0.782	wwP : wP, wN : wwN, wwP
27	In Equator	29.426	63.0	48.3	14.7	55.7	+ 8.2	53.8	52.0	3.7	7.5	0.4	88	103.2	38.2	54.03	0.000	wwP
28	Perigee	29.222	64.0	51.1	12.9	57.1	+ 9.7	54.6	52.3	4.8	7.9	1.8	84	96.0	39.0	54.11	0.212	wP, wN : wP, wN : wP, vN
29	New	29.111	64.2	50.6	13.6	57.1	+ 9.8	53.2	49.6	7.5	14.0	2.2	76	101.6	41.2	54.32	0.005	wwP : wP : wP
30	...	29.358	59.2	50.2	9.0	54.1	+ 6.9	51.3	48.6	5.5	10.6	2.6	81	85.0	42.1	54.39	0.064	wP : wP : wN, wP
31	...	29.624	58.0	45.1	12.9	51.2	+ 4.1	48.4	45.5	5.7	12.0	1.4	81	94.6	36.2	54.42	0.047	wP, wwN : wP, mN : wP
Means	...	29.686	61.2	45.9	15.3	52.7	+ 2.7	50.6	48.5	4.2	10.2	0.9	86.1	94.4	36.3	56.34	Sum 3.423	...
Number of Column for Reference.	I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

* Rainfall (Column 17). The amounts entered on October 13, 14, 17, 24, and 25 are derived from fog and dew.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.686, being 0.035 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 67.3 on October 4; the lowest in the month was 36.1 on October 23; and the range was 31.2. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 61.2, being 3.7 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 45.9, being 2.7 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 15.3, being 1.0 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 52.7, being 2.7 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.						CLOUDS AND WEATHER.									
	Sun above Horizon.		OSLER'S.				ROBINSON'S.											
	hours.	hours.	General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.		Horizontal Movement of the Air.											
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.		miles.	A.M.	P.M.								
Oct. 1	5.5	11.6	ENE : E	ESE : E	4.6	0.28	315	p-cl	:	9	:	6, ci.-cu, cu, oc.-slt.-r, w	3, cu, w	:	1	:	p-cl, slt.-r, l	
2	3.5	11.6	E : SE	SE : Calm : WSW	0.9	0.01	145	10, f	:	p-cl	:	p-cl, cu, n	10, cu, n, oc.-r, t:	9, l	:	10, slt.-m		
3	3.9	11.5	WSW : Calm	W : WSW	0.1	0.00	141	10	:	10, slt.-f	:	p-cl, ci.-cu, cu	5, ci.-cu, cu	:	p-cl, ci.-s, cu, d:	p-cl, f		
4	2.5	11.4	Calm : Variable	SE : SSW : S	0.9	0.01	133	9, f	:	9, f	:	9, cu, s	p-cl, cu, n	:	p-cl, r, hy.-sh., l:	2		
5	0.0	11.4	Calm : W	W	0.7	0.01	153	0, f	:	9	:	10, ci.-s, cu, s, slt.-r	10, cu, n, s, slt.-r:	9, ci.-s, cu, n	:	9		
6	6.8	11.3	W : Calm : S	Variable : SE : ESE	0.8	0.02	159	9	:	p-cl	:	5, ci, ci.-s, ci.-cu	p-cl, cu, n, slt.-sh:	p-cl, ci, cu, n:	:	p-cl, hy.-d		
7	2.7	11.2	SE : ESE : SW	SSW : SW : S	2.6	0.17	236	9	:	10, c.-r	:	10, s, n, c.-r	5, cu	:	3, cu	:	p-cl	
8	2.1	11.1	S : SW	SW : WSW : W	4.0	0.29	326	9, slt.-r	:	10, r	:	p-cl, cu, cu.-s, fq.-shs	9, cu, s, s, li.-shs:	10, sc, n, fq.-r:	10, w	:		
9	4.4	11.1	W : N	N : NE : E	0.7	0.03	184	10	:	9	:	5, ci.-s, cu, n	p-cl, cu, n	:	p-cl, slt.-m	:	p-cl, hy.-d	
10	5.3	11.0	E : ESE	SE : ESE	2.3	0.19	222	p-cl, d	:	p-cl, li.-cl:	5, ci.-cu, cu	7, ci, ci.-s, cu:	p-cl	:	p-cl, ci.-s, ci.-cu			
11	0.0	10.9	ESE : E	Calm : Variable : W	1.9	0.08	198	9	:	p-cl	:	10, s, n, r	10, c.-r	:	10, r, slt.-m	:	p-cl, m	
12	5.7	10.9	W : Calm	W : Calm : SW	0.3	0.02	131	9	:	10, f	:	6, cu, s, slt.-f	2, cu, n	:	p-cl	:	p-cl, slt.-m, d	
13	4.2	10.8	SW : Calm	S	0.1	0.00	115	p-cl, m	:	f	:	8, cu, s, slt.-f	7, ci.-s, cu, h, so.-ha:	p-cl, cu, s, lu.-ha:	s, hy.-d, lu.-ha, lu.-co			
14	0.9	10.8	SSW : S : SW	SW	1.9	0.15	247	th.-cl	:	9, th.-cl	:	9, cu, n	9, cu, n, s	:	10	:	p-cl	
15	4.1	10.7	W : N	N : NNE	1.5	0.17	269	10, r	:	p-cl	:		9, cu.-s, n	:	10, s, n	:		
16	3.4	10.6	Calm	SE : S : Calm	0.0	0.00	106	10	:	9	:	7, cu, cu.-s	6, cu	:	1	:	0, slt.-m, hy.-d, lu.-co	
17	7.6	10.6	Calm : SSW	SW : S	1.0	0.03	142	0, f	:	0, f	:	3, cu	1, cu	:	0, slt.-m, hy.-d	:	1, li.-cl, slt.-m, hy.-d	
18	6.1	10.5	SSE : Calm : WSW	WSW : SW	0.7	0.02	177	p-cl	:	9	:	5, cu, cu.-s	1, cu	:	1, th.-cl	:	1, th.-cl, slt.-m, d	
19	4.3	10.5	SW : S : SSW	S : SSW	2.0	0.06	194	p-cl	:	10	:	5	4	:	10	:	p-cl, d	
20	0.2	10.4	SW	SW : SSW : S	2.0	0.21	277	p-cl	:	p-cl	:	8, ci.-s, ci.-cu, cu	10, s, oc.-th.-r:	10, slt.-r	:	p-cl, slt.-r		
21	0.0	10.3	SSW : SW : W	Calm : Variable : SW	1.3	0.04	156	10, r	:	10, s, n, fq.-r	:		10, s, n, fq.-r:	10, n, r, slt.-f:	10, slt.-f, oc.-slt.-r			
22	6.7	10.3	Calm : SSW	SW : Calm	0.5	0.02	190	p-cl, th.-cl, lu.-ha:	:	p-cl	:	8, ci, ci.-s, cu, so.-ha	5, ci.-s, cu, n, so.-ha:	p-cl, cu, cu.-s:	1, f			
23	0.5	10.2	Calm	NE : N	0.9	0.03	131	f, hy.-d	:	f	:	p-cl, ci, ci.-s, ci.-cu, f, so.-ha	9	:	p-cl, cu, s, slt.-f:	p-cl, h, d		
24	4.5	10.1	NNE : NE : Calm	Calm	0.3	0.00	79	10, slt.-f	:	10	:	6, ci, ci.-s, s	1, th.-cl, slt.-f:	f	:	tk.-f, hy.-d		
25	4.8	10.1	Calm : E	E : ESE	1.0	0.05	176	tk.-f	:	f	:	2, cu, f	p-cl, cu	:	p-cl, cu, hy.-d:	p-cl, hy.-d		
26	0.0	10.0	Calm	Calm : W : SW	2.0	0.05	159	10, f	:	10, f	:	10, f, glm, r	10, tk.-f, c.-r	:	10, sc, s, r	:	p-cl, ci.-s, th.-cl	
27	1.9	9.9	SW : SSE : S	S : SSW : SW	2.8	0.22	278	p-cl	:	9	:	9, cu.-s, n	8, cu.-s, s, n:	p-cl	:	p-cl, d		
28	2.6	9.9	SW : S	S : Variable	2.4	0.20	258	p-cl	:	9, r	:	8, ci, cu, cu.-s, slt.-r	8, cu.-s, s, n, sh.-r:	8, oc.-slt.-r	:	10, r		
29	7.7	9.8	S : SSE : SSW	SSW : SW	8.5	0.77	398	p-cl, r	:	1	:	5, ci.-s, cu, w	p-cl, cu, cu.-s, w:	p-cl, w	:	p-cl, shs.-r, w		
30	2.5	9.7	SW : SSW	SSW : S	5.2	0.44	369	p-cl, oc.-r, w	:	8, ci.-s, cu, cu.-s, oc.-shs	:		9, cu.-s, n, oc.-slt.-r:	9, oc.-slt.-r	:	p-cl, slt.-r		
31	6.2	9.7	S : WSW : SW	SW : S	6.2	0.18	271	10, r, sq, w:	2	:	2, cu	p-cl, ci, cu.-s, sh.-r:	p-cl	:	9			
Means	3.6	10.6	...	...	...	0.12	204										
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25						26					27

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 50°·6, being 2°·7 higher than
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 48°·5, being 2°·8 higher than
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 86·1, being 1·1 greater than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0ⁱⁿ·342, being 0ⁱⁿ·035 greater than
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 3^{grs}·8, being 0^{gr}·3 greater than
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 536 grains, being 4 grains less than
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 6·4.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0·335. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 7·7 hours on October 29.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 115°·2 on October 6; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 26°·1 on October 17 and 18.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 1, E. 5, S. 11, and W. 7. Seven days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 8·5 lbs. on the square foot on October 29. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 204 miles; the greatest daily value was 398 miles on October 29; and the least daily value was 79 miles on October 24.
Rain (0ⁱⁿ·005 or over) fell on 13 days in the month, amounting to 3ⁱⁿ·423, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0ⁱⁿ·641 greater than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

DAILY RESULTS OF THE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS,

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.							Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.					Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.						
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.		Highest in Sun's Rays.	Lowest on the Grass.	Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the Surface of the Soil.		
Nov. 1	...	29.680	58.0	43.6	14.4	49.4	+ 2.4	47.7	45.9	3.5	8.0	1.0	88	78.3	34.2	54.31	0.160	vP, vN : wP : wP
2	Greatest Dec. S.	29.624	59.2	51.0	8.2	54.4	+ 7.6	52.1	49.8	4.6	9.1	2.4	84	87.2	43.0	54.16	0.030	wP
3	...	29.783	56.3	44.7	11.6	50.6	+ 4.0	46.8	42.8	7.8	12.5	2.4	76	93.2	35.0	54.00	0.110	wN, wP : wP : wP
4	...	29.788	56.7	36.1	20.6	47.3	+ 0.9	45.0	42.5	4.8	11.1	0.4	84	90.9	25.5	53.82	0.000	wP : vP : wP
5	First Quarter	29.466	56.1	39.1	17.0	50.4	+ 4.3	48.0	45.5	4.9	13.3	0.6	84	77.2	28.1	53.55	0.005	wP
6	...	29.253	53.0	39.1	13.9	44.5	- 1.3	42.8	40.8	3.7	9.6	1.3	87	78.0	28.1	53.37	0.167	wP : wP : mP, vN
7	...	29.425	51.1	38.8	12.3	44.8	- 0.6	42.5	39.8	5.0	10.8	0.9	83	64.8	29.0	53.03	0.018	vN, wP : mP : mP
8	...	29.505	54.0	37.5	16.5	45.3	+ 0.3	43.3	41.0	4.3	12.6	1.5	85	80.0	27.5	52.75	0.058	wP, wwN : wP : mP
9	Apogee: In Equator	29.565	55.0	36.0	19.0	45.6	+ 1.0	44.3	42.8	2.8	9.6	0.6	90	86.2	25.4	52.40	0.006	mP : wP : wP
10	...	29.488	56.5	48.0	8.5	52.1	+ 7.8	51.5	50.9	1.2	4.1	0.2	96	63.5	36.0	52.06	0.124	wwP : ... : wP, wN
11	...	29.327	59.1	44.1	15.0	51.6	+ 7.6	49.9	48.2	3.4	8.7	0.8	89	82.3	33.1	51.92	0.699	wP, sN : vP, wN : vP, vN
12	...	29.134	57.0	48.4	8.6	52.5	+ 8.8	50.2	47.9	4.6	7.8	2.1	84	75.6	43.1	51.92	0.165	wwP, wwN : wP, wN : wP, vN
13	Full	29.048	49.0	41.9	7.1	45.7	+ 2.2	44.2	42.5	3.2	4.6	1.3	89	53.1	38.9	51.90	0.228	wN, wP : vN, vP : wP
14	...	29.242	53.2	44.0	9.2	46.5	+ 3.2	43.7	40.5	6.0	12.0	1.3	81	72.8	35.9	51.78	0.271	... : wP
15	...	29.449	51.8	41.1	10.7	46.4	+ 3.3	43.2	39.6	6.8	12.4	2.7	78	65.5	35.0	51.47	0.000	wP
16	Greatest Dec. N.	29.725	53.8	43.9	9.9	49.4	+ 6.6	46.1	42.6	6.8	9.4	3.5	77	68.2	36.0	51.19	0.000	... : wP
17	...	29.906	59.5	52.0	7.5	55.0	+ 12.4	52.3	49.7	5.3	12.3	2.0	83	78.0	47.9	51.01	0.001	wP
18	...	29.890	58.6	44.0	14.6	53.2	+ 10.8	50.7	48.2	5.0	10.4	1.8	83	79.9	35.2	51.16	0.016	wP
19	...	30.171	50.1	39.9	10.2	44.5	+ 2.2	40.9	36.7	7.8	12.6	4.8	73	72.0	31.1	51.32	0.000	wP : mP : wP
20	...	29.951	54.0	47.5	6.5	50.7	+ 8.5	47.7	44.6	6.1	9.8	1.8	80	67.7	40.0	51.22	0.019	wP
21	Last Quarter	29.678	54.2	45.1	9.1	50.9	+ 8.8	49.4	47.8	3.1	6.8	0.6	89	63.0	41.7	51.12	0.589	wP : wP : wP, vN
22	...	30.072	46.1	31.7	14.4	41.0	- 1.1	38.7	35.8	5.2	9.6	0.8	82	59.0	19.8	51.02	0.000	wP : mP : mP
23	In Equator	30.009	46.0	27.6	18.4	38.3	- 3.7	37.7	36.9	1.4	2.2	0.0	95	65.9	19.0	50.70	0.006*	mP : wP
24	...	29.839	50.0	39.1	10.9	43.9	+ 1.9	42.7	41.3	2.6	6.8	0.4	90	62.5	27.0	50.36	0.019	wP : wP : mP
25	Perigee	30.001	51.9	38.2	13.7	46.6	+ 4.7	44.7	42.6	4.0	10.1	0.7	87	67.5	27.2	50.00	0.000	wP
26	...	30.091	55.5	41.8	13.7	50.5	+ 8.7	47.7	44.8	5.7	9.3	3.3	81	63.1	32.2	49.81	0.001	wP
27	...	30.196	52.2	37.2	15.0	45.0	+ 3.3	43.4	41.5	3.5	5.6	1.6	88	57.0	28.2	49.74	0.000	wP
28	New	30.205	55.8	44.7	11.1	51.4	+ 9.9	49.8	48.2	3.2	6.5	1.3	89	69.0	34.6	49.69	0.000	wP
29	Greatest Dec. S.	30.191	57.0	42.6	14.4	48.2	+ 7.0	46.8	45.3	2.9	6.8	0.7	90	66.0	33.0	49.76	0.002*	wP
30	...	30.097	54.0	51.4	2.6	52.1	+ 11.1	49.8	47.5	4.6	7.0	2.4	84	61.1	49.4	49.81	0.000	wP
Means	...	29.727	54.2	42.0	12.2	48.3	+ 4.8	46.1	43.7	4.5	9.0	1.5	84.8	71.6	33.3	51.68	Sum 2.694	...
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

* Rainfall (Column 17). The amounts entered on November 23 and 29 are derived from frost, fog, and dew.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.727, being 0.031 lower than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 59.5 on November 17; the lowest in the month was 27.6 on November 23; and the range was 31.9. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 54.2, being 5.2 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 42.0, being 4.1 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 12.2, being 1.1 greater than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 48.3, being 4.8 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		Sun above Horizon.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.						CLOUDS AND WEATHER.						
					OSLER'S.				ROBINSON'S.								
					General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.		Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.			Horizontal Movement of the Air.	A.M.		P.M.	
					A.M.	P.M.	lbs.	lbs.						miles.	A.M.		P.M.
Nov. 1	2.0	9.6	S : Calm	WSW : SW : SSW	1.5	0.03	184	10, r	: p-cl,slt-f:	p-cl,ci-s,ci-cu,slt-f,so-ha	6	:	1	:	p-cl,hy-d		
2	1.7	9.6	SW : WSW	WSW : SW	5.3	0.87	471	10, w	: 10, r, w :	9,sc,n,th-r,so-ha	8,ci,ci-s,ci-cu,s	:	p-cl	:	10,slt-r,w		
3	3.5	9.5	SW : W	W : WSW	4.7	0.40	351	p-cl,sh-r,w:	1	:	p-cl,cu,cu-s	:	8, cu, cu-s	:	p-cl : 2		
4	6.2	9.4	Calm : SE	S : SSE : Calm	0.6	0.01	150	0, ho-fr :	p-cl,m,f,ho-fr:	p-cl,cu-s,f	3, cu, cu-s	:	p-cl	:	10, s		
5	3.6	9.4	SE : S : W	W : WSW	2.4	0.19	301	10, th-r :	10,slt-r :	p-cl,slt-r	p-cl,ci-s,cu,cu-s:	:	p-cl,li-shs:	:	p-cl		
6	1.8	9.3	SW : SSW	SW : SSW : Calm	1.0	0.05	224	p-cl	:	9,slt-r :	8,ci,ci-s,s	6,ci,ci-s,cu-s,s :	:	p-cl,cu-s,th-cl,r :	10, fq-r		
7	2.0	9.3	NNE : N : NNW	NW : W : SW	2.0	0.14	260	10,slt-r :	10	:	7,cu,s,th-cl,h	2, cu, h	:	p-cl	:	li-cl,lu-ha,d,slt-f	
8	3.9	9.2	Variable	W : WSW	4.0	0.22	315	9	:	10,slt-r :	9,cu,n,fq-th-r,w	2,ci-s,w	:	o, d	:		
9	4.1	9.2	Calm	SE : ESE : E	0.4	0.03	128	1, ho-fr :	p-cl,slt-f:	2,li-cl,slt-f	p-cl,th-r :	10	:	10,slt-f	:		
10	0.1	9.1	E : SE : S	SSE : Calm	0.5	0.02	145	10,li-shs :	10	:	9,cu-s,s	9,ci-s,n,sh-r:	:	9,sh-r	:	10,oc-r	
11	4.1	9.1	Variable : Calm : SW	SW : SSW	7.0	0.18	269	9,sh-r :	9,hy-sh,m:	8,cu,cu-s,r	2,ci,ci-s,cu-s:	:	9,lu-ha	:	p-cl,fq-r,lu-ha,w		
12	1.0	9.0	SSW : S : SW	SW	9.0	0.64	445	9,oc-slt-r,1	:	9,oc-r,w :	8,ci,ci-s,s,oc-shs,w	8,ci,ci-s,n,li-shs,so-ha,w :	:	9,fq-r,lu-ha:	10,oc-r,lu-ha		
13	0.0	9.0	WSW : W	WNW : NW	5.7	0.70	514	10,oc-r :	10, fq-r :	10,sc,s,slt-r,w	10,sc,s,slt-r,w :	:	10,slt-r,w	:	p-cl,w		
14	2.7	8.9	W : SW	NW : W : WSW	6.3	0.62	465	p-cl,lu-ha :	10, r :	9,n,r,w	p-cl,cu-s,sh-r,w :	:	p-cl,d	:	p-cl,lu-ha,d		
15	5.7	8.9	WSW : W	W : WSW : SW	5.5	0.54	471	10	:	p-cl	:	1, cu, w	p-cl,ci-s,cu-s,w :	:	10,slt-r,lu-ha,w		
16	0.0	8.8	W : WSW	W : WSW	3.8	0.55	479	p-cl,w :	9	:	10,s,so-ha	9,s,n,so-ha:	:	10,s,n,w	:	10,slt-r,w	
17	1.8	8.8	WSW : W	W : WSW	8.6	0.73	484	10,w :	10	:	8,cu,cu-s,s,w	9,cu,cu-s,glm,w :	:	10,slt-r	:	10	
18	2.5	8.7	SW : WSW	WSW : W	10.0	0.90	532	10	:	10	:	p-cl,cu,cu-s,w	8,cu,cu-s,sc,fg-th-r,w :	:	p-cl,w	:	o,w
19	5.3	8.7	W	WSW : SW	3.0	0.35	392	o	:	p-cl	:	1, cu, th-cl	p-cl,cu,cu-s :	:	5	:	p-cl
20	0.0	8.6	WSW	WSW : SW	5.1	0.73	521	10,w :	10,w	:	9,cu,cu-s,s,w	10,sc,s,n,w :	:	10,slt-r,w	:	9,m-r,w	
21	0.0	8.5	SW	SW : Calm : NNE	8.0	0.78	459	10,w :	10,w	:	9,sc,s,th-r,w	10,sc,s,n,fq-r,w :	:	10,c,r,hy-shs :	10,r		
22	6.0	8.5	NNE : N	NNE : Calm	2.8	0.15	181	9	:	p-cl	:	o	o	:	o,slt-f,ho-fr		
23	0.3	8.4	Calm	SE : Calm : SSE	0.1	0.00	94	o,tk-f,ho-fr:	tk-f,ho-fr :	p-cl,s,th-cl,f	8,s	:	10	:	9		
24	1.9	8.4	SSE : SW	WNW : W : SW	1.1	0.04	235	10	:	10	:	7,cu-s,s,th-r	9,cu,s,n :	:	p-cl	:	p-cl
25	2.4	8.3	WSW : W	WSW : SW	1.5	0.07	252	p-cl	:	1, h	:	5, th-cl	9,s	:	10	:	9
26	0.0	8.3	WSW : W	NW : N : W	1.5	0.16	323	9	:	10, th-r	:	10, s, n	10, s, n	:	p-cl, th-cl	:	th-cl
27	0.0	8.3	W : WSW	W : WNW	1.3	0.10	301	9,slt-f :	10, m	:	10, cu-s, s	10, s	:	9	:	p-cl, d	
28	4.1	8.2	WNW : NW : W	W : NW	1.5	0.10	307	10	:	9	:	1, cu, h	5, cu, s, n :	:	p-cl, s, n, d :	p-cl, d	
29	5.1	8.2	W	W : WSW	3.3	0.21	384	p-cl,th-cl:	p-cl,slt-m:	6, s	o	:	o	:	o	:	10
30	0.0	8.2	W : WSW	W	3.8	0.42	445	10	:	10	:	9, cu-s, n	10	:	10		
Means	2.4	8.8	0.33	336										
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25					26					27

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 46°.1, being 4°.2 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 43°.7, being 3°.7 higher than
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 84.8, being 2.5 less than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0.1235, being 0.0038 greater than
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 3.673, being 0.075 greater than
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 542 grains, being 6 grains less than
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 6.5.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0.271. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 6.2 hours on November 4.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 93°.2 on November 3; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 19°.0 on November 23.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 2, E. 0, S. 7, and W. 18. Three days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 10.0 lbs. on the square foot on November 18. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 336 miles; the greatest daily value was 532 miles on November 18; and the least daily value was 94 miles on November 23.
Rain (0.1005 or over) fell on 17 days in the month, amounting to 2.1694, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0.1474 greater than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Phases of the Moon.	BARO-METER. Mean of 24 Hourly Values (corrected and reduced to 32° Fahrenheit).	TEMPERATURE.							Difference between the Air Temperature and Dew Point Temperature.			Degree of Humidity (Saturation = 100).	TEMPERATURE.			Rain collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving surface is 5 inches above the ground.	Electricity.
			Of the Air.				Of Evaporation.	Of the Dew Point.	Of Radiation.		Of the Earth 3 ft. 2 in. below the surface of the Soil.							
			Highest.	Lowest.	Daily Range.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Excess above Average of 65 Years.	Mean of 24 Hourly Values.	Deducted Mean Daily Value.	Mean.	Greatest.	Least.		Highest in Sun's Rays.	Lowest on the Grass.			
Dec. 1	...	29.970	52.1	47.1	5.0	50.4	+ 9.5	48.2	45.9	4.5	7.8	0.6	85	57.6	38.6	49.89	0.080	wP
2	...	29.891	53.2	46.0	7.2	49.1	+ 8.2	47.0	44.7	4.4	8.0	1.1	85	60.0	37.7	50.02	0.016	wP : ...
3	...	29.513	53.4	49.1	4.3	51.1	+ 10.0	48.2	45.2	5.9	7.7	2.9	81	62.2	42.5	50.11	0.044	... : wP : wP, sN
4	...	29.357	49.2	36.9	12.3	41.6	+ 0.3	38.5	34.7	6.9	12.1	2.4	77	55.0	30.5	50.12	0.039	wP, wwN : wP, ssN : mP, wwN
5	First Quarter	29.619	47.6	35.0	12.6	39.8	- 1.7	37.6	34.7	5.1	9.0	3.0	82	58.6	27.0	50.01	0.072	wP : vP, vN : mP
6	In Equator: Apogee	29.524	43.6	38.0	5.6	40.6	- 0.9	38.7	36.3	4.3	7.7	2.8	85	49.0	34.7	49.55	0.062	wP
7	...	29.869	43.3	36.9	6.4	39.9	- 1.4	38.1	35.8	4.1	8.5	1.6	86	51.0	28.2	49.05	0.002	wP
8	...	30.033	54.5	43.3	11.2	48.8	+ 7.8	46.9	44.9	3.9	7.1	0.0	87	76.5	37.0	48.70	0.000	wP
9	...	29.913	54.6	45.1	9.5	51.9	+ 11.3	49.3	46.7	5.2	8.8	1.6	83	61.0	36.6	48.62	0.020	wwP : wP : wP
10	...	30.022	49.0	42.1	6.9	46.0	+ 5.6	43.0	39.6	6.4	8.4	4.6	79	52.0	35.1	48.79	0.000	wP
11	...	30.024	47.2	38.8	8.4	43.9	+ 3.7	41.6	38.9	5.0	7.1	1.6	83	52.0	29.1	48.87	0.000	wP
12	...	29.853	54.5	44.9	9.6	49.4	+ 9.1	46.0	42.4	7.0	10.3	3.2	77	61.0	39.0	48.82	0.000	wP
13	Full	30.068	46.1	38.4	7.7	42.2	+ 1.7	39.6	36.4	5.8	10.1	3.0	81	52.8	27.2	48.77	0.000	wP : mP : mP
14	Greatest Dec. N.	30.133	44.6	38.0	6.6	41.0	+ 0.3	38.6	35.6	5.4	7.8	3.5	81	52.2	29.0	48.70	0.006*	wP : mP : mP
15	...	30.080	50.5	41.1	9.4	46.9	+ 6.1	45.3	43.5	3.4	8.2	1.3	89	55.3	35.0	48.37	0.001	wP
16	...	29.968	49.2	44.2	5.0	46.4	+ 5.7	42.1	37.2	9.2	11.9	5.2	71	60.5	35.9	48.12	0.000	wP : mP : mP
17	...	30.202	47.5	42.7	4.8	45.5	+ 5.1	42.3	38.6	6.9	9.1	3.9	77	53.8	38.0	48.11	0.000	wP
18	...	30.328	44.8	34.3	10.5	40.9	+ 0.9	38.7	35.9	5.0	8.6	3.4	83	53.0	24.6	48.08	0.000	wP : wP : mP
19	...	30.330	42.4	32.1	10.3	37.8	- 1.7	36.0	33.6	4.2	6.3	0.7	85	54.6	21.6	47.94	0.000	mP : wP
20	In Equator: Last Quarter	30.376	43.1	36.8	6.3	40.0	+ 1.0	37.5	34.2	5.8	7.9	4.5	80	56.1	28.0	47.52	0.000	wP : mP : mP
21	Perigee	30.446	42.1	30.9	11.2	38.6	- 0.1	36.4	33.4	5.2	7.6	1.9	83	47.7	19.3	47.22	0.000	wP : mP : mP
22	...	30.193	38.5	30.8	7.7	34.8	- 3.6	33.4	31.1	3.7	6.0	1.8	86	41.3	19.1	46.92	0.002	mP
23	...	29.713	40.5	31.3	9.2	36.1	- 2.1	35.4	34.4	1.7	2.6	0.7	94	44.4	20.2	46.53	0.319	wP : wP, vN : vN, vP
24	...	29.643	40.2	32.1	8.1	36.3	- 1.9	34.5	31.9	4.4	8.3	0.8	84	42.2	22.0	46.16	0.000	wP : mP : mP
25	...	29.997	45.2	30.2	15.0	38.0	- 0.4	36.0	33.3	4.7	6.3	3.5	83	50.2	21.4	45.88	0.005*	mP : mP : wP
26	...	29.819	51.0	45.2	5.8	48.4	+ 9.8	45.1	41.5	6.9	8.4	3.4	77	59.0	40.2	45.51	0.051	wP
27	Greatest Dec. S.: New	29.548	49.4	37.4	12.0	41.9	+ 3.1	38.9	35.3	6.6	9.9	3.1	79	50.0	28.4	45.45	0.150	wP, wN : mP : mP
28	...	29.283	37.6	32.1	5.5	34.8	- 4.1	33.1	30.0	4.8	5.7	3.1	83	47.3	23.9	45.58	0.000	wP : mP : mP
29	...	29.421	36.8	30.6	6.2	33.6	- 5.4	32.2	29.6	4.0	10.6	2.6	86	38.8	23.0	45.32	0.008	mP
30	...	29.870	35.6	29.4	6.2	32.2	- 6.7	30.4	26.4	5.8	7.7	2.8	78	49.9	21.2	44.81	0.000	mP : sP : sP
31	...	30.310	37.0	28.1	8.9	31.9	- 6.8	29.8	24.9	7.0	12.3	2.2	74	43.3	18.1	44.42	0.000	mP : sP : sP
Means	...	29.913	45.9	37.7	8.2	41.9	+ 2.0	39.6	36.7	5.3	8.3	2.5	82.1	53.2	29.4	47.81	0.877	...
Number of Column for Reference.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The results apply to the civil day.

The mean reading of the Barometer (Column 2) and the mean temperatures of the Air and Evaporation (Columns 6 and 8) are deduced from the photographic records. The average temperature (Column 7) is deduced from the 65 years' observations, 1841-1905. The temperature of the Dew Point (Column 9) and the Degree of Humidity (Column 13) are deduced from the corresponding temperatures of the Air and Evaporation by means of Glaisher's Hygrometrical Tables. The mean difference between the Air and Dew Point Temperatures (Column 10) is the difference between the numbers in Columns 6 and 9, and the Greatest and Least Differences (Columns 11 and 12) are deduced from the 24 hourly photographic measures of the Dry-bulb and Wet-bulb Thermometers. The readings in Column 16 are taken daily at noon.

The values given in Columns 3, 4, 5, 14, and 15 are derived from eye-readings of self-registering thermometers.

* Rainfall (Column 17). The amounts entered on December 14 and 25 are derived from frost.

The mean reading of the Barometer for the month was 29.913, being 0.128 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The highest in the month was 54.6 on December 9; the lowest in the month was 28.1 on December 31; and the range was 26.5. The mean of all the highest daily readings in the month was 45.9, being 1.7 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of all the lowest daily readings in the month was 37.7, being 2.7 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean of the daily ranges was 8.2, being 1.0 less than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905. The mean for the month was 41.9, being 2.0 higher than the average for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

MONTH and DAY, 1913.	Daily Duration of Sunshine.		WIND AS DEDUCED FROM SELF-REGISTERING ANEMOMETERS.					CLOUDS AND WEATHER.	
	hours.	Sun above Horizon.	OSLER'S.		ROBINSON'S.		A.M.	P.M.	
			General Direction.		Pressure on the Square Foot.				
			A.M.	P.M.	Greatest.	Mean of 24 Hourly Measures.			Horizontal Movement of the Air.
Dec. 1	0'0	8'1	W : WNW	WNW : NW : NNW	3'0	0'27	350	10 : 9 : 10,sc,s,n,th.-r	10,sc,s,n,oc.-th.-r : 10 : p.-cl
2	0'0	8'1	WSW : Calm : W	W	4'0	0'35	355	10 : 10,slt.-r : 10,s,n,slt.-f,oc.-slt.-r	9,cu,s,n,oc.-slt.-r : 9,cu,n,w : 9,w
3	0'1	8'1	W : WSW	W : WSW	19'0	1'50	677	10,slt.-sh,w : 10,w : 9,sc,cu.-s,s,n,w	9,sc,cu.-s,s,w : 9,sc,cu,n,fq.-th.-r : 9,r,g
4	3'3	8'1	W : WNW	WNW : NW	15'5	1'38	681	p.-cl,slt.-w : p.-cl : p.-cl,ci,cu,sc,w	5,cu,cu.-s,n,sh.-r : v,fq.-r,g : p.-cl,w
5	1'2	8'0	W : WSW : NW	N : SW	19'7	0'64	415	p.-cl,ho.-fr : 9,oc.-slt.-r,w : p.-cl,sh.-r,w,hy.-sq	p.-cl,ci,cu.-s : 9,slt.-m : 10,slt.-f
6	0'0	8'0	S : SE : ESE	SE	0'7	0'03	180	10 : 10,s	10,s : 10,r : p.-cl,s,lu.-ha
7	0'0	8'0	ENE : Calm	Calm : S : SW	0'0	0'00	101	p.-cl : 10,slt.-f : 10,s,slt.-f	10,s,n : 10,s,n,th.-r : 10
8	0'7	7'9	SW	WSW : W	2'5	0'21	342	10 : p.-cl : p.-cl,s,n,so.-ha	9,s,n : 10,fq.-m.-r : 10,oc.-m.-r
9	0'0	7'9	WSW : W	W : NNW : NW	5'8	0'54	487	10 : 10,sc,s,w	10,sc,s,n,w : 10,oc.-th.-r : p.-cl,sq
10	0'0	7'9	W : WNW	NW	3'5	0'24	370	p.-cl : 10	10,s,n : 10 : 9,th.-cl
11	0'0	7'9	W	W	1'0	0'05	245	p.-cl,th.-cl : 9,cu	9,cu : 10 : 10
12	0'0	7'8	WSW	WNW : NW : NNW	8'5	0'69	462	10 : 10 : 9,cu,cu.-s,n,w	9,cu,n,w : 10 : 9,lu.-ha
13	1'9	7'8	NNW : NW : W	NW : W : WSW	1'0	0'08	259	9 : p.-cl,m,ho.-fr : 1,th.-cl,slt.-f	4,cu.-s,th.-cl : p.-cl,lu.-co : p.-cl,lu.-ha
14	2'0	7'8	WSW : W	WNW : W	2'3	0'29	384	th.-cl,ho.-fr : p.-cl,ho.-fr : 2,th.-cl,slt.-m	1,cu : 1 : 9,th.-cl
15	0'0	7'8	W : WSW	W	3'5	0'30	379	9 : 10,m.-r : 10,s,n	10,s,n : 10
16	3'9	7'8	WSW : W : WNW	WNW : NW : NNW	6'0	0'72	515	10 : 10 : 0,h	5,cu,s,n,w : 9,cu,s,n,w : 10,s,w
17	0'0	7'8	N : NNE	ENE : NE	5'5	0'57	398	10,w : 10,sc,s,n,w	p.-cl,sc,cu,cu.-s,w : 9 : p.-cl
18	0'7	7'8	NE : ENE	E : ENE	1'8	0'17	284	9 : 10 : 9,cu.-s,n	p.-cl,ci,cu.-s : 0,ho.-fr
19	0'5	7'8	ENE : E	ENE : E	1'9	0'14	274	0,ho.-fr : p.-cl,ho.-fr : 9,cu.-s,n	9,cu.-s,n : 10
20	0'8	7'8	E : ESE : ENE	E : ENE	2'8	0'17	269	9 : p.-cl,ho.-fr : 8,cu.-s,n	9,cu.-s,n : 8,cu.-s,s : 9
21	0'0	7'8	ENE : NE	NE : Calm : WSW	0'5	0'02	159	9 : 10 : 10,s	10 : th.-cl : slt.-f,ho.-fr
22	0'0	7'8	WSW : Calm	Variable : Calm	0'8	0'01	146	slt.-f,ho.-fr : 10 : 10,s	10,s : 10,slt.-r,sl : p.-cl,slt.-f
23	0'0	7'8	SSW : Calm	SSW : SW : W	0'4	0'00	134	10 : 10,slt.-f : 10,s,slt.-f	10,s,oc.-slt.-r : 10,c.-r,f : 10,r,slt.-f
24	2'5	7'8	W	NW : NNW	3'8	0'14	322	8 : 1,slt.-f,ho.-fr : 1,th.-cl,slt.-f	p.-cl : 0,h : 0,h,ho.-fr
25	0'0	7'8	W : WSW	WSW : W	3'8	0'25	377	p.-cl,ho.-fr : 1,ho.-fr : p.-cl,s	10,s : 10,s,slt.-r,w : 9,w
26	0'0	7'8	W : WSW	W : WSW	26'0	1'78	754	10,w : 9,sc,w : 10,sc,s,w	10,sc,s,w : 9,oc.-shs,sl.-w : 10,slt.-r,g
27	0'9	7'8	WSW : WNW : W	W : WSW	14'0	0'96	577	10,r,g : 9 : 8,ci,ci.-s,s,w	8,ci,ci.-s,ci.-cu : p.-cl,s : p.-cl,m
28	0'2	7'8	W : NW : N	N : NW : WNW	2'8	0'20	307	9 : p.-cl,h,ho.-fr : 1,h	p.-cl : p.-cl,h,ho.-fr
29	0'0	7'8	NNW : N : NE	NNE : NE	2'7	0'43	310	10 : 10,slt.-sn : 10,s,n,slt.-sn	10,s,n : p.-cl,slt.-r,ho.-fr : p.-cl,ho.-fr
30	5'2	7'8	NNE	NNE : NE	3'8	0'58	366	p.-cl,ho.-fr : 0,ho.-fr : 1,cu,h	p.-cl,cu.-s : 1,slt.-sn : 1,ho.-fr
31	3'1	7'8	NNE	NNE : N	2'0	0'15	213	p.-cl,sl,ho.-fr : p.-cl,ho.-fr : 1,th.-cl	1,th.-cl,h : p.-cl,ho.-fr : 10
Means	0'9	7'9	...	...	...	0'41	358		
Number of Column for Reference.	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27

The mean *Temperature of Evaporation* for the month was 39°·6, being 1°·1 higher than
 The mean *Temperature of the Dew Point* for the month was 36°·7, being the same as
 The mean *Degree of Humidity* for the month was 82·1, being 6·5 less than
 The mean *Elastic Force of Vapour* for the month was 0·1218, being the same as
 The mean *Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 287·5, being 0·87·1 less than
 The mean *Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air* for the month was 553 grains, being 1 grain greater than
 The mean amount of *Cloud* for the month (a clear sky being represented by 0, and an overcast sky by 10) was 7·5.
 The mean proportion of *Sunshine* for the month (constant sunshine being represented by 1) was 0·111. The maximum daily amount of *Sunshine* was 5·2 hours on December 30.
 The highest reading of the *Solar Radiation Thermometer* was 76°·5 on December 8; and the lowest reading of the *Terrestrial Radiation Thermometer* was 18°·1 on December 31.
 The *Proportions of Wind* referred to the cardinal points were N. 7, E. 4, S. 3, and W. 15. Two days were calm.
 The *Greatest Pressure of the Wind* in the month was 26·0 lbs. on the square foot on December 26. The mean daily *Horizontal Movement of the Air* for the month was 358 miles; the greatest daily value was 754 miles on December 26; and the least daily value was 101 miles on December 7.
Rain (0·1005 or over) fell on 11 days in the month, amounting to 0·11877, as measured by gauge No. 6 partly sunk below the ground; being 0·12950 less than the average fall for the 65 years, 1841-1905.

HIGHEST and LOWEST READINGS of the BAROMETER, reduced to 32° Fahrenheit, as extracted from the PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDS.

MAXIMA.		MINIMA.		MAXIMA.		MINIMA.		MAXIMA.		MINIMA.	
Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	Reading.	Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	Reading.	Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	Reading.	Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	Reading.	Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	Reading.	Greenwich Civil Time, 1913.	Reading.
January		January		April		April		September		September	
d h m	in.	d h m	in.	d h m	in.	d h m	in.	d h m	in.	d h m	in.
2. 10. 20	29'819	1. 14. 0	29'692	20. 20. 20	29'809	21. 10. 20	29'674	6. 23. 0	30'147	9. 14. 15	29'949
7. 16. 45	29'948	5. 14. 45	29'638	22. 20. 35	29'936	25. 20. 5	29'254	10. 10. 20	30'115	14. 3. 15	29'110
13. 11. 20	29'659	11. 20. 45	29'206	26. 7. 35	29'410	27. 3. 55	29'247	16. 0. 0	29'475	17. 1. 0	29'329
16. 9. 40	29'385	15. 9. 0	29'154	29. 8. 30	29'893	29. 20. 30	29'586	19. 9. 25	29'790	20. 5. 0	29'643
19. 2. 40	29'679	16. 22. 30	29'062	29. 20. 45	29'667	30. 0. 40	29'572	21. 22. 15	30'023	25. 15. 10	29'749
22. 11. 10	29'951	21. 3. 15	28'931					26. 9. 45	29'850	28. 6. 15	29'770
23. 23. 25	29'717	23. 6. 5	29'631	May		May		October		October	
26. 16. 25	30'177	24. 19. 50	29'494	1. 9. 30	29'752	4. 3. 0	29'167	October		October	
February		February		June		June		November		November	
1. 2. 30	29'592	31. 0. 30	28'964	5. 21. 5	29'494	6. 16. 5	29'346	November		November	
2. 10. 10	29'632			7. 21. 55	29'534	8. 16. 15	29'412	2. 11. 0	29'671	2. 9. 20	29'568
4. 19. 55	30'100			14. 23. 20	29'978	17. 17. 35	29'468	3. 21. 0	29'886	2. 23. 30	29'560
7. 7. 55	29'873			20. 22. 25	29'922	21. 19. 55	29'775	7. 21. 20	29'585	6. 20. 30	29'160
8. 18. 45	30'331			24. 23. 20	30'124	27. 15. 50	29'786	8. 23. 40	29'591	8. 10. 10	29'401
12. 10. 20	30'522			28. 5. 40	29'903	30. 12. 20	29'476	14. 0. 20	29'298	13. 4. 10	28'935
16. 21. 20	30'097			July		July		14. 0. 20	29'298	14. 10. 0	29'106
22. 9. 25	30'315			2. 7. 15	29'941	5. 17. 5	29'589	17. 21. 45	29'982	18. 15. 25	29'763
March		March		6. 23. 0	29'816	7. 9. 50	29'705	19. 11. 5	30'250	21. 14. 25	29'586
1. 0. 55	30'157			7. 23. 20	29'855	8. 14. 35	29'684	22. 21. 10	30'213	24. 5. 0	29'802
2. 20. 0	29'988			9. 8. 10	30'020	10. 13. 20	29'598	27. 0. 45	30'241	27. 16. 0	30'150
4. 1. 55	29'888			14. 8. 45	30'195	18. 18. 20	29'763	28. 23. 30	30'240	December	
5. 11. 55	29'977			22. 8. 30	29'983	25. 5. 10	29'809	December		December	
9. 2. 30	30'381			28. 3. 45	30'197	29. 16. 45	30'103	5. 2. 40	29'726	3. 22. 10	29'174
10. 12. 55	30'216			August		August		5. 19. 30	29'656	5. 9. 10	29'486
12. 1. 25	30'243			1. 11. 5	30'190	6. 12. 15	29'530	8. 10. 55	30'069	6. 15. 15	29'488
15. 17. 35	29'967			8. 22. 20	29'903	10. 14. 40	29'614	10. 10. 15	30'058	9. 15. 50	29'831
18. 9. 15	29'594			13. 9. 0	29'853	15. 3. 0	29'627	13. 21. 15	30'166	12. 2. 45	29'770
22. 7. 20	29'467			18. 23. 40	29'973	19. 16. 50	29'868	21. 11. 0	30'489	16. 5. 15	29'921
25. 10. 35	30'147			20. 23. 25	29'989	22. 6. 10	29'834	25. 10. 10	30'050	24. 3. 15	29'519
29. 2. 30	29'460			22. 21. 0	29'953	23. 9. 35	29'813	27. 10. 45	29'619	27. 2. 0	29'453
30. 23. 0	29'658			27. 11. 0	30'104	30. 17. 30	29'821	31. 21. 15	30'448	28. 11. 15	29'211
April		April		August		August		December		December	
3. 8. 50	29'951	1. 7. 20	29'567	August		August		December		December	
9. 21. 30	29'996	6. 4. 0	29'579	2. 11. 15	30'103	6. 5. 20	29'781	5. 2. 40	29'726	5. 9. 10	29'486
11. 1. 40	29'880	10. 15. 35	29'744	7. 5. 30	29'893	9. 18. 0	29'602	5. 19. 30	29'656	6. 15. 15	29'488
13. 21. 50	29'975	12. 0. 25	29'304	12. 21. 45	30'025	14. 3. 40	29'850	8. 10. 55	30'069	9. 15. 50	29'831
16. 22. 15	29'424	16. 12. 20	29'220	18. 0. 35	30'049	23. 6. 45	29'614	10. 10. 15	30'058	12. 2. 45	29'770
18. 0. 30	29'500	17. 12. 30	29'342	26. 8. 0	30'119	30. 3. 20	29'524	13. 21. 15	30'166	16. 5. 15	29'921

The readings in the above table are accurate, but the times are occasionally liable to uncertainty, as the barometer will sometimes remain at its extreme reading without sensible change for a considerable interval of time. In such cases the time given is the middle of the stationary period.
 The time is expressed in civil reckoning, commencing at midnight and counting from 0^h to 24^h.
 The height of the barometer cistern above mean sea level is 159 feet: no correction has been applied to the readings to reduce to sea level.

HIGHEST and LOWEST READINGS of the BAROMETER in each Month for the YEAR 1913.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.	in.
Highest.....	30'177	30'522	30'381	29'996	30'124	30'197	30'190	30'119	30'147	30'304	30'250	30'489
Lowest.....	28'931	29'282	28'730	29'220	29'167	29'589	29'530	29'524	29'110	29'070	28'935	29'174
Range.....	1'246	1'240	1'651	0'776	0'957	0'608	0'660	0'595	1'037	1'234	1'315	1'315

The highest reading in the year was 30ⁱⁿ.522.

The lowest reading in the year was 28ⁱⁿ.730.

The range of reading in the year was 1ⁱⁿ.792.

MONTHLY RESULTS of METEOROLOGICAL ELEMENTS for the YEAR 1913.

MONTH, 1913.	Mean Reading of the Barometer.	TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.								Mean Temperature of Evaporation.	Mean Tempera- ture of the Dew Point.	Mean Degree of Humidity. (Saturation = 100.)
		Highest.	Lowest.	Range in the Month.	Mean of all the Highest.	Mean of all the Lowest.	Mean of the Daily Ranges.	Monthly Mean.	Excess of Mean above Average of 65 Years.			
January.....	in. 29·618	° 52·1	° 26·2	° 25·9	° 46·1	° 35·9	° 10·2	° 41·1	° + 2·5	° 39·7	° 37·9	° 89·0
February....	29·986	55·0	24·2	30·8	46·7	35·6	11·1	40·9	+ 1·4	38·6	35·4	81·4
March.....	29·698	59·0	28·2	30·8	52·0	38·3	13·7	44·5	+ 2·6	41·7	38·3	79·4
April.....	29·672	67·2	29·0	38·2	55·4	38·9	16·4	46·8	- 0·5	43·4	39·6	76·6
May.....	29·727	84·1	36·3	47·8	66·6	45·3	21·2	54·8	+ 1·7	50·4	46·3	73·7
June.....	29·901	87·1	42·2	44·9	71·4	49·2	22·3	58·9	- 0·5	53·7	49·2	70·5
July.....	29·870	75·8	46·2	29·6	68·2	51·8	16·4	58·5	- 4·2	55·1	52·0	79·6
August.....	29·871	80·0	45·0	35·0	71·1	52·0	19·1	60·0	- 1·6	55·8	52·0	75·3
September..	29·781	77·4	42·1	35·3	67·8	50·2	17·6	57·7	+ 0·5	55·0	52·4	83·0
October.....	29·686	67·3	36·1	31·2	61·2	45·9	15·3	52·7	+ 2·7	50·6	48·5	86·1
November...	29·727	59·5	27·6	31·9	54·2	42·0	12·2	48·3	+ 4·8	46·1	43·7	84·8
December...	29·913	54·6	28·1	26·5	45·9	37·7	8·2	41·9	+ 2·0	39·6	36·7	82·1
Means.....	29·788	Highest 87·1	Lowest 24·2	Annual Range 62·9	58·9	43·6	15·3	50·5	+ 1·0	47·5	44·3	80·1

MONTH, 1913.	Mean Elastic Force of Vapour.	Mean Weight of Vapour in a Cubic Foot of Air.	Mean Weight of a Cubic Foot of Air.	Mean Tempera- ture at Noon of the Earth 3ft. 2in. below the surface of the Soil.	Mean Amount of Cloud. (0-10.)	RAIN.		WIND.											From Robinson's Anemometer. Mean Daily Horizontal Movement of the Air.
						Number of Rainy Days (0 ⁱⁿ ·005 or over).	Amount collected in Gauge No. 6, whose receiving Surface is 5 inches above the Ground.	From Osler's Anemometer.								Number of Calm or nearly Calm Hours.	Mean Daily Pressure on the Square Foot.		
								Number of Hours of Prevalence of each Wind referred to different Points of Azimuth.											
								N.	N.E.	E.	S.E.	S.	S.W.	W.	N.W.				
January.....	in. 0·228	grs. 2·6	grs. 548	° 44·78	6·8	21	in. 2·654	h 26	h 12	h 30	h 122	h 122	h 205	h 122	h 10	h 95	lbs. 0·25	miles. 297	
February....	0·207	2·4	554	43·32	7·5	11	0·812	24	84	91	36	50	146	87	14	140	0·39	315	
March.....	0·231	2·7	546	43·97	7·4	18	2·423	37	27	32	28	60	272	190	25	73	0·71	414	
April.....	0·243	2·8	543	45·76	7·8	20	2·229	54	153	41	48	95	182	68	22	57	0·53	361	
May.....	0·315	3·5	535	51·42	6·2	15	1·157	37	97	23	52	84	213	122	51	65	0·25	269	
June.....	0·345	3·9	533	58·11	6·5	7	0·733	64	30	41	60	23	147	187	85	83	0·32	285	
July.....	0·388	4·3	533	59·58	8·2	13	2·121	154	187	89	22	9	80	73	37	93	0·12	219	
August.....	0·388	4·3	531	60·38	6·6	11	1·669	73	121	108	31	4	78	125	14	190	0·09	202	
September..	0·394	4·4	532	59·41	6·0	12	1·647	26	91	125	87	102	97	51	24	117	0·10	208	
October.....	0·342	3·8	536	56·34	6·4	13	3·423	33	24	65	68	139	176	72	5	162	0·12	204	
November...	0·285	3·3	542	51·68	6·5	17	2·694	29	8	7	33	45	215	276	36	71	0·33	336	
December...	0·218	2·5	553	47·81	7·5	11	0·877	71	81	56	16	14	90	262	102	52	0·41	358	
Sums.....	...	...	...	...	...	169	22·439	628	915	708	603	747	1901	1635	425	1198	...	...
Means.....	0·299	3·4	540	51·88	6·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	289

The greatest recorded pressure of the wind on the square foot in the year was 26·0 lbs. on December 26.
 The greatest recorded daily horizontal movement of the air in the year was 84·5 miles on March 19.
 The least recorded daily horizontal movement of the air in the year was 66 miles on February 12.

MONTHLY MEAN READING of the BAROMETER at every HOUR of the DAY, as deduced from the PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDS.

Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	1913.												Yearly Means.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		
Midnight	in. 29'616	in. 29'977	in. 29'717	in. 29'674	in. 29'737	in. 29'910	in. 29'886	in. 29'881	in. 29'788	in. 29'692	in. 29'728	in. 29'920	in. 29'794	
1 ^h	29'612	29'980	29'715	29'669	29'732	29'906	29'880	29'878	29'785	29'690	29'725	29'914	29'791	
2	29'615	29'979	29'706	29'666	29'730	29'903	29'876	29'875	29'781	29'686	29'723	29'914	29'788	
3	29'615	29'977	29'697	29'666	29'724	29'898	29'872	29'870	29'775	29'682	29'719	29'912	29'784	
4	29'612	29'976	29'692	29'664	29'722	29'898	29'869	29'865	29'771	29'682	29'713	29'905	29'781	
5	29'610	29'980	29'689	29'667	29'725	29'899	29'869	29'866	29'772	29'683	29'711	29'900	29'781	
6	29'613	29'983	29'690	29'673	29'728	29'901	29'870	29'871	29'776	29'685	29'712	29'899	29'783	
7	29'618	29'988	29'692	29'678	29'732	29'905	29'872	29'876	29'780	29'691	29'720	29'900	29'788	
8	29'626	29'997	29'698	29'682	29'735	29'907	29'874	29'878	29'786	29'697	29'727	29'905	29'793	
9	29'634	30'003	29'706	29'684	29'735	29'906	29'875	29'881	29'791	29'701	29'728	29'910	29'796	
10	29'640	30'005	29'710	29'685	29'734	29'903	29'875	29'883	29'793	29'702	29'732	29'920	29'798	
11	29'638	30'008	29'710	29'680	29'730	29'903	29'874	29'879	29'790	29'699	29'734	29'920	29'797	
Noon	29'629	30'003	29'705	29'675	29'724	29'898	29'869	29'875	29'784	29'688	29'726	29'913	29'791	
13 ^h	29'619	29'991	29'698	29'672	29'721	29'894	29'865	29'872	29'781	29'680	29'722	29'907	29'785	
14	29'615	29'981	29'690	29'668	29'717	29'892	29'863	29'867	29'776	29'674	29'718	29'903	29'780	
15	29'614	29'973	29'685	29'663	29'714	29'889	29'859	29'861	29'770	29'669	29'719	29'903	29'777	
16	29'616	29'970	29'680	29'660	29'711	29'887	29'856	29'856	29'766	29'667	29'722	29'908	29'775	
17	29'617	29'973	29'682	29'659	29'710	29'886	29'855	29'854	29'768	29'669	29'729	29'912	29'776	
18	29'618	29'979	29'688	29'664	29'714	29'889	29'856	29'857	29'771	29'677	29'735	29'917	29'780	
19	29'619	29'981	29'694	29'667	29'720	29'895	29'860	29'860	29'779	29'682	29'738	29'922	29'785	
20	29'614	29'984	29'699	29'673	29'730	29'903	29'868	29'870	29'784	29'687	29'739	29'926	29'790	
21	29'612	29'989	29'700	29'679	29'741	29'915	29'878	29'876	29'788	29'692	29'741	29'929	29'795	
22	29'609	29'992	29'701	29'677	29'743	29'920	29'882	29'877	29'788	29'694	29'740	29'931	29'796	
23	29'607	29'995	29'702	29'679	29'743	29'922	29'882	29'877	29'790	29'693	29'738	29'933	29'797	
24	29'606	29'997	29'700	29'678	29'740	29'920	29'879	29'875	29'786	29'692	29'737	29'934	29'795	
Means	0 ^h .-23 ^h .	29'618	29'986	29'698	29'672	29'727	29'901	29'870	29'871	29'781	29'686	29'727	29'913	29'788
	1 ^h .-24 ^h .	29'618	29'987	29'697	29'672	29'727	29'902	29'870	29'871	29'780	29'686	29'727	29'914	29'788
Number of Days employed.	31	28	31	30	31	30	31	31	30	31	30	31	...	

MONTHLY MEAN TEMPERATURE of the AIR at every HOUR of the DAY, as deduced from the PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDS.

Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	1913.												Yearly Means.
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	
Midnight	40°6	39°3	42°2	43°5	49°2	52°6	54°8	55°3	53°5	49°9	47°1	41°6	47°5
1 ^h	40°2	38°9	41°8	42°8	48°4	51°8	54°0	54°7	53°2	49°6	46°6	41°1	46°9
2	39°7	38°4	41°5	42°1	47°7	50°9	53°3	54°1	52°9	49°2	46°3	40°9	46°4
3	39°5	37°9	41°0	41°6	47°1	50°3	53°0	53°6	52°5	49°0	45°8	40°6	46°0
4	39°4	37°5	40°5	41°0	46°6	50°0	52°7	53°2	52°0	48°5	45°6	40°2	45°6
5	39°1	37°5	40°3	41°1	46°7	50°6	52°9	53°3	51°8	48°4	45°2	40°0	45°6
6	38°6	37°6	40°5	41°7	47°9	52°3	53°7	54°0	51°9	48°9	45°2	40°1	46°0
7	38°6	37°9	41°3	43°6	50°5	55°3	55°0	56°0	53°4	49°9	45°5	40°5	47°3
8	39°1	38°8	42°6	46°2	53°8	58°7	56°9	58°8	56°2	51°3	46°3	40°9	49°1
9	39°8	40°2	44°7	48°4	57°2	61°4	58°7	61°4	59°6	53°1	47°3	41°3	51°1
10	41°1	41°8	46°0	50°0	59°4	63°5	60°1	63°3	61°6	54°8	48°7	42°2	52°7
11	42°3	43°2	47°1	51°1	60°9	65°2	61°7	65°0	63°5	57°0	50°4	43°0	54°2
Noon	43°6	44°7	48°3	51°7	62°4	66°3	63°1	66°3	64°5	58°4	52°1	44°1	55°5
13 ^h	44°3	45°5	49°0	52°5	62°9	67°1	63°9	67°3	65°4	59°0	52°7	44°4	56°2
14	44°3	45°4	49°4	52°6	62°8	67°8	64°7	68°0	65°3	58°9	52°4	44°3	56°3
15	43°7	45°1	49°2	52°5	62°6	67°4	64°6	67°6	65°3	58°0	51°7	44°0	55°9
16	43°0	44°5	49°0	51°6	62°0	66°7	64°1	67°0	63°8	56°6	50°8	43°2	55°2
17	42°3	43°3	48°0	50°6	60°9	65°3	63°2	65°5	62°0	54°9	49°7	42°9	54°1
18	42°0	42°1	46°6	49°1	59°4	63°7	62°3	63°8	59°8	53°5	49°1	42°6	52°8
19	41°4	41°4	45°4	47°4	57°2	61°3	61°0	61°7	57°9	52°6	48°5	42°0	51°5
20	40°9	40°8	44°7	46°5	54°7	58°8	59°4	59°7	56°5	51°9	48°2	41°8	50°3
21	40°8	40°3	43°9	45°6	52°7	56°7	58°1	58°2	55°2	51°2	47°9	41°7	49°4
22	40°6	39°9	43°3	44°9	51°2	55°0	56°8	57°0	54°4	50°6	47°6	41°5	48°6
23	40°6	39°7	42°9	44°3	50°1	53°8	55°7	56°1	53°9	50°1	47°4	41°2	48°0
24	40°4	39°3	42°4	43°7	49°2	52°8	54°9	55°4	53°4	49°6	47°2	40°9	47°4
Means	0 ^h .-23 ^h .	41°1	40°9	44°5	46°8	54°8	58°9	58°5	60°0	57°7	52°7	41°9	50°5
	1 ^h .-24 ^h .	41°1	40°9	44°6	46°8	54°8	58°9	58°5	60°0	57°7	52°7	41°9	50°5
Number of Days employed.	31	28	31	30	31	30	31	31	30	31	30	31	...

MONTHLY MEAN TEMPERATURE of EVAPORATION at every HOUR of the DAY, as deduced from the PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORDS.														
Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	1913.												Yearly Means.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		
Midnight	39.6	37.6	40.0	41.5	47.5	50.2	53.3	53.5	52.6	48.9	45.6	39.2	45.8	
1 ^h	39.2	37.3	39.6	41.1	46.9	49.5	52.6	52.9	52.3	48.6	45.2	39.0	45.4	
2	38.8	36.7	39.3	40.5	46.3	49.0	52.1	52.4	52.2	48.3	44.9	38.9	44.9	
3	38.6	36.4	39.1	40.0	45.7	48.6	51.8	52.2	51.8	48.0	44.5	38.7	44.6	
4	38.4	36.0	38.8	39.7	45.4	48.5	51.6	52.0	51.4	47.6	44.2	38.3	44.3	
5	38.0	35.7	38.8	39.7	45.6	48.9	51.7	51.8	51.0	47.4	43.8	38.1	44.2	
6	37.5	35.8	38.9	40.1	46.6	50.2	52.3	52.2	51.2	47.7	43.7	38.3	44.5	
7	37.7	36.1	39.4	41.5	48.3	52.1	53.2	53.6	52.3	48.4	44.0	38.6	45.4	
8	38.2	37.0	40.4	43.2	50.3	54.2	54.3	55.4	54.4	49.8	44.7	38.9	46.7	
9	38.8	38.3	42.2	44.7	52.1	55.6	55.2	57.0	56.6	51.3	45.6	39.4	48.1	
10	39.9	39.3	43.0	45.6	53.3	56.6	56.0	57.8	57.6	52.2	46.6	40.0	49.0	
11	40.9	40.2	43.7	46.1	54.1	57.2	56.6	58.3	58.4	53.4	47.7	40.6	49.8	
Noon	41.7	41.0	44.3	46.3	54.4	57.8	57.2	58.6	58.8	54.2	48.5	41.3	50.3	
1 ^h	42.1	41.3	44.7	46.7	54.6	58.1	57.7	59.1	59.1	54.2	48.7	41.4	50.6	
14	42.1	41.3	44.9	46.8	54.6	58.4	58.0	59.5	58.9	54.2	48.6	41.1	50.7	
15	41.7	41.3	44.8	46.6	54.5	58.3	58.1	59.3	58.8	53.7	48.3	40.9	50.5	
16	41.2	41.0	44.7	46.0	54.2	57.9	58.0	58.9	58.2	53.2	47.8	40.6	50.1	
17	40.7	40.4	44.0	45.6	53.6	57.2	57.8	58.3	57.2	52.4	47.2	40.4	49.6	
18	40.4	39.7	43.2	44.8	52.9	56.3	57.6	57.6	56.4	51.5	46.8	40.3	49.0	
19	40.0	39.2	42.6	44.1	51.8	55.2	56.9	57.1	55.5	50.9	46.5	39.8	48.3	
20	39.7	38.9	42.0	43.5	50.7	54.1	56.1	56.4	54.8	50.5	46.2	39.6	47.7	
21	39.6	38.5	41.4	42.9	49.7	52.9	55.4	55.5	54.0	49.9	46.0	39.5	47.1	
22	39.4	38.2	40.7	42.5	48.8	51.9	54.6	54.8	53.3	49.5	45.8	39.2	46.6	
23	39.5	38.0	40.5	42.1	48.2	51.1	54.0	54.3	52.9	49.1	45.8	38.9	46.2	
24	39.4	37.7	40.2	41.7	47.5	50.4	53.4	53.6	52.5	48.7	45.6	38.6	45.8	
Means	0 ^h .-23 ^h .	39.7	38.6	41.7	43.4	50.4	53.7	55.1	55.8	55.0	50.6	46.1	39.6	47.5
	1 ^h .-24 ^h .	39.7	38.6	41.7	43.4	50.4	53.7	55.1	55.8	55.0	50.6	46.1	39.6	47.5
Number of Days employed.	31	28	31	30	31	30	31	31	30	31	30	31	...	

MONTHLY MEAN TEMPERATURE of the DEW POINT at every HOUR of the DAY, as deduced by GLAISHER'S TABLES from the corresponding AIR and EVAPORATION TEMPERATURES.

Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	1913.												Yearly Means.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		
Midnight	38.4	35.4	37.3	39.1	45.7	47.8	51.8	51.8	51.7	47.9	43.9	36.2	43.9	
1 ^h	37.9	35.2	36.9	39.1	45.3	47.2	51.2	51.2	51.4	47.6	43.7	36.4	43.6	
2	37.6	34.4	36.6	38.5	44.8	47.0	50.9	50.7	51.5	47.3	43.4	36.4	43.3	
3	37.4	34.4	36.7	38.0	44.2	46.8	50.6	50.8	51.1	46.9	43.0	36.3	43.0	
4	37.1	33.9	36.6	38.0	44.1	46.9	50.5	50.8	50.8	46.6	42.6	35.8	42.8	
5	36.6	33.2	36.9	37.9	44.4	47.1	50.5	50.3	50.2	46.3	42.2	35.6	42.6	
6	36.0	33.3	36.9	38.1	45.2	48.1	50.9	50.4	50.5	46.4	41.9	36.0	42.8	
7	36.5	33.7	37.0	39.0	46.0	49.0	51.5	51.3	51.2	46.8	42.3	36.2	43.4	
8	37.0	34.6	37.8	39.8	46.9	50.2	51.9	52.3	52.3	48.3	42.9	36.4	44.2	
9	37.5	35.8	39.3	40.7	47.4	50.6	52.1	53.2	54.0	49.5	43.7	37.0	45.1	
10	38.4	36.2	39.6	41.0	48.0	50.8	52.4	53.2	54.2	49.7	44.4	37.3	45.4	
11	39.2	36.6	39.9	40.9	48.2	50.6	52.2	52.8	54.1	50.1	44.9	37.7	45.6	
Noon	39.5	36.7	39.9	40.8	47.5	50.9	52.2	52.4	54.0	50.4	44.8	38.0	45.6	
1 ^h	39.5	36.5	40.1	40.9	47.5	50.9	52.6	52.6	54.0	49.9	44.7	37.9	45.6	
14	39.5	36.6	40.1	41.0	47.6	51.0	52.4	52.8	53.7	50.0	44.7	37.4	45.6	
15	39.4	36.9	40.1	40.7	47.6	51.1	52.7	52.7	53.7	49.8	44.9	37.3	45.6	
16	39.0	37.0	40.1	40.3	47.5	50.8	52.9	52.4	53.5	50.0	44.7	37.5	45.5	
17	38.8	37.0	39.6	40.4	47.2	50.6	53.3	52.4	53.1	50.0	44.5	37.4	45.4	
18	38.4	36.7	39.4	40.2	47.2	50.1	53.6	52.5	53.4	49.5	44.3	37.5	45.2	
19	38.2	36.5	39.4	40.4	46.9	49.9	53.3	53.1	53.3	49.2	44.3	37.1	45.1	
20	38.2	36.5	38.8	40.1	46.9	49.9	53.2	53.5	53.3	49.1	44.0	36.9	45.0	
21	38.1	36.2	38.5	39.8	46.7	49.4	53.0	53.1	52.8	48.6	43.9	36.8	44.7	
22	37.9	36.0	37.6	39.7	46.3	48.9	52.6	52.8	52.2	48.4	43.8	36.3	44.4	
23	38.1	35.8	37.7	39.5	46.2	48.5	52.4	52.6	51.9	48.0	44.0	36.0	44.2	
24	38.1	35.6	37.5	39.4	45.7	48.0	51.9	51.9	51.6	47.8	43.8	35.7	43.9	
Means	0 ^h .-23 ^h .	38.1	35.6	38.5	39.7	46.5	49.3	52.1	52.2	52.6	48.6	43.8	36.8	44.5
	1 ^h .-24 ^h .	38.1	35.6	38.5	39.8	46.5	49.3	52.1	52.2	52.6	48.6	43.8	36.8	44.5

READINGS OF THERMOMETERS on the ORDINARY STAND in the MAGNETIC PAVILION ENCLOSURE—continued.
(The readings of the maximum and minimum thermometers apply to the twenty-four hours ending at 21^h.)

Table with columns for Days of the Month, Dry-Bulb Thermometers (4 ft. above the Ground), and Wet-Bulb Thermometer (4 ft. above the Ground). It is divided into four sections: MAY, JUNE, JULY, and AUGUST. Each section contains daily temperature readings for 31 days, including maximum, minimum, and hourly values (9h, Noon, 15h, 21h). Mean values are provided at the bottom of each section.

READINGS of THERMOMETERS on the ORDINARY STAND in the MAGNETIC PAVILION ENCLOSURE—concluded.

(The readings of the maximum and minimum thermometers apply to the twenty-four hours ending at 21^h.)

Days of the Month.	Dry-Bulb Thermometers, 4 ft. above the Ground.						Wet-Bulb Thermometer, 4 ft. above the Ground.				Days of the Month.	Dry-Bulb Thermometers, 4 ft. above the Ground.						Wet-Bulb Thermometer, 4 ft. above the Ground.			
	Maximum.	Minimum.	9 ^h	Noon.	15 ^h	21 ^h	9 ^h	Noon.	15 ^h	21 ^h		Maximum.	Minimum.	9 ^h	Noon.	15 ^h	21 ^h	9 ^h	Noon.	15 ^h	21 ^h
SEPTEMBER.										NOVEMBER.											
d										d											
1	58.7	54.4	55.3	57.6	56.1	56.0	54.8	55.6	55.3	55.4	1	58.0	43.6	48.1	54.9	55.3	46.6	48.0	51.5	51.1	45.7
2	63.0	55.2	59.0	60.5	61.4	56.6	58.4	59.6	60.3	56.0	2	59.2	46.2	55.5	58.0	56.7	54.6	54.2	53.2	52.8	51.8
3	67.8	53.5	58.9	63.5	65.5	61.2	56.4	59.3	60.6	59.8	3	56.3	45.1	49.6	54.5	53.3	49.8	45.7	48.4	48.3	46.8
4	68.0	59.4	62.3	64.9	64.2	61.9	58.8	60.5	59.8	60.3	4	56.7	36.1	40.4	55.9	55.6	50.6	40.3	50.7	50.9	48.0
5	65.1	59.1	62.0	63.7	59.5	59.5	59.0	60.3	58.9	58.9	5	56.1	44.6	50.9	52.4	53.9	44.7	49.8	47.4	47.8	42.7
6	65.5	56.6	59.7	62.8	64.0	57.1	57.8	59.4	59.8	54.6	6	53.0	39.1	46.1	48.7	48.6	44.2	44.6	45.1	45.0	43.2
7	69.0	52.7	60.9	65.8	66.2	54.4	56.5	58.0	58.4	51.3	7	51.1	40.1	44.2	47.8	50.4	42.3	42.4	44.0	45.3	40.8
8	69.8	50.7	59.6	66.2	68.1	52.3	55.8	58.4	58.6	52.0	8	54.0	37.5	47.4	53.2	51.6	44.0	47.0	50.0	45.2	41.9
9	67.8	46.2	57.1	63.9	59.6	52.3	53.5	59.2	58.6	50.4	9	55.0	36.0	40.5	53.7	51.7	49.6	40.2	49.9	49.1	49.3
10	64.3	45.3	55.1	61.4	61.8	49.2	50.0	53.4	54.4	48.4	10	56.5	47.4	53.9	55.8	54.8	51.1	53.0	53.9	53.8	51.0
11	71.1	47.9	60.8	65.0	70.1	59.1	56.7	59.8	62.8	57.4	11	59.1	44.1	50.6	57.5	57.2	54.3	50.4	54.6	53.7	51.4
12	71.0	54.8	63.1	67.3	66.0	54.8	59.9	61.4	60.2	54.1	12	57.0	49.7	55.3	54.6	53.8	49.8	52.3	51.3	51.4	48.9
13	71.6	49.1	65.0	68.1	67.8	56.3	58.8	59.1	59.9	54.3	13	49.9	41.9	42.8	43.4	46.7	48.6	41.8	42.1	44.8	46.7
14	66.3	48.1	60.6	63.8	63.3	48.4	53.9	54.0	54.3	47.3	14	53.2	44.0	45.5	53.1	49.6	44.4	44.8	48.8	43.6	41.8
15	64.2	45.1	61.7	62.8	60.2	46.7	55.1	54.9	54.6	46.2	15	51.8	41.1	43.6	49.1	49.4	47.8	41.4	43.6	44.7	44.9
16	65.8	43.0	60.4	62.6	60.6	52.5	56.5	55.0	55.6	51.4	16	53.8	43.9	46.8	52.2	52.7	51.8	44.4	48.0	48.1	48.0
17	66.0	50.1	55.4	59.8	60.3	50.4	53.7	55.5	55.9	50.0	17	59.5	51.1	55.5	58.3	55.8	54.2	53.6	53.0	50.9	52.7
18	65.8	45.3	53.7	58.7	64.6	50.3	53.6	56.2	58.7	50.0	18	58.6	47.2	54.9	57.3	54.5	47.6	52.3	52.4	53.4	43.2
19	70.9	42.1	57.6	66.5	65.8	54.6	55.8	59.6	59.2	53.6	19	50.1	39.9	41.6	48.6	47.6	44.7	38.8	43.6	42.9	41.9
20	61.2	53.9	55.7	57.1	59.8	54.8	52.9	52.9	52.9	51.3	20	54.0	44.5	50.8	53.0	52.6	52.3	46.6	48.8	49.8	51.0
21	67.0	51.4	56.8	62.7	64.6	53.3	54.9	57.4	58.4	53.2	21	54.2	46.6	52.8	52.7	52.1	46.8	50.0	51.3	51.2	45.4
22	66.3	46.0	58.1	63.8	62.8	55.3	56.3	57.8	57.2	54.5	22	47.5	32.7	41.4	45.3	45.4	32.8	38.4	41.3	40.7	32.6
23	64.1	52.4	56.9	61.1	62.7	57.6	56.3	58.8	58.0	56.0	23	46.0	27.6	33.0	44.2	44.7	44.7	31.8	43.1	44.2	44.3
24	71.6	51.0	63.8	70.5	69.0	59.6	59.0	60.4	60.2	55.5	24	50.0	39.1	44.6	46.6	46.0	41.2	42.4	45.7	43.7	39.3
25	72.5	49.6	60.6	70.0	70.8	57.8	57.1	63.1	63.2	57.8	25	51.5	38.2	42.1	49.1	48.8	50.8	41.1	45.0	45.4	49.5
26	77.4	55.3	64.2	72.8	74.5	60.7	61.9	66.7	66.1	60.3	26	55.5	45.1	51.1	53.6	53.9	45.7	49.3	51.3	51.0	41.8
27	75.0	56.2	66.6	72.8	73.8	56.2	62.7	65.4	61.0	54.8	27	51.6	37.2	41.0	46.9	49.9	50.4	39.2	44.5	47.8	49.7
28	70.9	50.3	60.6	68.2	69.3	54.7	57.1	62.1	62.6	54.6	28	55.8	47.3	50.9	55.4	52.7	47.8	49.6	52.8	50.8	46.5
29	69.0	49.4	57.6	67.5	67.4	56.2	57.5	61.4	60.0	55.5	29	57.0	42.6	45.5	51.9	54.2	50.3	44.8	49.6	51.0	48.8
30	67.8	53.1	58.4	64.2	66.6	57.6	57.3	57.3	57.4	55.8	30	54.0	50.1	51.7	53.8	52.7	52.2	50.2	50.4	49.8	49.4
Means	67.8	50.9	59.6	64.5	64.9	55.2	56.6	58.8	58.8	54.0	Means	54.2	42.3	47.3	52.1	51.7	47.9	45.6	48.5	48.3	46.0
OCTOBER.										DECEMBER.											
d										d											
1	66.6	54.1	60.4	64.7	62.7	56.4	57.8	58.4	57.4	55.0	1	52.3	47.5	51.7	49.9	49.9	47.9	49.6	49.2	48.1	44.8
2	66.1	54.3	61.9	64.3	62.6	56.1	57.8	59.7	59.0	55.7	2	53.2	46.0	47.2	51.1	52.8	50.3	46.9	49.6	50.5	46.8
3	67.0	48.1	54.4	64.2	65.4	52.5	54.2	58.1	58.5	51.9	3	53.4	49.1	50.8	52.9	52.0	52.3	47.3	48.8	49.1	49.0
4	67.3	48.1	54.6	61.8	63.1	53.8	54.4	58.4	57.5	53.4	4	52.5	36.9	40.3	42.7	43.2	38.7	37.5	39.0	37.9	36.4
5	61.2	46.4	56.6	59.6	56.8	52.2	56.1	56.0	53.8	49.0	5	47.6	35.0	44.9	44.5	41.8	37.7	41.8	42.6	38.8	36.9
6	63.2	42.7	56.7	63.1	58.2	52.3	52.0	55.6	52.7	50.3	6	43.6	37.1	41.2	42.8	43.2	40.9	39.4	40.5	40.3	38.8
7	63.0	48.9	54.0	57.1	62.4	53.1	53.6	56.1	56.5	52.0	7	43.0	36.9	38.8	41.4	41.6	40.8	37.8	39.0	38.8	39.8
8	61.4	50.7	54.6	57.8	56.9	53.5	53.4	54.9	53.7	51.7	8	54.5	40.5	47.4	51.9	52.6	52.1	46.3	49.4	50.0	50.8
9	61.0	45.1	54.1	56.6	57.4	47.5	50.5	50.9	50.8	46.1	9	54.6	46.9	52.8	54.2	53.2	48.2	51.1	49.9	49.8	44.4
10	59.8	42.1	52.3	59.1	56.0	50.5	48.6	51.8	49.8	47.0	10	49.0	42.1	45.1	47.7	48.6	47.1	42.3	44.4	44.8	44.1
11	54.0	45.0	50.7	53.2	51.8	50.3	49.1	51.8	51.7	50.0	11	47.3	38.8	43.7	46.4	46.4	44.6	42.0	43.4	42.8	41.7
12	63.9	46.2	49.2	59.2	63.6	51.8	48.9	54.7	57.1	51.6	12	54.5	44.1	51.4	53.6	52.5	47.9	49.0	51.4	48.0	43.7
13	64.2	44.1	51.2	61.8	60.8	49.7	50.4	58.7	56.9	49.6	13	48.6	38.6	39.8	44.8	44.7	39.8	38.7	40.9	40.0	37.8
14	61.8	46.0	54.6	60.9	58.7	53.7	52.7	55.8	53.8	51.8	14	44.6	38.0	39.6	43.0	43.2	43.0	37.4	40.2	40.2	40.4
15	58.0	53.2	54.8	55.9	57.2	53.8	51.3	50.8	51.9	51.1	15	50.5	41.1	47.2	49.7	50.5	48.1	46.3	48.0	48.3	45.8
16	62.4	45.9	54.1	59.4	58.7	45.9	51.9	53.8	54.3	45.9	16	49.2	44.2	44.9	46.8	47.1	46.2	41.0	41.9	41.8	41.8
17	61.2	38.9	49.6	57.9	59.3	43.7	49.3	53.0	53.1	43.4	17	47.5	44.0	44.4	46.8	46.6	44.1	42.4	44.5	42.6	41.6
18	63.2	41.2	52.2	59.8	60.1	47.6	51.1	53.0	54.3	46.9	18	44.8	36.1	42.7	43.8	42.6	36.5	41.4	41.4	38.7	34.8
19	61.0	43.1	53.8	58.7	55.6	53.3	51.5	54.5	52.3	52.4	19	42.2	32.1	35.2	40.2	41.6	41.9	32.3	37.9	39.8	40.4
20	61.9	53.1	58.6	60.1	58.6	57.1	55.6	55.7	55.6	56.5	20	43.1	36.8	38.2	41.8	41.1	40.8	36.1	38.7	38.0	38.4
21	57.7	46.1	51.6	52.6	49.8	46.4	51.0	51.7	46.6	46.0	21	42.1	31.2	40.8	41.8	39.7	31.9	38.0	38.5	36.7	31.5
22	59.2	40.5	48.8	56.6	55.2	41.8	46.5	50.2	49.8	41.8	22	38.5	30.8	35.7	36.8	37.3	36.1	34.0	34.5	35.0	35.0
23	53.4	36.1	43.2	50.4	52.6	43.8	43.0	48.4	47.8	42.8	23	40.5	31.3	34.7	39.7	39.2	37.5	34.5	38.6	38.8	36.9
24	55.2	38.1	42.0	50.9	48.2	38.2	41.4	48.3	46.9	38.0	24	40.2	32.1	33.2	38.6	39.6	36.5	32.4	35.6	36.4	33.4
25	60.2	37.1	42.8	57.6	58.1	53.1	42.8	53.7	54.6	52.4	25	44.9	30.2	33.8	40.1	41.8	44.7	32.2	37.3	39.0	42.9
26	56.2	47.3	51.8	54.6	55.8	53.3	51.8	54.6	55.8	52.1	26	51.0	44.2	47.9	50.2	50.6	48.6	44.8	46.1	46.4	46.0

EXCESS of MEAN MONTHLY READINGS of THERMOMETERS placed in a STEVENSON'S SCREEN above those of the corresponding THERMOMETERS on the adjacent ORDINARY STAND in the MAGNETIC PAVILION ENCLOSURE in the YEAR 1913.

(The readings of the maximum and minimum thermometers apply to the twenty-four hours ending at 21^h.)

MONTH, 1913.	Dry Bulb Thermometers, 4 ft. above the Ground.						Wet Bulb Thermometer, 4 ft. above the Ground.			
	Maximum.	Minimum.	9 ^h	Noon.	15 ^h	21 ^h	9 ^h	Noon.	15 ^h	21 ^h
January	- 0.1	+ 0.6	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.3
February	- 0.4	+ 0.6	+ 0.1	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 0.3
March	- 0.8	+ 0.6	- 0.1	- 0.1	0.0	+ 0.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.3
April	- 1.2	+ 0.6	- 0.3	- 0.3	- 0.3	+ 0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	+ 0.4
May	- 2.2	+ 0.8	- 0.5	- 0.6	- 0.6	+ 0.5	- 0.1	- 0.1	- 0.1	+ 0.6
June	- 2.7	+ 0.9	- 0.4	- 0.7	- 0.8	+ 0.5	- 0.3	- 0.4	- 0.4	+ 0.2
July	- 2.0	+ 0.5	- 0.5	- 0.3	- 0.3	+ 0.2	- 0.4	- 0.3	- 0.2	+ 0.1
August	- 1.8	+ 0.7	- 0.3	- 0.2	- 0.3	+ 0.4	- 0.3	- 0.1	- 0.2	+ 0.2
September	- 1.2	+ 0.7	- 0.2	- 0.1	- 0.1	+ 0.4	- 0.1	- 0.1	0.0	+ 0.3
October	- 0.3	+ 0.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.5	+ 0.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.3
November	- 0.1	+ 0.5	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.4	+ 0.5	+ 0.5
December	- 0.2	+ 0.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.4	+ 0.5	+ 0.4
Means	- 1.1	+ 0.6	- 0.1	- 0.1	- 0.1	+ 0.3	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.3

AMOUNT of RAIN COLLECTED in each MONTH of the YEAR 1913.

MONTH 1913.	Number of Rainy Days (of 0.05 or over).	Monthly Amount of Rain collected in each Gauge.							
		Self- registering Gauge of Osler's Anemometer.	Second Gauge at Osler's Anemometer.	On the roof of the Octagon Room.	On the roof of the Magnetic Observatory.	On the roof of the Photographic Thermometer Shed.	Gauges partly sunk in the ground.		
							In Magnetic Pavilion Enclosure.	In Observatory Grounds.	In Magnetic Pavilion Enclosure.
No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	No. 6.	No. 7.	No. 8.		
January	21	1.585	1.570	2.039	2.214	2.509	2.654	2.468	2.616
February	11	0.388	0.433	0.638	0.704	0.782	0.812	0.796	0.791
March	18	1.036	0.853	1.637	1.827	2.250	2.423	2.305	2.414
April	20	1.124	1.020	1.572	1.858	2.071	2.229	2.128	2.148
May	15	0.835	0.829	1.054	1.100	1.165	1.157	1.172	1.142
June	7	0.512	0.502	0.675	0.725	0.771	0.733	0.771	0.721
July	13	1.383	1.427	1.923	2.052	2.118	2.121	2.106	2.107
August	11	1.133	1.138	1.383	1.558	1.598	1.669	1.610	1.660
September	12	1.109	1.253	1.497	1.621	1.678	1.647	1.633	1.641
October	13	2.556	2.541	3.033	3.290	3.450	3.423	3.421	3.443
November	17	1.737	1.750	2.199	2.393	2.605	2.694	2.646	2.756
December	11	0.385	0.329	0.585	0.624	0.789	0.877	0.789	0.857
Sums	169	13.783	13.645	18.235	19.966	21.786	22.439	21.845	22.296
Height of receiving Surface	} above the ground	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.
		50.8	50.8	38.4	21.6	10.0	0.5	0.5	1.0
} above mean sea level	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.	ft. in.
	205.6	205.6	193.2	176.4	164.10	149.6	155.3	150.1	

MEAN HOURLY MEASURES of the HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT of the AIR in each MONTH, and GREATEST and LEAST HOURLY MEASURES, as derived from the RECORDS of ROBINSON'S ANEMOMETER.

Hour ending	1913.												Mean for the Year.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		
h	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	
1	10·8	12·9	15·5	13·5	8·9	10·0	8·1	7·0	7·6	8·4	13·1	14·5	10·9	
2	10·6	12·3	16·1	13·6	9·3	9·7	8·0	7·5	6·9	8·4	12·9	14·0	10·8	
3	10·7	12·0	16·4	13·4	9·3	8·7	8·3	7·3	7·4	8·4	13·2	13·9	10·7	
4	11·3	12·2	16·4	13·5	8·8	9·5	7·8	6·7	7·8	7·6	13·3	13·7	10·7	
5	11·4	11·6	15·8	12·3	8·9	9·3	8·2	6·9	7·4	6·8	12·6	13·7	10·4	
6	11·5	11·8	16·2	12·4	8·7	9·8	8·3	7·0	7·2	6·8	13·2	13·0	10·5	
7	11·6	11·0	16·0	12·7	8·3	10·5	8·3	6·8	7·4	6·8	13·7	13·0	10·5	
8	12·2	12·2	16·7	14·1	9·5	11·5	8·9	8·2	7·7	6·6	13·1	13·3	11·2	
9	12·7	12·0	16·7	15·4	10·6	11·7	9·5	8·5	8·1	6·9	13·6	14·1	11·6	
10	11·9	13·1	18·8	16·8	11·3	11·9	8·9	8·6	9·2	7·6	14·2	14·6	12·2	
11	12·3	14·8	19·4	16·8	11·7	12·6	8·7	9·3	10·0	8·4	14·9	15·3	12·9	
Noon.	13·2	15·3	19·6	17·2	12·8	12·9	9·1	9·9	10·7	9·4	16·5	15·5	13·5	
13 ^h	13·9	15·1	19·7	17·6	14·4	13·8	9·9	9·7	10·5	9·4	17·3	17·1	14·0	
14	14·6	15·6	19·9	18·4	14·5	14·2	10·4	10·5	11·4	9·7	17·1	17·4	14·5	
15	13·8	15·1	19·6	17·5	14·5	14·1	11·0	9·9	10·7	9·9	15·6	16·5	14·0	
16	13·0	14·4	19·7	16·9	14·7	14·9	10·7	9·9	10·1	9·7	14·8	15·6	13·7	
17	12·9	13·6	18·3	16·8	14·4	14·9	10·3	9·8	9·9	9·0	13·4	15·3	13·2	
18	13·6	12·6	18·1	17·5	13·6	15·0	10·2	9·5	9·4	9·5	13·0	16·3	13·2	
19	13·0	12·8	16·1	15·8	12·6	14·1	9·4	9·0	8·2	9·1	13·3	15·2	12·4	
20	12·7	13·1	15·6	14·3	11·7	12·8	8·8	9·1	8·2	9·5	13·9	14·7	12·0	
21	12·5	13·5	16·4	14·3	11·1	11·4	9·7	8·8	8·5	9·4	13·8	15·5	12·1	
22	12·9	12·7	16·1	13·5	10·4	11·0	9·1	7·7	8·2	9·4	13·4	15·4	11·6	
23	12·2	12·9	15·4	13·5	9·4	10·5	8·9	7·5	7·8	9·0	13·0	15·5	11·3	
Midnight.	11·4	12·3	15·8	13·3	9·3	10·3	8·7	7·3	7·6	8·6	13·2	14·8	11·1	
Means	12·4	13·1	17·3	15·0	11·2	11·9	9·1	8·4	8·7	8·5	14·0	14·9	12·0	
Greatest Hourly Measures.	(1)	37	42	51	36	29	35	24	24	23	25	33	42	...
	(2)	29	32	38	28	23	27	20	20	19	21	26	32	...

(1) Deduced from the motion of the cups by the formula $V=3v$;
 (2) " " " " " " " " $V=2v+4$;
 where v is the hourly motion of the cups in miles. See Introduction.

MEAN ELECTRICAL POTENTIAL of the ATMOSPHERE, from THOMSON'S ELECTROMETER, for each CIVIL DAY.

(Each result is the mean of Twenty-four Hourly Ordinates from the Photographic Register. The scale employed is arbitrary: the sign + indicates positive potential.)

1913.

Day of Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
d												
1	+ 616	+ 377	+ 859	+ 574	+ 669	+ 544	+ 720	+ 306	+ 92	+ 156	+ 359	+ 352
2	+ 665	+ 685	+ 556	+ 690	+ 738	+ 615	+ 723	+ 399	...	+ 80	+ 211	...
3	+ 525	+ 535	+ 453	+ 408	+ 332	+ 598	+ 768	+ 348	...	+ 213	+ 443	...
4	+ 319	+ 608	+ 556	+ 388	+ 160	+ 591	+ 615	+ 250	...	+ 231	+ 510	+ 490
5	+ 302	+ 688	+ 619	+ 569	+ 549	+ 556	+ 543	+ 557	...	+ 238	+ 407	+ 643
6	+ 375	+ 652	+ 566	...	+ 679	+ 594	+ 435	+ 779	+ 100	+ 255	+ 473	+ 398
7	+ 480	+ 377	+ 775	+ 780	+ 739	+ 625	+ 706	+ 622	+ 168	+ 139	+ 656	+ 386
8	+ 458	+ 789	+ 1119	+ 1053	+ 354	+ 506	+ 1042	+ 385	+ 246	+ 74	+ 621	+ 182
9	+ 559	+ 414	+ 850	+ 1036	+ 545	+ 706	+ 574	+ 669	+ 320	+ 305	+ 451	+ 133
10	+ 583	+ 780	+ 529	+ 822	+ 466	+ 482	+ 438	...	+ 518	+ 240	+ 96	+ 469
11	+ 77	+ 888	+ 712	+ 233	+ 432	+ 850	+ 722	...	+ 263	+ 115	+ 152	+ 499
12	+ 907	+ 1017	+ 704	+ 968	+ 347	+ 829	+ 423	+ 441	+ 185	+ 132	+ 111	+ 334
13	+ 64	+ 959	+ 695	+ 952	+ 371	+ 566	+ 387	+ 408	+ 233	+ 128	+ 218	+ 615
14	+ 804	+ 908	+ 378	+ 490	+ 542	+ 300	+ 433	+ 560	+ 206	+ 190	...	+ 585
15	+ 328	+ 744	+ 808	+ 826	+ 490	+ 371	+ 297	+ 252	+ 318	+ 299	+ 494	+ 316
16	...	+ 893	+ 212	+ 530	+ 558	+ 445	+ 355	+ 410	+ 342	+ 255	+ 383	+ 486
17	+ 713	+ 832	+ 630	+ 1109	+ 1042	+ 518	+ 318	+ 229	+ 284	+ 296	+ 213	+ 382
18	+ 905	+ 905	+ 1075	+ 675	+ 915	+ 519	+ 325	+ 469	+ 279	+ 302	+ 236	+ 505
19	+ 496	+ 1082	+ 687	+ 740	+ 1283	+ 795	+ 438	+ 572	+ 300	+ 204	+ 612	+ 553
20	+ 407	+ 1218	+ 919	...	...	+ 834	+ 408	+ 654	+ 383	+ 95	+ 334	+ 605
21	+ 635	+ 1118	...	...	...	+ 652	+ 572	+ 552	+ 224	+ 133	+ 178	+ 717
22	+ 795	+ 889	+ 250	+ 284	+ 932	+ 333	+ 542	+ 292	+ 210	+ 335	+ 701	+ 790
23	+ 500	+ 855	+ 460	+ 519	+ 680	+ 413	+ 556	+ 389	+ 170	+ 436	+ 581	+ 317
24	+ 457	+ 885	+ 655	+ 643	+ 530	+ 697	+ 333	+ 455	+ 167	+ 375	+ 408	+ 870
25	+ 642	+ 825	+ 578	+ 332	+ 244	+ 722	+ 389	+ 443	+ 155	+ 259	+ 433	+ 826
26	+ 947	+ 569	+ 521	+ 366	+ 226	+ 927	+ 394	+ 269	+ 108	+ 102	+ 365	+ 268
27	+ 927	+ 815	+ 605	+ 277	+ 419	+ 1017	+ 220	+ 310	+ 153	+ 106	+ 472	+ 508
28	+ 635	+ 985	+ 324	+ 306	+ 537	+ 890	+ 280	+ 273	+ 179	+ 98	+ 309	+ 749
29	+ 570		+ 455	+ 336	+ 505	+ 485	+ 310	+ 184	+ 190	+ 174	+ 359	+ 805
30	+ 552		+ 439	+ 497	+ 542	+ 615	+ 357	+ 82	+ 197	+ 214	+ 232	+ 1032
31	+ 835		+ 717		+ 721		+ 324	+ 85		+ 406		+ 1225
Means	+ 603	+ 796	+ 624	+ 608	+ 571	+ 620	+ 482	+ 402	+ 230	+ 212	+ 380	+ 553

MONTHLY MEAN ELECTRICAL POTENTIAL of the ATMOSPHERE, from THOMSON'S ELECTROMETER,
at every HOUR of the DAY.

(The results depend on the Photographic Register, using all days of complete record. The scale employed is arbitrary :
the sign + indicates positive potential.)

Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	1913.												Yearly Means.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		
Midnight	+ 540	+ 741	+ 630	+ 546	+ 506	+ 622	+ 463	+ 414	+ 222	+ 204	+ 309	+ 538	+ 478	
1 ^h	+ 523	+ 712	+ 541	+ 479	+ 456	+ 545	+ 425	+ 381	+ 196	+ 194	+ 304	+ 481	+ 436	
2	+ 503	+ 703	+ 473	+ 477	+ 444	+ 498	+ 368	+ 339	+ 179	+ 187	+ 307	+ 428	+ 409	
3	+ 457	+ 696	+ 438	+ 503	+ 446	+ 482	+ 360	+ 330	+ 168	+ 180	+ 285	+ 411	+ 396	
4	+ 424	+ 695	+ 423	+ 527	+ 415	+ 466	+ 359	+ 324	+ 171	+ 164	+ 268	+ 412	+ 387	
5	+ 456	+ 694	+ 423	+ 552	+ 432	+ 456	+ 358	+ 304	+ 166	+ 170	+ 286	+ 414	+ 393	
6	+ 512	+ 686	+ 455	+ 610	+ 473	+ 534	+ 377	+ 317	+ 172	+ 186	+ 321	+ 430	+ 423	
7	+ 481	+ 727	+ 546	+ 643	+ 535	+ 605	+ 398	+ 350	+ 177	+ 184	+ 335	+ 459	+ 453	
8	+ 518	+ 823	+ 638	+ 660	+ 594	+ 645	+ 405	+ 369	+ 192	+ 189	+ 361	+ 513	+ 492	
9	+ 610	+ 922	+ 702	+ 699	+ 651	+ 719	+ 488	+ 438	+ 222	+ 182	+ 402	+ 568	+ 550	
10	+ 695	+ 948	+ 714	+ 723	+ 693	+ 774	+ 608	+ 494	+ 276	+ 247	+ 453	+ 604	+ 602	
11	+ 748	+ 900	+ 678	+ 709	+ 660	+ 717	+ 619	+ 486	+ 256	+ 228	+ 430	+ 609	+ 587	
Noon	+ 741	+ 814	+ 653	+ 665	+ 577	+ 658	+ 589	+ 454	+ 233	+ 198	+ 430	+ 621	+ 553	
13 ^h	+ 692	+ 731	+ 618	+ 601	+ 547	+ 596	+ 552	+ 400	+ 227	+ 168	+ 440	+ 584	+ 513	
14	+ 647	+ 685	+ 612	+ 567	+ 539	+ 567	+ 503	+ 377	+ 204	+ 164	+ 411	+ 564	+ 487	
15	+ 628	+ 725	+ 634	+ 590	+ 548	+ 550	+ 474	+ 382	+ 207	+ 201	+ 417	+ 593	+ 496	
16	+ 666	+ 806	+ 658	+ 635	+ 564	+ 558	+ 509	+ 389	+ 264	+ 247	+ 439	+ 617	+ 529	
17	+ 709	+ 887	+ 709	+ 663	+ 632	+ 634	+ 530	+ 405	+ 304	+ 266	+ 440	+ 633	+ 568	
18	+ 695	+ 916	+ 752	+ 619	+ 683	+ 677	+ 507	+ 422	+ 287	+ 263	+ 456	+ 631	+ 576	
19	+ 664	+ 914	+ 746	+ 543	+ 689	+ 697	+ 524	+ 444	+ 278	+ 265	+ 426	+ 619	+ 567	
20	+ 673	+ 887	+ 730	+ 563	+ 686	+ 702	+ 542	+ 454	+ 287	+ 270	+ 412	+ 623	+ 569	
21	+ 645	+ 853	+ 734	+ 640	+ 701	+ 750	+ 574	+ 462	+ 300	+ 258	+ 432	+ 648	+ 583	
22	+ 640	+ 835	+ 740	+ 701	+ 646	+ 746	+ 545	+ 460	+ 287	+ 250	+ 398	+ 642	+ 574	
23	+ 594	+ 806	+ 718	+ 668	+ 575	+ 676	+ 494	+ 442	+ 255	+ 235	+ 359	+ 630	+ 538	
24	+ 542	+ 742	+ 654	+ 550	+ 508	+ 611	+ 459	+ 402	+ 227	+ 211	+ 303	+ 599	+ 484	
Means	0 ^h .-23 ^h .	+ 603	+ 796	+ 624	+ 608	+ 571	+ 620	+ 482	+ 402	+ 230	+ 212	+ 380	+ 553	+ 507
	1 ^h .-24 ^h .	+ 603	+ 796	+ 625	+ 608	+ 571	+ 619	+ 482	+ 401	+ 231	+ 213	+ 380	+ 556	+ 507
Number of Days employed.	30	28	30	27	29	30	31	29	26	31	29	29	...	

MONTHLY MEAN ELECTRICAL POTENTIAL of the ATMOSPHERE, from THOMSON'S ELECTROMETER, on RAINY DAYS,
at every HOUR of the DAY.

(The results depend on the Photographic Register, using all days on which the rainfall amounted to or exceeded 0ⁱⁿ.020.
The scale employed is arbitrary : the sign + indicates positive potential.)

Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	1913.												Yearly Means.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		
Midnight	+ 572	+ 727	+ 536	+ 435	+ 336	+ 670	+ 503	+ 325	+ 228	+ 185	+ 233	+ 386	+ 428	
1 ^h	+ 553	+ 686	+ 439	+ 362	+ 315	+ 564	+ 433	+ 292	+ 209	+ 163	+ 226	+ 316	+ 380	
2	+ 520	+ 669	+ 374	+ 368	+ 371	+ 468	+ 369	+ 281	+ 200	+ 152	+ 199	+ 249	+ 352	
3	+ 449	+ 646	+ 341	+ 406	+ 426	+ 500	+ 354	+ 274	+ 182	+ 138	+ 155	+ 243	+ 343	
4	+ 406	+ 633	+ 312	+ 422	+ 344	+ 480	+ 342	+ 246	+ 183	+ 115	+ 131	+ 261	+ 323	
5	+ 439	+ 572	+ 305	+ 448	+ 329	+ 218	+ 338	+ 200	+ 172	+ 130	+ 195	+ 252	+ 300	
6	+ 510	+ 502	+ 342	+ 518	+ 346	+ 374	+ 357	+ 233	+ 181	+ 153	+ 239	+ 279	+ 336	
7	+ 443	+ 537	+ 460	+ 563	+ 383	+ 478	+ 389	+ 296	+ 202	+ 154	+ 225	+ 286	+ 368	
8	+ 462	+ 704	+ 554	+ 598	+ 414	+ 524	+ 415	+ 324	+ 219	+ 147	+ 236	+ 343	+ 412	
9	+ 548	+ 842	+ 594	+ 631	+ 430	+ 612	+ 505	+ 392	+ 259	+ 145	+ 278	+ 364	+ 467	
10	+ 628	+ 886	+ 579	+ 649	+ 465	+ 712	+ 644	+ 440	+ 319	+ 220	+ 299	+ 382	+ 519	
11	+ 725	+ 804	+ 553	+ 643	+ 500	+ 632	+ 662	+ 418	+ 314	+ 192	+ 285	+ 398	+ 511	
Noon	+ 756	+ 671	+ 585	+ 640	+ 402	+ 600	+ 631	+ 397	+ 288	+ 166	+ 283	+ 407	+ 485	
13 ^h	+ 706	+ 532	+ 574	+ 575	+ 408	+ 586	+ 607	+ 340	+ 283	+ 133	+ 346	+ 350	+ 453	
14	+ 648	+ 413	+ 572	+ 537	+ 432	+ 578	+ 522	+ 310	+ 260	+ 136	+ 340	+ 325	+ 423	
15	+ 595	+ 443	+ 619	+ 564	+ 419	+ 410	+ 432	+ 294	+ 240	+ 173	+ 358	+ 350	+ 408	
16	+ 601	+ 541	+ 658	+ 614	+ 448	+ 298	+ 524	+ 315	+ 319	+ 226	+ 399	+ 406	+ 446	
17	+ 664	+ 630	+ 704	+ 632	+ 555	+ 538	+ 582	+ 336	+ 396	+ 235	+ 367	+ 496	+ 511	
18	+ 663	+ 677	+ 718	+ 551	+ 634	+ 670	+ 525	+ 343	+ 319	+ 230	+ 379	+ 544	+ 521	
19	+ 614	+ 688	+ 678	+ 410	+ 626	+ 800	+ 517	+ 377	+ 300	+ 230	+ 321	+ 495	+ 505	
20	+ 650	+ 667	+ 641	+ 428	+ 574	+ 816	+ 541	+ 405	+ 343	+ 237	+ 343	+ 528	+ 514	
21	+ 582	+ 643	+ 661	+ 544	+ 617	+ 900	+ 607	+ 383	+ 368	+ 227	+ 379	+ 547	+ 538	
22	+ 599	+ 702	+ 681	+ 653	+ 533	+ 978	+ 621	+ 364	+ 360	+ 212	+ 346	+ 556	+ 550	
23	+ 578	+ 742	+ 680	+ 636	+ 439	+ 860	+ 571	+ 334	+ 306	+ 198	+ 309	+ 563	+ 518	
24	+ 551	+ 667	+ 638	+ 493	+ 388	+ 796	+ 549	+ 305	+ 271	+ 177	+ 232	+ 518	+ 465	
Means	0 ^h .-23 ^h .	+ 580	+ 648	+ 548	+ 534	+ 448	+ 594	+ 500	+ 330	+ 269	+ 179	+ 286	+ 389	+ 442
	1 ^h .-24 ^h .	+ 579	+ 646	+ 553	+ 537	+ 450	+ 600	+ 502	+ 329	+ 271	+ 179	+ 286	+ 394	+ 444
Number of Days employed.	17	10	17	18	10	5	11	8	9	12	10	8	...	

MONTHLY MEAN ELECTRICAL POTENTIAL of the ATMOSPHERE, from THOMSON'S ELECTROMETER, on NON-RAINY DAYS,
at every HOUR of the DAY.

(The results depend on the Photographic Register, using only those days on which no rainfall was recorded. The scale employed is arbitrary: the sign + indicates positive potential.)

Hour, Greenwich Civil Time.	1913.												Yearly Means.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.		
Midnight	+ 552	+ 765	+ 815	+ 850	+ 509	+ 574	+ 461	+ 449	+ 219	+ 248	+ 436	+ 584	+ 539	
1 ^h	+ 490	+ 738	+ 733	+ 796	+ 445	+ 507	+ 439	+ 420	+ 188	+ 237	+ 433	+ 535	+ 497	
2	+ 466	+ 719	+ 657	+ 770	+ 417	+ 470	+ 382	+ 360	+ 172	+ 229	+ 435	+ 487	+ 464	
3	+ 450	+ 716	+ 611	+ 780	+ 397	+ 451	+ 369	+ 351	+ 167	+ 225	+ 421	+ 471	+ 451	
4	+ 446	+ 730	+ 593	+ 829	+ 390	+ 436	+ 374	+ 354	+ 168	+ 211	+ 405	+ 463	+ 450	
5	+ 480	+ 766	+ 597	+ 850	+ 428	+ 474	+ 379	+ 346	+ 168	+ 207	+ 409	+ 465	+ 464	
6	+ 518	+ 796	+ 622	+ 897	+ 489	+ 535	+ 397	+ 352	+ 174	+ 215	+ 448	+ 476	+ 493	
7	+ 537	+ 842	+ 670	+ 907	+ 559	+ 591	+ 419	+ 374	+ 169	+ 210	+ 478	+ 515	+ 523	
8	+ 601	+ 897	+ 760	+ 879	+ 629	+ 622	+ 410	+ 397	+ 181	+ 217	+ 501	+ 567	+ 555	
9	+ 689	+ 975	+ 855	+ 904	+ 717	+ 692	+ 487	+ 474	+ 202	+ 211	+ 538	+ 636	+ 615	
10	+ 747	+ 992	+ 905	+ 911	+ 766	+ 742	+ 597	+ 538	+ 249	+ 282	+ 608	+ 688	+ 669	
11	+ 720	+ 966	+ 855	+ 864	+ 694	+ 696	+ 602	+ 532	+ 221	+ 271	+ 578	+ 705	+ 642	
Noon	+ 681	+ 899	+ 773	+ 749	+ 646	+ 650	+ 564	+ 498	+ 199	+ 235	+ 562	+ 712	+ 597	
13 ^h	+ 614	+ 856	+ 713	+ 693	+ 592	+ 578	+ 521	+ 437	+ 193	+ 233	+ 544	+ 686	+ 555	
14	+ 584	+ 851	+ 699	+ 677	+ 564	+ 542	+ 497	+ 418	+ 171	+ 226	+ 493	+ 668	+ 532	
15	+ 649	+ 889	+ 682	+ 690	+ 555	+ 542	+ 508	+ 432	+ 187	+ 239	+ 463	+ 703	+ 545	
16	+ 746	+ 959	+ 676	+ 713	+ 569	+ 559	+ 513	+ 429	+ 236	+ 277	+ 470	+ 728	+ 573	
17	+ 763	+ 1030	+ 718	+ 761	+ 645	+ 596	+ 519	+ 440	+ 256	+ 302	+ 464	+ 731	+ 602	
18	+ 742	+ 1057	+ 788	+ 800	+ 662	+ 623	+ 515	+ 456	+ 269	+ 295	+ 473	+ 710	+ 616	
19	+ 709	+ 1051	+ 835	+ 879	+ 644	+ 626	+ 539	+ 476	+ 261	+ 295	+ 459	+ 709	+ 624	
20	+ 686	+ 1017	+ 857	+ 904	+ 641	+ 621	+ 550	+ 478	+ 254	+ 301	+ 410	+ 691	+ 618	
21	+ 695	+ 978	+ 844	+ 894	+ 647	+ 657	+ 553	+ 494	+ 266	+ 297	+ 415	+ 709	+ 621	
22	+ 654	+ 917	+ 830	+ 849	+ 619	+ 655	+ 504	+ 493	+ 247	+ 291	+ 348	+ 698	+ 592	
23	+ 586	+ 853	+ 778	+ 761	+ 571	+ 609	+ 443	+ 479	+ 229	+ 282	+ 306	+ 674	+ 548	
24	+ 506	+ 798	+ 676	+ 669	+ 530	+ 550	+ 393	+ 437	+ 206	+ 255	+ 274	+ 640	+ 494	
Means	0 ^h .-23 ^h .	+ 617	+ 886	+ 744	+ 817	+ 575	+ 585	+ 481	+ 437	+ 210	+ 251	+ 462	+ 625	+ 558
	1 ^h .-24 ^h .	+ 615	+ 887	+ 739	+ 809	+ 576	+ 584	+ 478	+ 436	+ 210	+ 252	+ 456	+ 628	+ 556
Number of Days employed.	8	16	11	7	14	20	15	19	16	15	11	17	...	

ROYAL OBSERVATORY, GREENWICH.

OBSERVATIONS

OF

LUMINOUS METEORS.

1913.

OBSERVATIONS OF LUMINOUS METEORS,

Month and Day, 1913.	Greenwich Civil Time.	Observer.	Brightness of Meteor in Star Magnitudes.	Colour of Meteor.	Duration of Meteor in Seconds of Time.	Appearance and Duration of Train.	Length of Meteor's Path in Degrees.	Path of Meteor in the Sky.
April 2	h m s 20. 36. 30	D	1	White	s 3.0	None	° 29	° ° ° ° 243 + 43 to 203 + 36
April 22	21. 16. 4	D	3	White	0.2	None	13	218 + 47 to 200 + 45
"	21. 19. 39	D	2	Bluish-white	0.2	None	12	189 + 43 to 176 + 36
"	21. 24. 49	FB	2	Bluish-white	0.5	Faint : 1 sec.	32	270 + 37 to 248 + 65
"	21. 30. 9	FB	3	Yellow	0.2	None	15	252 + 52 to 230 + 59
"	21. 49. 17	D	3	Yellow	0.2	None	17	168 + 56 to 146 + 47
"	21. 52. 35	FB	3	Yellow	0.2	None	5	266 + 56 to 260 + 52
"	22. 2. 53	FB	2	Bluish-white	0.5	Faint	19	102 + 73 to 84 + 55
"	22. 23. 28	FB	2	Yellow	0.7	None	18	258 + 52 to 248 + 35
"	22. 31. 33	FB	3	Bluish-white	0.4	None	18	276 + 54 to 305 + 51
"	22. 36. 28	FB	2	Yellow	0.3	None	10	281 + 54 to 285 + 45
"	22. 50. 56	D	3	White	0.3	None	11	212 + 47 to 228 + 44
"	22. 51. 54	D	2	Bluish-white	0.6	Faint	17	206 + 56 to 234 + 59
"	22. 55. 16	D	2	White	0.2	None	12	237 + 44 to 220 + 45
"	23. 3. 40	D	3	White	0.4	None	15	200 + 58 to 228 + 57
"	23. 8. 59	FB	3	Bluish-white	0.3	None	8	281 + 37 to 284 + 30
"	23. 24. 40	FB	2	Bluish-white	0.4	Faint	20	218 + 45 to 237 + 32
"	23. 35. 24	D	3	Yellow	0.2	None	13	224 + 57 to 200 + 57
"	23. 41. 30	D	3	White	0.3	None	10	218 + 52 to 234 + 51
"	23. 42. 13	D	3	White	0.2	None	13	219 + 53 to 240 + 49
"	23. 45. 39	FB	3	Bluish-white	0.3	None	9	258 + 32 to 269 + 35
"	23. 54. 15	D	2	Yellow	0.4	None	16	230 + 66 to 189 + 66
April 23	0. 12. 51	FB	3	White	0.3	None	10	249 + 45 to 257 + 38
"	0. 15. 7	FB	3	Yellow	0.3	None	13	242 + 42 to 255 + 35
"	0. 37. 19	D	3	White	0.1	None	11	266 + 43 to 252 + 46
"	0. 42. 51	FB	3	Bluish-white	0.3	None	8	257 + 29 to 266 + 32
"	0. 48. 11	D	1	White	0.2	Faint : 1 sec.	17	212 + 48 to 231 + 38
"	0. 51. 49	D	2	White	0.8	Slight : 2 secs.	14	207 + 54 to 230 + 53
"	1. 7. 3	D & FB	1	White	1.0	None	25	234 + 68 to 258 + 46
"	1. 11. 4	D	2	Bluish-white	0.3	None	21	234 + 68 to 243 + 48
"	1. 12. 50	FB	1	White	0.6	None	23	257 + 49 to 222 + 62
"	1. 16. 56	D	2	White	0.5	None	14	266 + 41 to 248 + 39
"	1. 30. 39	D	3	White	0.3	None	22	207 + 48 to 239 + 46
"	1. 40. 5	D	> 1	Yellow	1.5	Bright : 1 sec.	24	246 + 56 to 203 + 55
"	1. 45. 31	D	> 1	White	0.5	None	13	221 + 52 to 201 + 48
"	1. 51. 41	FB	3	Bluish-white	0.3	None	9	296 + 43 to 308 + 42
"	2. 5. 47	FB	1	White	0.8	Faint	21	278 + 54 to 260 + 74
"	2. 17. 44	FB	2	Yellow	0.5	None	11	323 + 58 to 344 + 64
"	2. 37. 3	D	3	White	0.3	None	9	206 + 53 to 221 + 52
"	2. 42. 19	D	3	Bluish-white	0.3	None	10	246 + 56 to 260 + 63
"	2. 45. 5	FB	3	White	0.3	None	14	294 + 45 to 306 + 35
"	2. 49. 57	FB	3	Bluish-white	0.3	None	9	275 + 35 to 269 + 27
"	2. 53. 29	D	2	White	0.4	None	6	258 + 53 to 255 + 47*
"	3. 9. 35	D	3	Yellow	0.3	None	8	279 + 36 to 284 + 29
"	3. 12. 21	D & FB	1	White	0.7	None	24	276 + 39 to 245 + 45
"	3. 23. 3	FB	3	Bluish-white	0.4	None	8	275 + 34 to 269 + 27
"	3. 46. 27	FB	2	Yellow	0.3	None	...	Stationary at 278 + 39
"	3. 48. 10	D	1	Yellow	0.3	None	16	261 + 43 to 246 + 56
"	21. 7. ±	PM	> 1	Yellowish	5.0	...	65	193 + 56 to 20 + 60
April 30	1. 9. ±	WB	{ Very Brilliant Fireball }	{ Bluish-white }	...	Train of Sparks	{ ... }	{ Commencement of path not observed. Moved on a line 213° + 18° to 172° + 18° }

The time is expressed in civil reckoning, commencing at midnight and counting from 0^h to 24^h.

* Path not straight.

Month and Day, 1913.	Greenwich Civil Time.	Observer.	Brightness of Meteor in Star Magnitudes.	Colour of Meteor.	Duration of Meteor in Seconds of Time.	Appearance and Duration of Train.	Length of Meteor's Path in Degrees.	Path of Meteor in the Sky.
August 10	h m s 21. 23. 5	D	1	White	s 0.5	Slight	19	301 + 34 to 294 + 16
	21. 29. 54	D	2	White	0.2	None	15	326 + 54 to 306 + 47
	21. 38. 4	T & D	3	Bluish-white	0.2	None	13	318 + 36 to 332 + 43
	21. 53. 14	D	1	White	1.0	Faint : 0.5 secs.	22	21 + 67 to 311 + 74
	22. 35. 49	T	1	Yellow	1.0	Faint	25	8 + 62 to 315 + 60
	22. 51. 55	T	1	Yellow	1.5	Faint : 2 secs.	20	0 + 55 to 339 + 41
	22. 53. 59	T & D	2	White	0.5	None	10	353 + 44 to 341 + 38
	22. 58. 39	D & T	3	Yellow	0.5	None	10	15 + 80 to 314 + 82
	23. 4. 51	D	2	White	0.2	None	11	305 + 38 to 294 + 32
23. 8. 53	D	2	Yellow	0.2	None	9	309 + 44 to 297 + 41	
August 11	21. 20. 33	D	2	Yellow	0.5	None	17	294 + 39 to 281 + 26
	21. 49. 57	D	3	White	0.3	None	10	174 + 65 to 189 + 73
	22. 6. 28	D & S	2	White	0.3	None	13	174 + 64 to 171 + 51
	22. 13. 17	D & AB	1	White	0.5	None	16	233 + 59 to 221 + 44
	22. 13. 33	D & AB	1	White	0.5	None	15	236 + 53 to 220 + 43
	22. 21. 59	AB	2	White	0.2	None	13	38 + 47 to 21 + 54
	22. 23. 55	D & AB	1	Yellow	0.7	Faint : 1 sec.	13	279 + 43 to 297 + 47
	22. 24. 53	S	2	White	0.3	None	17	206 + 52 to 232 + 59
	22. 25. 36	S & AB	> 1	White	2.0	Bright : 2 secs.	31	39 + 49 to 348 + 56
	22. 31. 23	D	> 1	White	1.5	Bright : 1 sec.	27	348 + 58 to 311 + 42
	22. 31. 57	S	3	Bluish-white	0.2	None	20	33 + 47 to 3 + 53
	22. 33. 33	S	1	White	1.5	Bright : 1 sec.	22	305 + 38 to 278 + 36
	22. 41. 23	D	2	Bluish-white	0.7	Faint	20	312 + 38 to 288 + 33
	22. 43. 12	S	1	Yellow	0.2	Faint	32	278 + 18 to 246 + 12
	22. 43. 23	S	1	White	0.3	Bright	15	19 + 30 to 2 + 30
	22. 49. 17	D & AB	1	Yellow	1.2	Faint : 1 sec.	28	36 + 51 to 30 + 23
	22. 50. 54	S	2	Yellow	1.5	None	43	311 + 23 to 264 + 24
	22. 53. 5	D & S	1	Yellow	0.8	None	31	311 + 17 to 279 + 18
	22. 55. 10	D & S	1	White	2.0	None	32	281 + 17 to 249 + 12
	22. 57. 52	D	2	White	0.5	None	17	354 + 27 to 341 + 14
	23. 5. 37	D & S	1	White	0.5	None	13	3 + 63 to 21 + 54
	23. 5. 48	D	1	White	0.7	Bright : 2.5 secs.	28	2 + 64 to 315 + 52
	23. 9. 50	S	1	White	2.0	None	17	291 + 16 to 273 + 15
	23. 11. 11	D	2	Yellow	0.3	None	12	357 + 25 to 348 + 17
	23. 12. 18	D	1	White	1.0	Faint	25	300 + 41 to 275 + 27
	23. 14. 19	S	1	Yellow	1.5	None	17	291 + 16 to 273 + 15
	23. 15. 25	S	1	White	0.5	None	20	350 + 27 to 332 + 17
	23. 21. 40	S	2	White	0.3	None	14	5 + 64 to 333 + 63
	23. 28. 55	D & S	> 1	White	1.5	2 secs.	40	306 + 35 to 275 + 8
	23. 33. 27	D & S	> 1	Bluish-white	1.0	Bright : 1 sec.	32	3 + 43 to 323 + 66
	23. 35. 21	S	1	White	0.7	None	12	278 + 49 to 264 + 42
	23. 35. 31	S	2	White	0.3	None	5	275 + 54 to 267 + 54
	23. 38. 52	D	1	White	0.5	None	15	340 + 34 to 321 + 32
23. 48. 52	D & S	1	Bluish-white	1.0	None	17	35 + 63 to 4 + 78	
23. 51. 4	S	2	Bluish-white	0.5	None	22	276 + 36 to 303 + 42	
23. 53. 13	D	1	White	0.3	None	10	37 + 45 to 24 + 42	
23. 53. 20	D	1	White	0.5	None	17	5 + 54 to 24 + 43	
23. 57. 44	S	2	White	0.5	None	23	302 + 43 to 276 + 33	
23. 58. 43	S	1	White	1.0	Bright : 0.5 sec.	19	303 + 38 to 279 + 42	
August 12	0. 0. 49	D & S	2	White	0.5	None	23	18 + 45 to 355 + 32
	0. 3. 15	DE	2	White	0.3	None	8	0 + 10 to 355 + 3
	0. 4. 15	D	2	Bluish-white	0.5	None	17	12 + 56 to 36 + 47
	0. 9. 10	D	2	White	0.3	None	10	37 + 47 to 24 + 43
	0. 11. 51	S	1	White	0.5	None	14	325 + 63 to 300 + 56
	0. 20. 59	DE & S	1	White	0.7	None	7	312 - 7 to 308 - 13
	0. 22. 0	D	1	White	0.7	None	30	305 + 36 to 292 + 9
	0. 23. 15	D	2	Bluish-white	0.2	None	14	322 + 34 to 309 + 25
0. 27. 32	S	1	White	1.5	Bright : 0.5 sec.	37	279 + 37 to 260 + 72	

The time is expressed in civil reckoning, commencing at midnight and counting from 0^h to 24^h.

Month and Day, 1913.	Greenwich Civil Time.	Observer.	Brightness of Meteor in Star Magnitudes.	Colour of Meteor.	Duration of Meteor in Seconds of Time.	Appearance and Duration of Train.	Length of Meteor's Path in Degrees.	Path of Meteor in the Sky.
	h m s				s		°	° ° ° ° °
August 12	0. 29. 35	D	2	Bluish-white	0.3	None	20	311 + 39 to 292 + 27
"	0. 32. 13	D	>1	White	0.5	Bright : 2.5 secs.	17	47 + 53 to 24 + 66
"	0. 34. 39	DE & S	1	White	0.7	Slight	15	345 + 32 to 330 + 25
"	0. 38. 48	S	1	White	0.5	None	13	310 + 33 to 294 + 34
"	0. 41. 5	D	1	White	0.5	None	15	324 + 9 to 321 - 6
"	1. 56. 8	S	>1	Bluish-white	0.7	Bright : 1 sec.	10	51 + 69 to 78 + 73
"	1. 58. 28	D	1	White	0.5	None	14	26 + 46 to 7 + 43
"	1. 59. 24	D	1	White	0.5	None	25	353 + 35 to 327 + 24
"	2. 3. 17	S	>1	Bright-blue	1.5	Brilliant : 2 sec.	17	354 + 71 to 320 + 59
"	2. 6. 32	D	1	White	0.5	Faint	24	339 + 30 to 311 + 33
"	2. 10. 50	S	2	Bluish-white	1.0	None	40	303 + 57 to 282 + 19
"	2. 13. 37	D	2	White	0.7	None	25	339 + 30 to 315 + 18
"	2. 17. 15	D & S	>1	White	1.0	Faint : 1 sec.	39	49 + 49 to 2 + 29
"	2. 18. 10	D	2	White	0.2	None	10	49 + 43 to 35 + 42
"	2. 19. 38	D & S	1	White	0.5	None	11	326 + 47 to 313 + 55
"	2. 20. 12	D	1	Bluish-white	0.5	None	32	30 + 42 to 350 + 33
"	2. 27. 55	S	1	Bluish-white	0.7	None	14	306 + 32 to 290 + 37
"	2. 31. 26	D & S	3	Bluish-white	0.3	None	10	50 + 47 to 35 + 47
"	2. 42. 21	D & S	3	Bluish-white	0.3	None	15	44 + 57 to 15 + 60
"	2. 50. 59	D	1	White	0.5	None	24	48 + 44 to 22 + 32
"	2. 51. 3	D	1	White	0.5	None	18	353 + 47 to 328 + 40
"	2. 58. 41	S	>1	Bluish-white	0.2	None	22	303 + 33 to 288 + 17
"	3. 1. 17	D	1	Yellow	0.3	Faint	20	19 + 57 to 50 + 49
"	3. 14. 37	S	2	Blue	0.1	None	9	333 + 63 to 315 + 58
"	21. 4. 22	T	2	Yellow	0.3	None	17	311 + 46 to 288 + 52
"	21. 10. 35	T	2	White	0.3	None	20	285 + 53 to 264 + 40
"	21. 30. 18	S	2	White	0.3	None	22	275 + 48 to 282 + 27
October 29	19. 40. ±	AC	>1	Bright green	<1.0	None	27	240 + 86 to 135 + 63
November 13	23. 5. 37	D	2	White	0.5	None	11	123 + 33 to 107 + 34
"	23. 23. 40	D	2	White	0.3	None	12	146 + 65 to 146 + 53
"	23. 45. 12	D	2	Bluish-white	0.5	None	14	113 + 46 to 92 + 57
November 14	0. 1. 4	D	>1	Reddish	2.5	Bright : 2 secs.	28	170 + 62 to 251 + 85
"	0. 9. 57	D & S	1	White	0.8	None	23	110 + 56 to 65 + 65
"	0. 12. 6	S	2	Bluish-white	0.5	None	28	164 + 48 to 198 + 73
"	0. 14. 13	S	>1	Yellow	0.8	Slight	3	146 + 62 to 153 + 62
"	0. 22. 27	D	2	White	0.5	None	16	131 + 27 to 114 + 33
"	0. 32. 27	S	2	Blue	0.3	None	13	144 + 64 to 174 + 72
"	0. 38. 28	D & S	2	Yellow	0.3	None	38	128 + 85 to 99 + 47
"	0. 59. 47	D & S	2	White	0.5	None	12	101 + 18 to 90 + 12
"	1. 24. 25	D	2	White	0.3	None	15	128 + 37 to 111 + 46
"	1. 31. 14	S	2	White	0.5	None	16	138 + 56 to 113 + 67
"	1. 36. 2	D & S	2	Yellow	0.8	None	21	125 + 53 to 89 + 63
"	1. 37. 27	D	1	White	0.5	Slight	18	143 + 26 to 122 + 32
"	1. 39. 13	S	2	Bluish-white	0.5	None	31	170 + 57 to 105 + 72
"	1. 42. 15	D	2	Bluish-white	0.4	Slight	15	99 + 19 to 84 + 16
"	1. 44. 14	D	2	White	0.3	None	20	102 + 15 to 83 + 9
"	2. 0. 25	D & S	1	Bluish-white	0.5	None	18	98 + 56 to 66 + 53

The time is expressed in civil reckoning, commencing at midnight and counting from 0^h to 24^h.

